# GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION FOR THE PROPOSED NEW DEVELOPMENTS AT THE SOUTHERN WASTE WATER TREATMENT WORKS IN MEREWENT, DURBAN

#### December 2014

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TITLE

GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION FOR THE PROPOSED NEW

DEVELOPMENTS AT THE SOUTHERN WASTE WATER

TREATMENT WORKS IN MEREWENT, DURBAN

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

AECOM (Pty) Ltd was appointed by EThekwini Municipality to conduct a geotechnical investigation to determine the subsoil conditions for the proposed developments at the Southern Waste Water Treatment Works (SWWTW) in Merewent, located south of Durban. The proposed development will include the following new structures:

- Two conical shaped primary digesters with the base of the structure extending to approximately 8m below surface (diameter - 22.3m);
- a conical shaped secondary digester with the base of the structure extending to approximately 8m below surface (diameter - 20m);
- a gas holder (diameter 23m);
- a thickener (diameter 21m);
- a sludge drying facility (20m x 35m);
- two silos;
- a tanker bay facility (51m x 86m);
- a low level sump which extends to approximately 4m below surface (10m x 95m x 74m x 40m trapezoid); and
- approximately 70m of two parallel 1m diameter HDPE pipelines along the beach for the sewer outfall pipeline.

The geotechnical investigation aimed to identify the geotechnical and geological conditions within the SWWTW area and at the sewer outfall site, highlighting any geotechnical constraints for the construction of the proposed structures.

#### 2. SITE DESCRIPTION

The proposed position of each structure within the existing Waste Water Treatment Works and the position of the sewer outfall pipeline are indicated on the locality plan included as Figure 1 in Annexure A. The treatment facility is bounded by residential suburbs in the north west and the south east, by Badulla Road on the north east and by the Umlaas canal on the south west. The facility is on a relatively flat and low lying topography with platforms created during the initial development.

The existing sewer outfall pipeline which underlies the paved road along the beachfront will be replaced with two newly constructed pipelines approximately 70m in length.

#### 3. GEOLOGICAL SUMMARY

Based on the published 1:250 000 geological map, Sheet 2930 Durban, the proposed pipeline site is underlain by Beach Sands of Quaternary age and the SWWTW is underlain by Berea Formation also of Quaternary age. Based on the findings of the investigation, the alluvial soils that were encountered on the SWWTW site are most probably due to the site falling within the original Umlazi River floodplain which has now been diverted to the Umlaas canal.

#### 4. METHOD OF INVESTIGATION

The following exploration methods were undertaken during the investigation:

- Drilling of five boreholes (wash boring) to depths of 15m with Standard Penetration Testing (SPT) undertaken at approximately 3m intervals.
- Excavation of seventeen test pits.
- Seventeen Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) tests conducted adjacent to the test pits.
- Thirteen Dynamic Probe Super Heavy (DPSH) tests taken to refusal.
- Representative samples were retrieved from the test pits and the boreholes for subsequent laboratory testing at an accredited laboratory.

All test pits and boreholes were logged by an engineering geologist according to the "Guidelines for Soil and Rock Logging in South Africa" (Brink and Bruin, 2002). All test positions are indicated on Figure 1 in Annexure A and their locations listed in Table 1.

**Table 1: Test Positions** 

Proposed Area	Test Pit and DCP's	Boreholes	DPSH
	TP01		DPSH1
Tanker Bay Facility	TP02		DPSH2
ranker bay racinty	TP03		
	TP04		
Sludge Drying Facility	TP05	BH04	DPSH3
and Silos	TP06		DPSH4
Primary Digester,	TP07	BH02A	DPSH5

Proposed Area	Test Pit and DCP's	Boreholes	DPSH
Secondary Digester,	TP08	BH03	DPSH6
Thickener, Gas Holder, Mixing Building and	TP09		DPSH7
Boiler House	TP10		DPSH8
	TP11		DPSH9
	TP12		
	TP17		
	TP13	BH01	DPSH10
Low Level Sump	TP14		DPSH11
Low Level Sump	TP15		DPSH12
	TP16		
Sewer Outfall Pipeline		BH05	DPSH13

#### 5. RESULTS OF THE INVESTIGATION

### 5.1 Review of Previous Boreholes Drilling Within and in Proximity to the SWWTW

Twenty six borehole logs from previous investigations undertaken within the treatment facility, along the Umlaas Canal near the beach (in proximity to the sewer outfall pipeline) and at the neighboring Beverley Gardens Residential Development were reviewed as part of the desktop study. The results of the logs indicate that the subsoil profile within and in proximity to the treatment facility comprises interlayered sand and silt of alluvial origin, extending to depths ranging between 26.15m and 37.19m. Sandstone rock was encountered in one borehole at a depth of 26.15m.

From the boreholes drilled within the treatment facility, a clayey organic layer underlies the upper sandy layer at a depth between 2.0m to 4.6m.

#### 5.2 Borehole Log and Soil Profiles

The test pit profiles and borehole logs are included in Annexure B and summarized in Table 2 for ease of reference. The overall site is generally underlain by the following subsoils.

• Fill material comprising loose to dense silty sand which occurs from surface to depths ranging from 0.2m to 3.0m. Scattered occurrences of sandy silty clay, fill material were encountered in TP07 and TP10.

- The fill material is generally underlain by alluvial deposits comprising predominantly silty clayey sand extending to depths in excess of 15.5m. The sand layers are interlayered with lenses of silty (sometimes sandy) clay.
- The silty sand of alluvial origin in BH01 (at the position of the Low Level Sump) is underlain by alluvial sandy silty clay which occurs between 7.81 and 15.55m.
- Lenses of slightly organic rich soils can be expected below the fill and within the alluvial deposits, which were encountered randomly at various depths on site.
- The lithology referred to as Beach Sand comprising silty clayey sand underlies 2.6m of fill comprising sandy soils at the position of the Sewer Outfall Pipeline on the beach. The beach sand extends to depths in excess of 15m.

#### **Tanker Bay Facility**

The subsoil at the Tanker Bay facility generally comprise loose to medium dense, silty sand, fill, from surface to depths ranging between 0.6m and 2.0m. The fill is underlain by alluvial material comprising, loose to medium dense (occasionally dense to very dense), silty clayey sand, to depths in excess of 3.05m. Groundwater was encountered at depths between 1.7m and 2.6m in all four boreholes drilled in the area.

#### **Sludge Drying Facility and Silos**

Fill material comprising loose to very dense silty sand occurs from surface to an average depth of 1.5m (ranging from 1.2m-2.18m). The fill material is underlain by medium dense to dense silty clayey sand, alluvium which extends to depths in excess of 15.45m. Groundwater was encountered at depths between 1.0m (rest level in BH04) and 2.2m.

## Primary Digesters (PD), Secondary Digester (SD), Thickener (TH), Gas Holder (GH), Mixing Building and Boiler House (M&B)

The area identified for the above mentioned structures is generally underlain by fill material comprising generally medium dense to dense (occasionally loose and very dense) silty clayey/gravelly sand which extends to depths between 0.6m and 3.0m. In TP07 (0.9-1.5m) and TP10 (1.6-1.9m and 2.4-2.8m) horizons of approximately 0.5m of stiff to very stiff clay (fill material) was encountered. The fill material is predominantly underlain by loose to medium dense silty clayey sand, alluvium which extends to depths greater than 15.03m.

Alluvial material comprising firm to stiff (sandy) silty clay underlies the fill layer in TP09 and TP11 extending to depths between 2.1-3.0m. Sandy silty clay of alluvial origin is interlayered with sandy alluvium in TP12 at depths between 1.5m and 2.4m.

Groundwater was encountered in all test pits and boreholes in the area at depths between 1.0m and 2.6m.

#### Low level Sump

Fill comprising loose to medium dense silty s (occasionally very loose and dense) and was encountered from surface to depths between 0.2m and 2.45m. The fill is generally underlain by alluvium comprising loose to dense (occasionally very loose and very dense) silty clayey sand to depths of approximately 7.43m bgl. Lenses of silty clay, with some organic matter was encountered in TP16 at depths of 1.4-1.5m and 3.0-3.2m. The alluvium is underlain by a second alluvial layer comprising very stiff sandy silty clay which extends to 15.55m.

Groundwater was encountered in three of the four test pits and in one borehole at depths between 1.5m and 3.0m.

#### **Sewer Outfall Pipeline**

The route proposed for the new sewer outfall pipeline is underlain by gravelly silty sand of fill origin from surface to depths of approximately 2.6m. The fill is underlain by Beach Sand comprising silty sand extending to depths in excess of 15.45m. The groundwater rest level in the borehole was at 3.2m.

**Table 2: Soil Profile Summary** 

		FII	LL	BEACH SAND		ALLUVIUM				
SITE	ID	Silty (clayey / gravelly) SAND / SAND	Sandy silty CLAY	Silty (clayey) SAND	Silty SAND* / Silty CLAY with some organic matter	Silty (clayey) SAND / SAND	Silty (sandy) CLAY	SEEPAGE	COMMENTS	
	TP01	0.0-1.3				1.3-1.9		Moderate to strong seepage at 1.7m	Collapse of pit hence stopped at 1.9m	
Tanker Bay	TP02	0.0-0.6				0.6-3.05		Slight seepage at 2.6m		
Facility	TP03	0.0-0.9				0.9-3.0		Slight seepage at 1.8m		
	TP04	0.0-2.0				>2.0		Slight seepage at 1.9m	Collapse of pit hence stopped at 2.0m	
	TP05	0.0-1.2				1.2-2.7			Collapse of pit hence stopped at 2.7m	
Sludge Drying Facility and Silos	TP06	0.0-1.5				1.5-2.4		Slight seepage at 2.2m	Collapse of pit hence stopped at 2.4m	
	BH04	0.0-2.18				2.18-15.45		Water rest level is at 1.0m		
	TP07	0.0-0.9	0.9-1.5			1.5-2.8		Slight seepage at 2.2m	Collapse of pit hence stopped at 2.8m	
SD, M&B, TH, GH	TP08	0.0-1.3				1.3-2.8		Strong seepage at 1.0m	Collapse of pit hence stopped at 2.8m	
and PD	TP09	0.0-1.8					1.8-3.0	Strong seepage at 1.5m	Collapse of pit	
		0.0-1.6	1.6-1.9					Oli I I I		
	TP10	1.9-2.4	2.4-2.8					Slight seepage at 2.2m	Collapse of pit	
		2.8-3.0								

		FII	LL	BEACH SAND		ALLUVIUM			
SITE	ID	Silty (clayey / gravelly) SAND / SAND	Sandy silty CLAY	Silty (clayey) SAND	Silty SAND* / Silty CLAY with some organic matter	Silty (clayey) SAND / SAND	Silty (sandy) CLAY	SEEPAGE	COMMENTS
	TP11	0.0-2.1					>2.1	Strong seepage at 1.5m	Collapse of pit hence stopped at 2.1m
	TD40	0.0-0.6			0.6-1.5*		1.5-2.4	Slight seepage at	Collapse of pit
	TP12				2.4-2.5			1.5m	hence stopped at 2.5m
	TP17	0.0-2.6				2.6-3.0		Strong seepage at 2.6m	
	BH02A	0.0-1.7				1.7-15.51		Water rest level is at 1.2m	
		0.0-2.42			3.64-4.05	2.42-3.64			
	BH03				11.1-11.64*	4.05-11.10		Water rest level is at 1.5m	
						11.64-15.03		a	
	TP13	0.0-1.7				1.7-3.0			
	TP14	0.0-0.8				0.8-2.4		Strong seepage at 1.7m	Collapse of pit hence stopped at 2.4m
Low Level Sump	TP15	0.0-0.2				0.2-2.5		Slight seepage at 2.0m	Collapse of pit hence stopped at 2.5m
	TP16	0.0-0.4			3.0-3.2	0.4-1.4	1.4-1.5	Strong seepage at	Collapse of pit
	1710					1.5-3.0		3.0m	_
	BH01	0.0-2.47				2.47-7.43	7.43-7.81	Water rest level is	
	DITUT						7.81-15.55	at 1.5m	
Beach - Pipeline	BH05	0.0-2.6		2.6-15.45				Water rest level is at 3.2m	

#### 5.3 DCP, DPSH and SPT Test Results

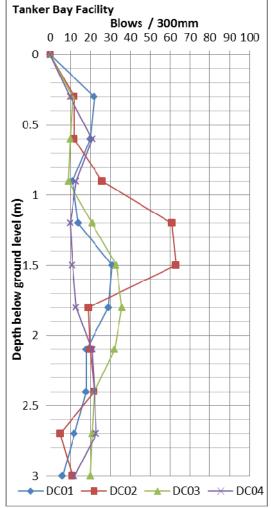
The results from the DCP, DPSH and SPT tests are presented graphically in Graph 1 to 3 with the raw data appended to this report in Annexure C. These tests were carried out to assess the consistency of the subsoils.

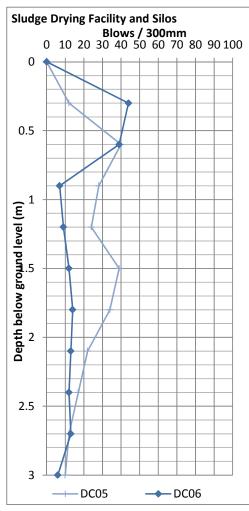
The results confirm that the fill generally comprise loose to medium dense sand with the lenses of clay having a firm to very stiff consistency to depths of approximately 3.0m. The alluvial sands encountered also have a loose to dense consistency with the clay alluvial soils having a firm to very stiff consistency. These consistencies are generally erratic to approximately 3.0m.

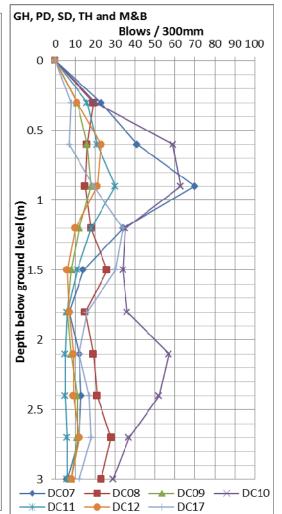
From 3.0m to 15.5m there is a general densification of the subsoils with depth, with scattered loose to medium dense layers identified within the subsoils at the position of the PD,SD, TH, GH and M&B structures and at the Low Level Sump. The subsoils along the sewer outfall pipeline is described as medium dense to very dense based on the SPT and DPSH results.

The allowable bearing pressures of the subsoil based on the DCP, SPT and DPSH results are given in Table 3.

**Graph 1: DCP Results** 

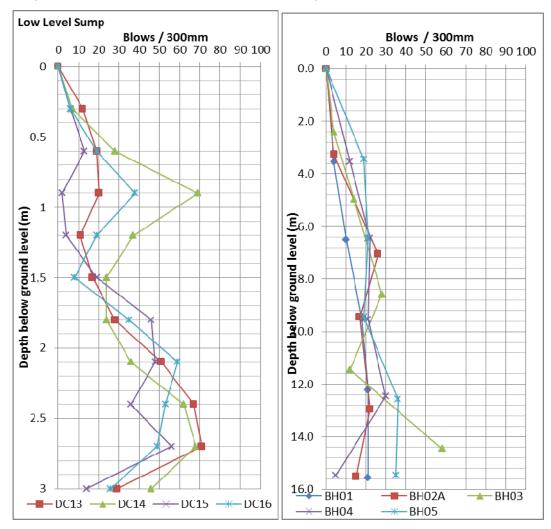




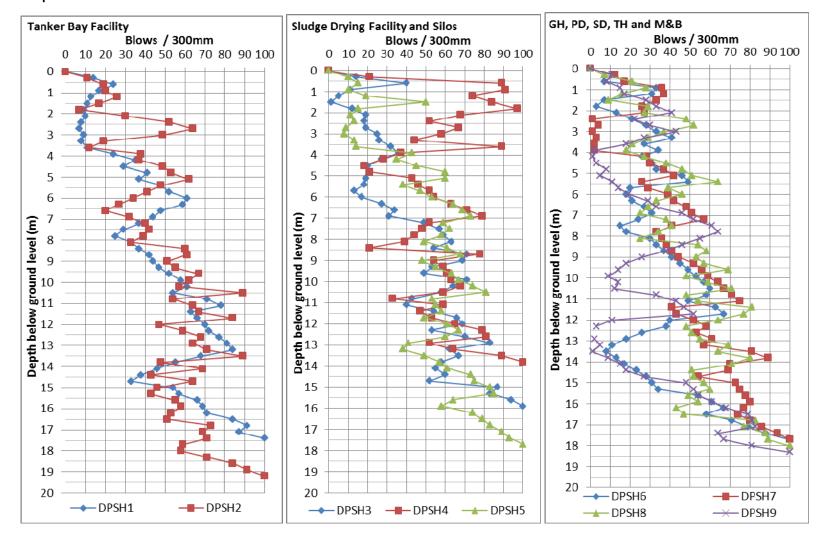


**Graph 1 Continued: DCP Results** 

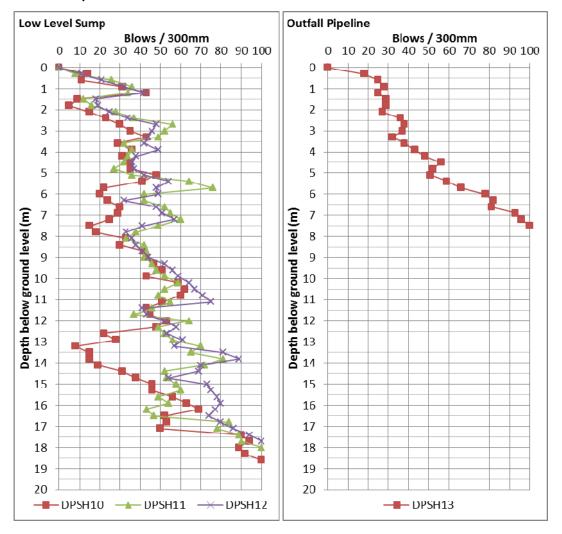
**Graph 2: SPT Results** 



**Graph 3: DPSH Results** 



**Graph 3 Continued: DPSH Results** 



**Table 3: Allowable Bearing Pressures** 

Structure	Depth	Allowable Bearing Pressure (kPa)
Tankar Day Facility	0.0-3.9	150
Tanker Bay Facility	3.9-19.2	> 300
	0.0-0.6	100
	0.6-1.5	200
	1.5-2.4	150
	2.4-3.0	200
Sludge Drying facility and Silos	3.0-6.0	300
	6.0-10.0	400
	10.0-14.0	500
	14.0-15.45	600
	15.45-17.7	700
	0.0-0.6	100
	0.6-1.2	200
	1.2-4.5	150
	4.5-5.1	200
Gas Holder, Primary Digesters,	5.1-7.8	300
Secondary Digesters, Thickeners, Mixing Building	7.8-9.6	400
and Boiler House	9.6-12.0	500
	12.0-13.5	300
	13.5-14.1	250
	14.1-15.5	400
	15.5-18.3	600
	0.0-0.6	100
	0.6-1.2	300
	1.2-2.4	200
	2.4-6.0	400
Low Level Sump	6.0-7.8	300
	7.8-9.0	400
	9.0-12.9	500
	12.9-13.8	300
	13.8-18.6	600
	0.0-2.0	200
Sewer Outfall	2.0-5.0	400
	5.0-7.5	700

The allowable bearing pressure estimations assume 25mm of total settlement with 12-18mm of differential settlement.

In addition to the allowable bearing pressures, the SPT results may be used to determine the anticipated angle of friction of the soils (*Peck et al, 1974*). The expected angles of friction of the subsoil's with depth are tabulated on Table 4.

Table 4: Angle of Friction Based on the SPT Test Results

Proposed Area	Depth (m)	SPT N	Angle of friction (Ø'-°)	Soil Type
	3.54	4	29	Silty Sand, Alluvium
	6.50	10	30	Silty Sand, Alluvium
BH01 - Low Level Sump	9.52	18	33	Sandy Silty Clay, Alluvium
	12.21	21	33	Sandy Silty Clay, Alluvium
	15.55	21	33	Sandy Silty Clay, Alluvium
	3.26	4	29	Silty Sand, Alluvium
BH02A - Primary Digester, Secondary Digester,	7.05	26	35	Silty Sand, Alluvium
Thickener, Gas Holder,	9.45	17	32	Silty Sand, Alluvium
Mixing Building and Boiler House	12.94	22	34	Silty Sand, Alluvium
110000	15.51	15	31	Silty Sand, Alluvium
	2.42	4	29	Clayey Silty Sand, Alluvium
BH03 - Primary Digester, Secondary Digester,	4.95	14	31	Silty Sand, Alluvium
Thickener, Gas Holder,	8.58	28	35	Silty Sand, Alluvium
Mixing Building and Boiler House	11.45	12	30	Clayey Silty Sand, Alluvium
110000	14.45	58	42	Silty Sand, Alluvium
	3.55	12	30	Silty Sand, Alluvium
	6.45	22	34	Silty Sand, Alluvium
BH04 - Silo and Sludge Drying Facility	9.53	21	33	Clayey Silty Sand, Alluvium
Drying ruomity	12.45	30	36	Silty Sand, Alluvium
	15.45	5	29	Silty Sand, Alluvium
	3.45	19	33	Silty Sand, Beach Sand
	6.45	21	33	Silty Sand, Beach Sand
BH05 - Sewer Outfall Pipeline	9.45	19	33	Silty Sand, Beach Sand
	12.58	36	37	Clayey Silty Sand, Beach Sand
	15.45	35	37	Silty Sand, Beach Sand

#### 5.4 Laboratory Test Results

The following sections discuss the results of the laboratory tests conducted on samples from site.

#### 5.4.1 Foundation Indicator Tests

The laboratory test results on the fill material, alluvial soils and beach sand samples retrieved from the test pits and the boreholes are summarised in Table 5 with the detailed test results presented in Annexure D.

From surface to depths varying between 0.2m and 3.0m the fill layer classifies as either a poorly graded sand (SP) or as an inorganic low to medium plastic clay (CL) according to the Unified Soil Classification System. According to the laboratory results, the sands have a low expansiveness potential, while the clay has a medium potential expansiveness based on the results plotted on the Van der Merwe Chart. Typical properties of these soils in accordance with published literature are tabulated in Table 6.

The alluvial sandy soil encountered across the site generally classifies as either a poorly graded sand (SP), a silty sand (SM), a clayey sand (SC) or as a silty to clayey SAND (SM-SC). The clay lenses within the alluvial sands classify as a low to medium plasticity silty CLAY (CL). The clay layer underlying the alluvial sand encountered in BH01 (at the Low Level Sump) between 7.81m and 15.55m classified as an inorganic high plasticity CLAY (CH). According to the Van der Merwe Chart, the SC soils have a low to medium expansiveness potential, the CL clay has a low to high potential expansiveness and the CH clays have a high potential expansiveness. Typical properties of SP, SM, SC, SM-SC, CL and CH soils are indicated in Table 6.

The clayey soil encountered on site within the vicinity of the primary and secondary digesters and at the low level sump area classified as an organic clay (OH) with a low expansiveness potential based on the Van der Merwe Chart.

The beach sands encountered in BH05 along the new sewer outfall pipeline is a clayey SAND (SC) according to the Unified Soil Classification System and has a low expansiveness potential.

**Table 5: Summary of Laboratory Indicator Tests** 

TEST ID	DEPTH	PE	APPROX RCENTA IATERIA	AGES O		GRADING MODULUS	PLASTICITY INDEX	LIQUID LIMIT (%)	LINEAR SHRINKAGE	G 0.425mm	SOSO	POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS	MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY kg/m3	OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	C	BR V/	ALUES IPACT		<b>%</b>	TRH14 CLASSIFICATION
. 20 2	(m)	Gravel	Sand	Silt	Clay	GRADING	PLASTIC	LIQUID	LINEAR S	% PASSING	Sn Sn	POTE	MAXIM	OPTIMUM CONTI	100	98	95	93	90	TR
		-							FILL											
TP01	0.5-1.3	1	94		 5	1.33	NP	NP	0	62	SP	low	1856	9.6	20	18	17	16	15	G7
TP10	2.4-2.8	2	63	7	28	0.7	17	34	8.3	98	CL	medium				-				
								Al	LUVIUM	 										
TP01	1.3-1.9	0	93	2	5	0.9	NP	NP	0	97	SP	low								
TP02	0.6-1.6	0	87	4	9	0.9	SP	SP	0.5	0.98	SM	low								
TP02	1.6-2.9	0	86	6	8	0.9	SP	SP	0.5	98	SM	low								
TP05	2.6-2.7	0	77	3	20	0.7	6	19	3.5	99	SM-SC	low								
TP07	1.5-2.8	0	95	2	3	1	NP	NP	0	96	SP	low								
TP08	1.3-2.8	0	69	5	26	0.7	11	25	5.1	96	SC	low to medium								
TP09	1.8-3.0	0	67	6	27	0.7	11	27	5	99	CL	low								
TP13	1.7-3.0	0	95	2	3	1	NP	NP	0	97	SP	low								
TP14	0.8-1.9	1	86	1	3	0.98	NP	NP	0	90	SM	low	1843	8.8	37	32	23	17	11	G7
TP15	1.6-2.5	3	94	2	1	1	NP	NP	0	95	SP	low								
TP16	2.4-3.0	0	84	6	10	0.8	SP	SP	0.5	98	SM	low								
TP17	2.6-3.0	0	89	6	5	0.9	SP	SP	0.5	97	SM	low								
BH01	8.05-8.6	0	21	54	25	0.2	27	46	13.5	100	CL	high								
BH01	9.52-10.07	2	14	60	24	0.2	27	56	12.9	96	СН	high								

TEST ID	DEPTH	APPROXIMATE H PERCENTAGES OF MATERIAL TYPE			MODULUS	CITY INDEX LIMIT (%) SHRINKAGE		HRINKAGE	HRINKAGE		NTIAL	POTENTIAL PANSIVENESS IAXIMUM DRY ENSITY kg/m3	UM DRY	OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	CBR VALUES AT % COMPACTION				TRH14 ASSIFICATION	
TEOTID	(m)	Gravel	Sand	Silt	Clay	GRADING	PLASTICITY	LIQUID I	LINEAR SI	% PASSING	nsc	POTE	MAXIMUM DENSITY K	OPTIMUM CONTE	100	98	95	93	90	TR
BH01	11.33-11.76	1	12	59	28	0.1	25	53	11.4	96	СН	high								
BH02A	10.23-10.77	0	82	7	11	0.9	SP	SP	0.5	93	SM	low								
BH02A	13.07-13.6	2	85	3	10	1.4	8	23	3.2	51	SC	low								
TP12	2.4-2.5	0	45	45	10	0.5	16	69	7.5	91	ОН	low								
TP16	3.0-3.2	0	9	53	38	0	21	57	10.1	100	ОН	medium								
	•		•					BEA	ACH SAN	ID					•	•		•		
BH05	11.08-11.47	0	79	2	19	0.8	9	24	4.9	95	SC	low								

**Table 6: Typical Properties of Soils Based on Various Literatures** 

Soil Type	Angle of Friction (°)	Cohesion ( c )	Workability as a Construction Material	Drainage Characteristics
SP	36±6	0	fair	excellent
SM	34±3	0	fair	fair to practically impervious
SC	32±4	0	good	poor to practically impervious
SM-SC	31±3	5±5	fair to good	fair to practically impervious
CL	27±4	20±10	good to fair	practically impervious
CH	22±4	25±10	poor	practically impervious
OH	22±4	10±5	poor	practically impervious

The poorly graded sand (SP) of fill origin encountered at the Tanker Bay Facility classified as a G7 soil according to the TRH 14 Guideline for Road Construction Material. The alluvial silty sand (SM) encountered at the Low Level Sump also classified as a G7 soil. G7 soils are generally considered suitable for use as bulk fill and as the subgrade and selected layer in pavement layers.

#### 5.4.2 Tri-axial Test

A number of shelby tube samples were taken from the boreholes for tri-axial testing however during the extraction of the samples from the tubes, it was found that the samples were not intact given the presence of shell fragments, the loose nature of the material or significant quantities of water within the sample. As a result of these poor quality samples only one sample of the clayey sand (Beach sand from BH05) was tested to determine its shear strength properties. This material was encountered at depths between 10.05m and 13.63m at the sewer outfall pipeline. A consolidated undrained (CU) triaxial test was carried out whereby the cell pressure is applied by allowing drainage in the CU test sample (which represents long term properties). Drainage is prohibited during the loading application. The result of the test is summarized in Table 7.

The internal angle of friction from the SPT results are slightly higher than the values obtained from the triaxial tests conducted in the laboratory. The lower angle of friction determined by the laboratory results are possible due to the clay content of the soil (19%).

Table 7: Tri-axial Test Result

Test	Sample		Soil	Angle of	Apparent	Angle of Friction Interpreted from SPT Results				
Position	Sample Depth (m)	Test Type	Description	Friction (Φ) - (°)	Cohesion (c) - (kPa)	Depth Range (m)	Angle of Internal Friction (Φ) - (°)			
BH05	11.08-11.47	Consolidated Undrained	Clayey SAND, BEACH SAND	30	41	9.45-12.58	33-37			

#### 5.4.3 Consolidation Test

A consolidation test was requested on the inorganic clay layer encountered between 7.81 and 15.55m (in BH01) at the Low Level Sump area, to determine the consolidation settlement parameters of the material under stresses between 25kPa and 1600kPa.

The test result is summarized in Table 8. The overburden pressure for the sample was calculated to be 113kPa. The coefficient of volume compressibility ( $m_v$ ) was calculated using the void rate at the overburden pressure as the initial void ratio and the overburden pressure as the initial stress / pressure. Based on the  $m_v$  values the clay is considered to be a normally consolidated clay at depth with a medium compressibility under load.

**Table 8: Oedometer test result** 

Proposed Structure	Test Position	Layer Depth (m)	Soil Description	m <sub>v</sub> Range (m²/MN) for 100kPa to 200kPa	Compressibility
Low Level Sump	BH01	8.87-15.55 (Sample depth 11.3-11.76m)	Slightly sandy silty CLAY, Alluvium	0.1925	Medium compressibility

The result from DPSH testing show that the  $m_v$  values are much lower than the results from the oedometer testing suggests, as shown in Table 9.

Table 9: Coefficient of volume compressibility  $m_v$  (m<sup>2</sup>/MN) at each structure with depth

Depth	Structure							
(mBGL)	Tanker Bay Facility	Sludge Drying Facility	GH and TH	PD, SD & M&B	Low Level Sump			
0-4	0.1	0.03	0.05		0.05			
4-8	0.03	0.03	0.03		0.025			
8-12	0.02	0.02	0.025		0.025			
12-16	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.05	0.02	0.05			

It can be seen from Table 9 that the compressibility decreases with depth across the sites and is generally low. The variance between the oedometer and DPSH derived  $m_v$  values is a common occurrence and can be attributed to sample disturbance.

#### 6 Geotechnical Evaluation

#### 6.1 Expansive Soils

Expansive soils are materials where variations in moisture content result in volumetric changes. Unless cognisance is taken of the potential for volumetric change when designing structures founded in or on this type of soil, distress of the structure may occur.

Based on laboratory results generally the clayey soils encountered classify as "potentially expansive" according to the Van der Merwe chart and are recorded in Table 5. The clay (fill material) in TP10, the clay (alluvium) in TP16 and the clay (alluvium) in BH01 have an expansiveness potential, however given the depth of these expansive layers, which is below the water table and considering the overburden pressure at these depths, the potential to heave is negligible within these clays.

For shallow foundations within expansive soils it is generally recommended that appropriate foundations and construction methods be implemented. This may include reinforced footings, beam-stiffened or cellular raft foundations, constructing a soil raft or split construction, depending on the settlement tolerances of the structure. In addition, care should be taken to ensure good site drainage and that all surface water is channeled away from the structure foundations avoiding ingress of water within the bedding.

#### 6.2 Consolidation Settlement

Consolidation settlement is the vertical settlement or decrease in soil volume that occurs in a soil under an applied load owing to the time related reduction in volume as a result of dissipation of pore water.

As indicated previously a consolidation test was carried out on an undisturbed sample of clay, alluvium which was encountered at the position of the low level sump. This test determines the settlement parameters and the anticipated settlement behavior of the material under the influence of loading. The coefficient of volume compressibility calculated based on the test results confirm that the alluvial clay at the low level sump has a medium compressibility. DPSH

results do however indicate a low compressibility across the sites. Differential settlement may still be problematic as there is still a difference between compressibilities of the clay layers.

Techniques for mitigating potential settlement and differential settlement problems include reinforced strip / pad footings, deep strip/pad footings, founding within a soil raft, or pile foundations. The choice of foundation is generally dependent on the foundation loads and the sensitivity of the structure to settlement.

Given the depth of the clay layer (8.87m bgl) within the footprint of the proposed low level sump, consolidation settlement below shallow foundations is not anticipated to be a problem. However for deep piled foundations it is recommended that the piles be founded / extended to depths beyond the potentially compressible layer to minimize the settlement of the piles.

#### 6.3 Excavatability

In accordance with the SANS 1200DA soft excavations can be expected to depths of approximately 19m based on the results of this investigation. All soft excavations may be carried out with conventional earthmoving equipment.

#### 6.4 Drainage

Table 9 indicates the depth at which the groundwater table was encountered at each of the development sites.

**Table 10: Groundwater Level** 

Site	Ground Water Depth (bgl)
Tanker Bay Facility	1.7-2.6m
Sludge Drying facility and Silos	1.0-2.2m
Gas Holder, Primary Digesters, Secondary Digesters, Thickeners, Mixing Building and Boiler House	1.0-2.6m
Low Level Sump	1.7-3.0m
Sewer Outfall	3.2m

It is recommended that surface and sub-surface drains will be required across the site during construction and post construction. It is important that all drainage should have adequate capacity to deal with the expected rainfall. The use of dewatering wells is not recommended due to the potential settlement of adjacent structures as a result of the extent of the cone of

depression that develops due to the dewatering process. Therefore it is recommended that a sump is excavated at the lowest position within deep excavations (greater than the water table) from which the water is pumped out.

#### 6.5 Stability of Excavations

The sidewalls of the test pits were unstable with the test pits collapsing on several occasions. Unstable excavation conditions can be expected during construction as a result of the unconsolidated material and shallow groundwater table. As a result of the shallow water table, the unconsolidated materials are expected to flow into excavations.

Given the unstable excavation conditions, the shallow groundwater level and the depth of various proposed structures, battering of the sidewalls to 1V:1H is recommended in excavations to 1.0m depth, under dry conditions. Lateral support measures will be necessary for excavations greater than 1.0m.

Due to the shallow water table and given that dewatering of excavation sidewalls are not expected to be undertaken, due to the drop in the cone of depression (and its influence on surrounding structures), battering of the side walls is not considered an adequate solution for the various deep excavations anticipated.

All traffic, personnel, equipment etc. should be kept at a minimum of 2m from the crest of any excavation. All excavations should, also, be inspected by a competent person at least once a day and following any periods of rain or any long periods where no work has taken place.

#### 7 RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 7.1 Founding Conditions

Although allowable bearing pressures of between 100 kPa and >250kPa is achievable in the fill and alluvial soils for shallow foundations, these soils in its in-situ state are considered unsuitable as a founding medium for the proposed structures due to the variable consistency of the soils. Due to heavy anticipated loading of some of the structures, settlement problems are anticipated if founding within these soils.

The choice of the most suitable founding solution is dictated by various factors. For the SWWTW site, the main geotechnical factors to be considered are:-

- The variable subsoil conditions in terms of bearing and settlement in both the fill and the alluvial deposits.
- The structural loads, required tolerances and sensitivity of the structure to settlement (at the time of preparation of this report, the particular load cases and required tolerances of the structure were not available).

Based on these conditions, the following foundation recommendations are provided:

#### 7.1.1 Shallow Foundations - Lightly to Moderately Loaded Structures

The lightly to moderately loaded structures on site are expected to be the following:-

- Sludge Drying Facility;
- Tanker Bay Facility;
- Mixing Building and Boiler House.

In order to reduce settlement and improve the allowable bearing capacity it is recommended that the sludge drying facility and the tanker bay facility should be founded on an engineered soil raft using conventional footings (strip or pad footings). This will involve the removal of the fill/alluvial soils below the footings to a depth and width of at least 1.5 times the foundation width. The in-situ soil at the base of the excavation should then be compacted to at least 95% Mod AASHTO. The removed material should be placed in compacted layers not exceeding 150mm to 95% Mod AASHTO density at the optimum moisture content up to the desired founding levels. A bearing capacity of at least 100kPa is achievable within the soil raft.

It is recommended that the proposed mixing building and boiler house should be founded, using conventional footings, on an engineered soil raft constructed of inert G6 material. This will involve the removal of the fill/alluvial soils below the footings to a depth and width of at least 1.5 times the foundation width. The in-situ soil at the base of the excavation should be compacted to at least 95% Mod AASHTO. The removed material should be replaced with G6 material to be placed in compacted layers not exceeding 150mm to 95% Mod AASHTO density at the

optimum moisture content up to the desired founding levels. A bearing capacity of 250kPa would be achievable within the soil raft if a G6 material is used and 150kPa if a G7 material is used.

As a general rule, settlement of the fill is taken as 0.1% of the fill height for the well compacted fill.

In cases where low settlement tolerances are anticipated, or where excessive load magnitudes result in stressing of the ground to depths which practically preclude the excavation and replacement of the in-situ soil, an alternative foundation approach should be considered, such as piled foundations or founding on a rock mattress.

#### Rock mattress

Depending on the settlement sensitivity of the structures founded on shallow footings, a rock mattress compacted by a 5-10t vibratory compactor will eliminate differential settlement. The rock fill is to be compacted in 300-500mm thick layers.

#### 7.1.2 Piled Foundations - Heavily Loaded Structures

The following are considered to be heavily loaded structures:-

- Primary Digesters
- · Secondary Digester
- Thickener
- Gas Holder
- Silos
- Low Level Sump

Given the variability of the consistency of the alluvial soils and the sensitivity of the above mentioned water bearing structures it is recommended that these heavy structures will have to be placed on piled foundations designed as friction piles. The pile types which may be considered are:

#### Driven Precast Piles

These piles can be driven to unlimited depths however driven pre cast piles often meet with problems when penetrating materials with an SPT 'N' Value greater than 30. Such values were measured in Borehole BH05 (drilled along the sewer outfall) and in all the DPSH tests. This could be solved by using a rock shoe on each of the driven piles. Typical working loads are 750kN to 2000kN depending on the pile dimensions.

#### Augered cast in situ piles

These piles are one of the most commonly used piling solutions in South Africa. However due to the presence of a shallow water table, it may be necessary to case the piles which would increase installation time and increase cost. Working loads on augered cast in situ piles vary from 200kN to 25 000kN depending on the diameter of pile used.

#### • Underslurry Piles

These piles are suitable for heavily loaded structures and are excavated under a head of bentonite slurry which prevents collapse of the pile excavation. This collapse of the sidewalls is likely on this site due to the shallow water level and sands over much of the pile length. Typical working loads are 1700kN to 14 000kN depending on the pile diameter.

Although CFA piles are a fast and economical solution which is widely used in South Africa, it is not considered a viable option given that when CFA piles are founded below the water table in sandy soils, this results in a reduction of soil strength immediately around the pile due to the drilling operation, hence the load/deflection performance of the pile is inferior to other systems such as a driven pile (*P114*, *Guide to Practical Geotechnical Engineering*, 2008).

The type of pile used will need to be selected according to the programme of work, economics of piling system and performance of the piled system.

All piles would need to be designed taking into account the presence of very loose and loose material in the upper subsoil layers (up to approximately 5m depth) and isolated weaker zones (poor consistencies) within the alluvial soils which may cause some downdrag.

#### **Sewer Outfall Pipeline**

Although the subsoil's have a medium dense to very dense consistency, the presence of a shallow water table and the possibility of tidal influences (due to the pipeline being located on the beach) may result in settlement / movement of the pipeline due to scouring removing material. It is therefore recommended that the pipeline be constructed on a concrete cradle founded on piles to mitigate any differential settlement and movement due to the effect of the cyclic increase and decrease of the water table on the pipe. The piling solutions considered appropriate is the driven precast piles, augered cast in-situ piles and micropiles.

The piling for the pipeline will be a cost consideration – buried pipeline with difficult maintenance vs elevated pipeline with possible security issues.

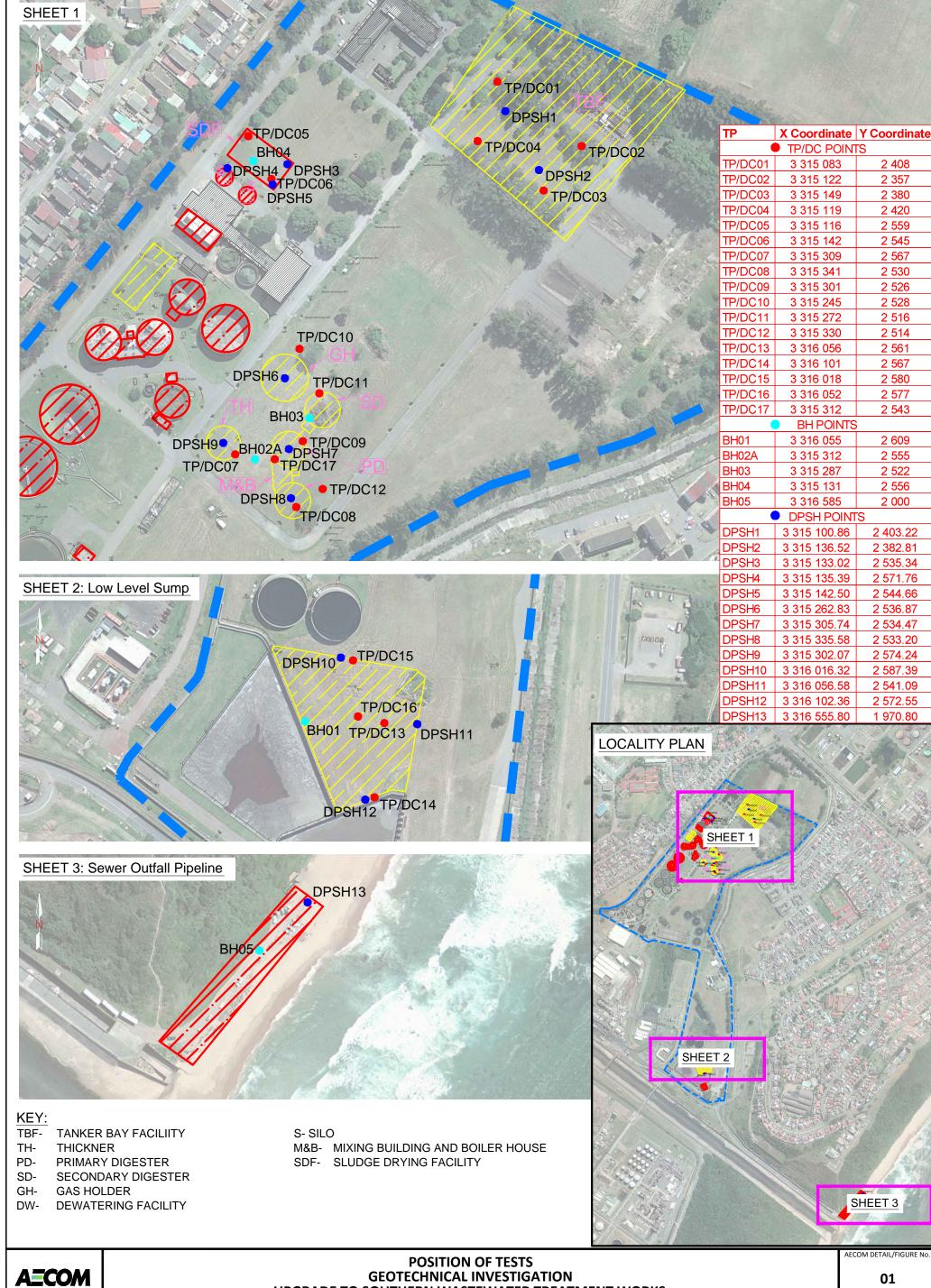
#### 8 Conclusion

The site is developable providing cognisance is taken of the findings included herein. It is imperative that the recommendations within this report be re-visited once foundation types, dimensions and stresses are available.

All light to medium loaded structures may be founded at shallow depths on a soil raft while the heavily loaded structures are to be founded on friction piles.

In addition, during construction an engineering geologist or geotechnical engineer should inspect all foundation excavations and provide input on the piling to ensure that conditions at variance to those found during the investigation are not present and to validate the findings of this report.

# ANNEXURE A FIGURES



# ANNEXURE B TEST PIT PROFILES & BOREHOLE LOGS

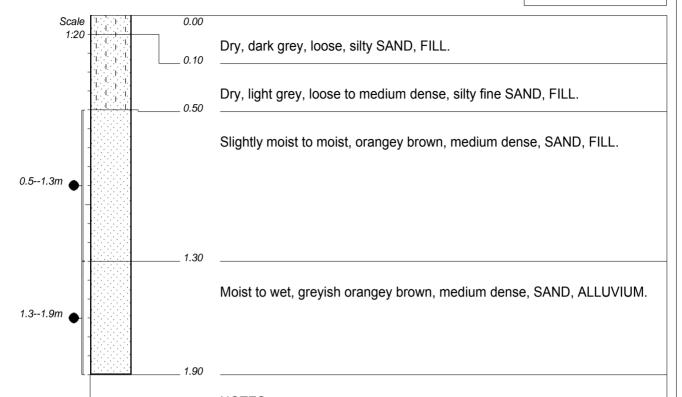
### **TEST PIT PROFILES**



#### EThekwini Municipality **SWWTW**

TP01 Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: J01945



#### **NOTES**

- 1) Moderately to strong seepage at 1.7m.
- 2) Completely unstable sidewalls resulting in collapse of the pit hence stopped at 1.9m.
- 3) Disturbed samples at 0.5--1.3m and 1.3--1.9m.

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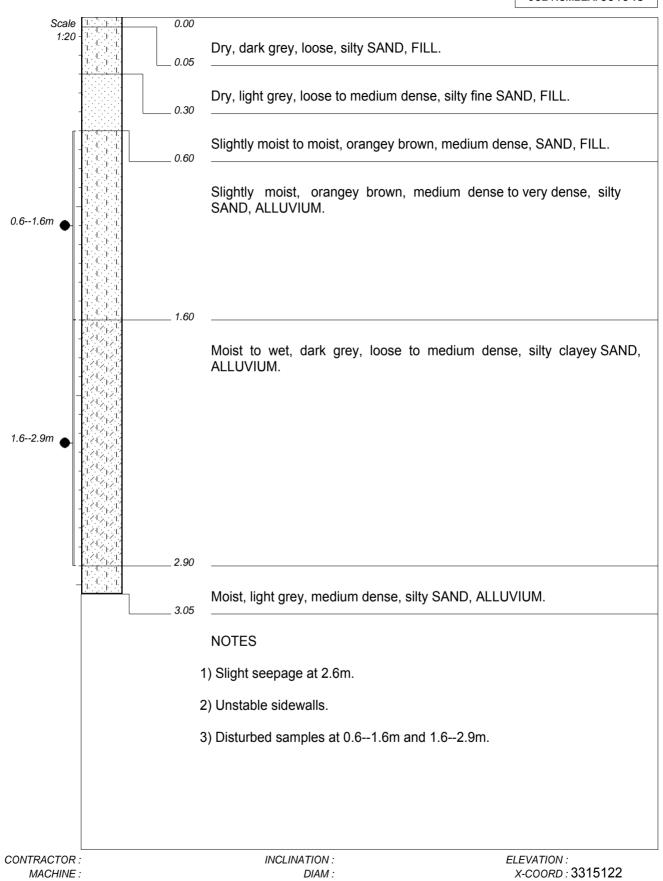
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TP02 Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: J01945



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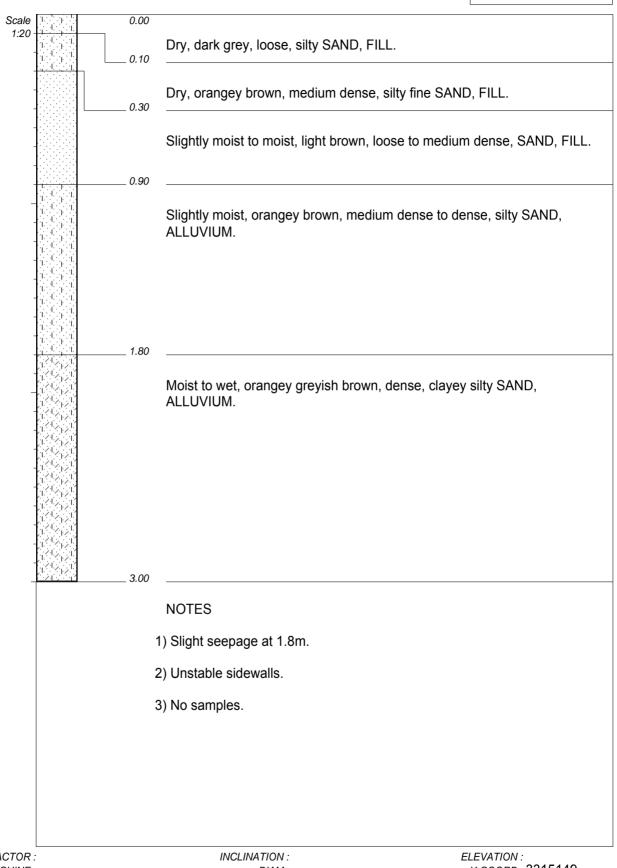
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**TP03** Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: J01945



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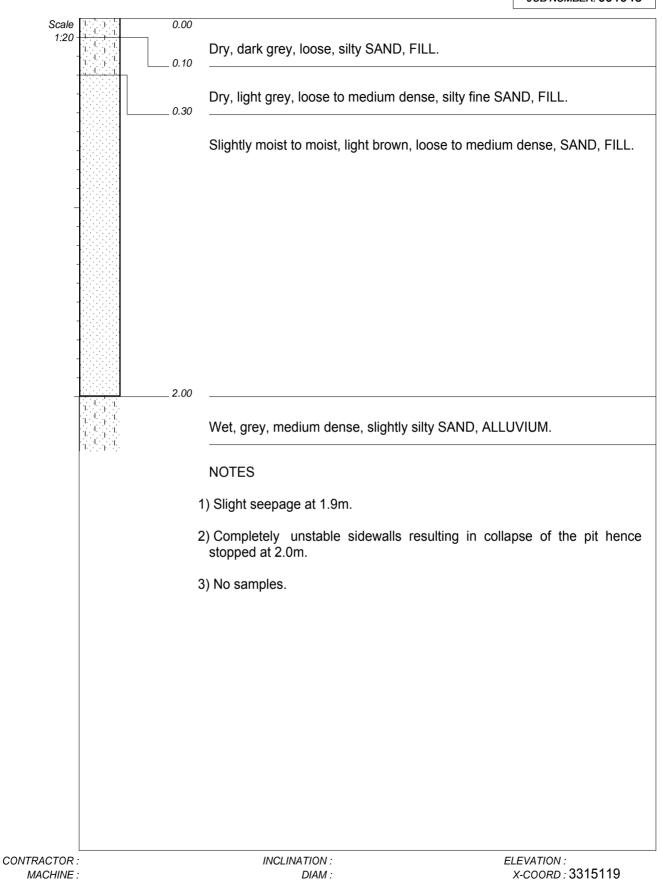
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**TP04** Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: J01945



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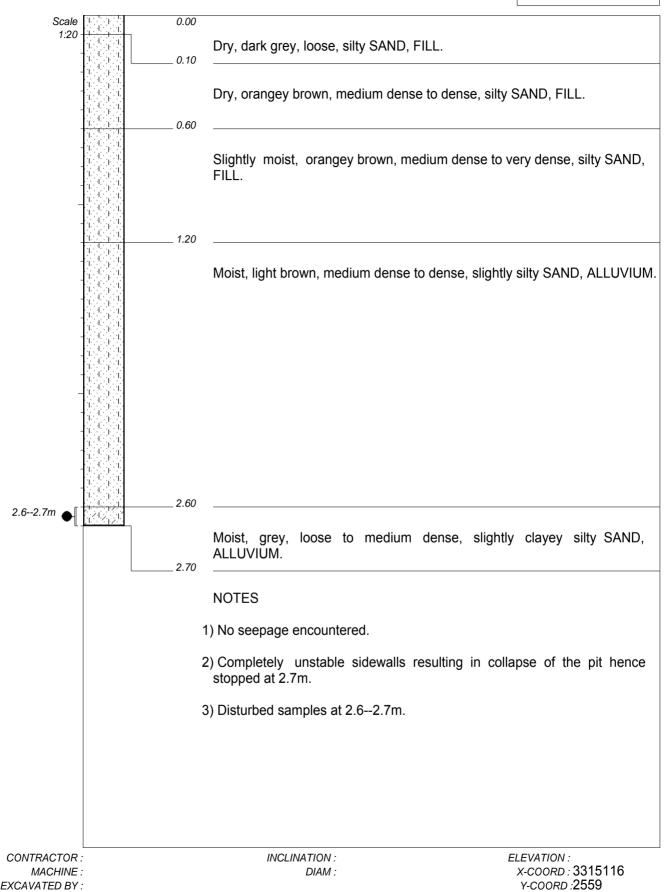
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**TP05** Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: J01945



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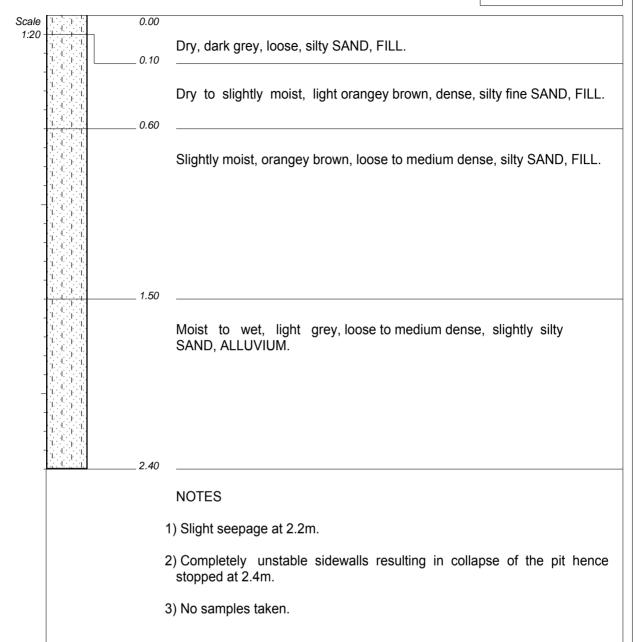
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**TP06** Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: J01945



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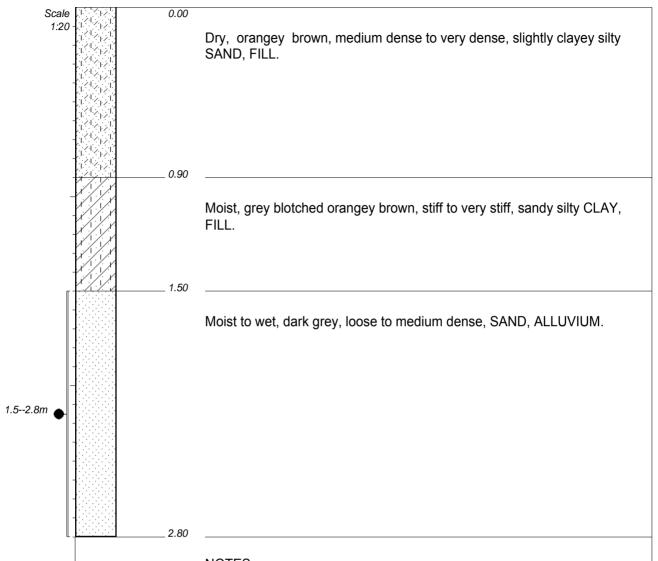
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TP07 Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: J01945



#### **NOTES**

- 1) Slight seepage at 2.2m.
- 2) Completely unstable sidewalls resulting in collapse of the pit hence stopped at 2.8m.
- 3) Disturbed sample at 1.5--2.8m.

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MACHINE: DIAM:

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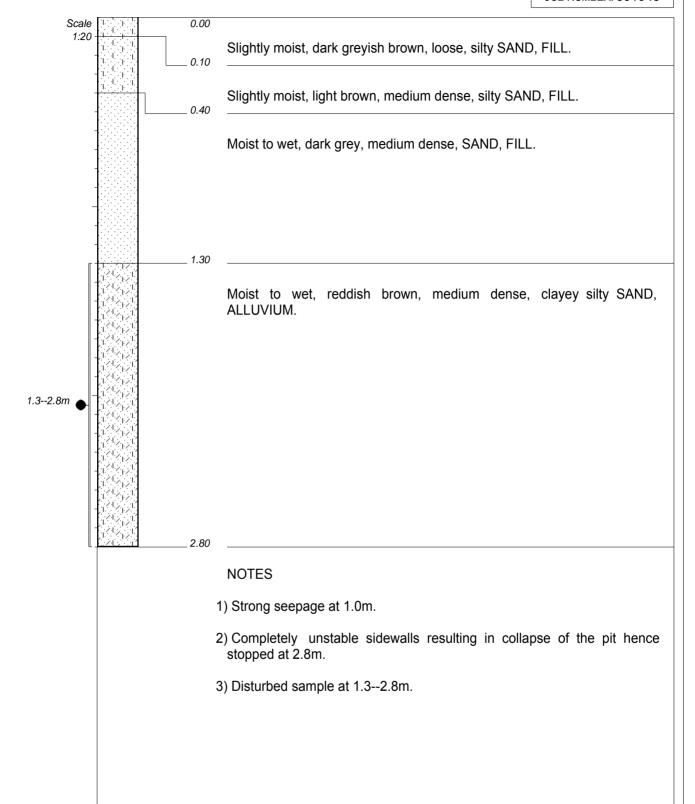
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TP08 Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: J01945



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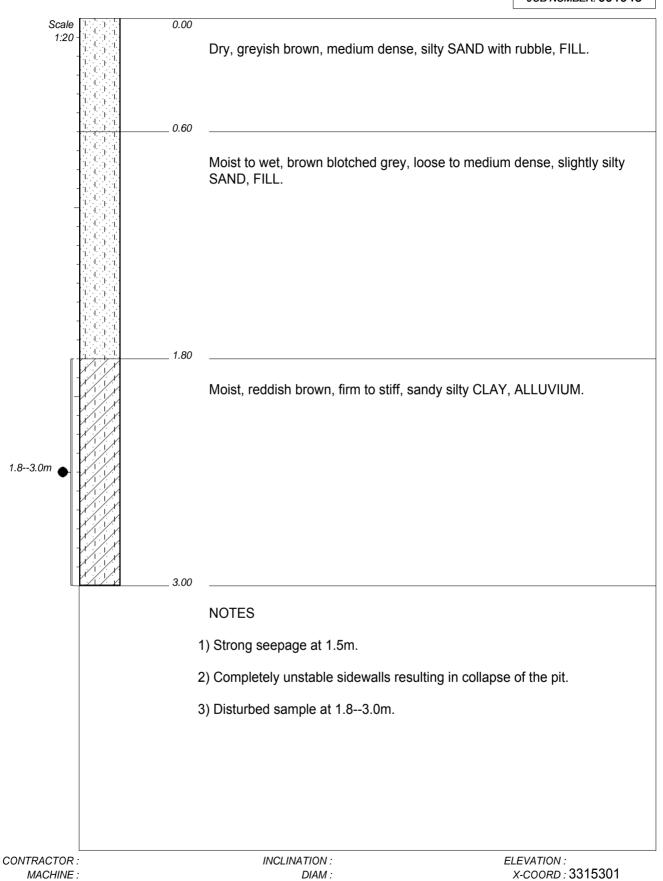
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TP09 Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: J01945



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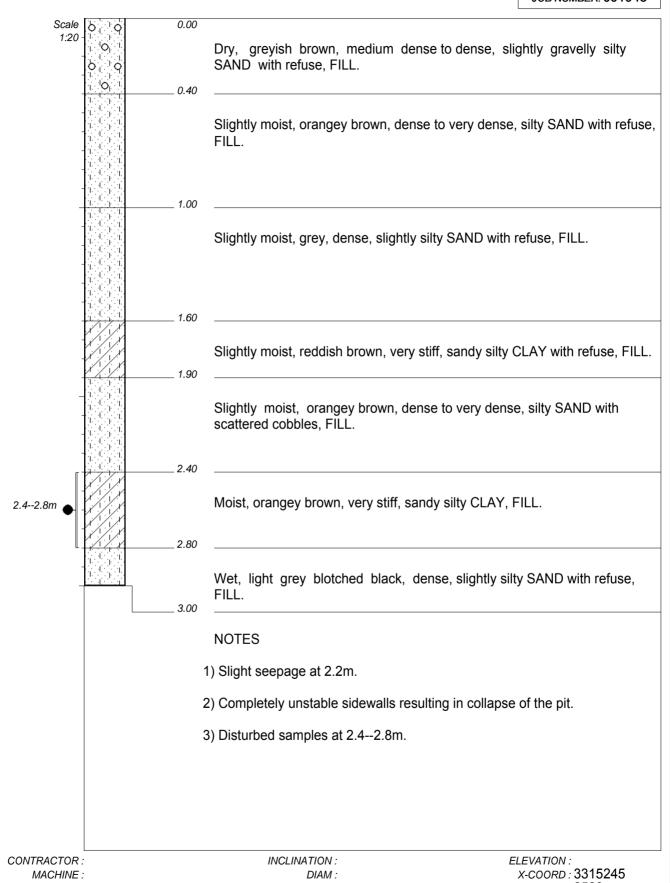
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TP10 Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: J01945



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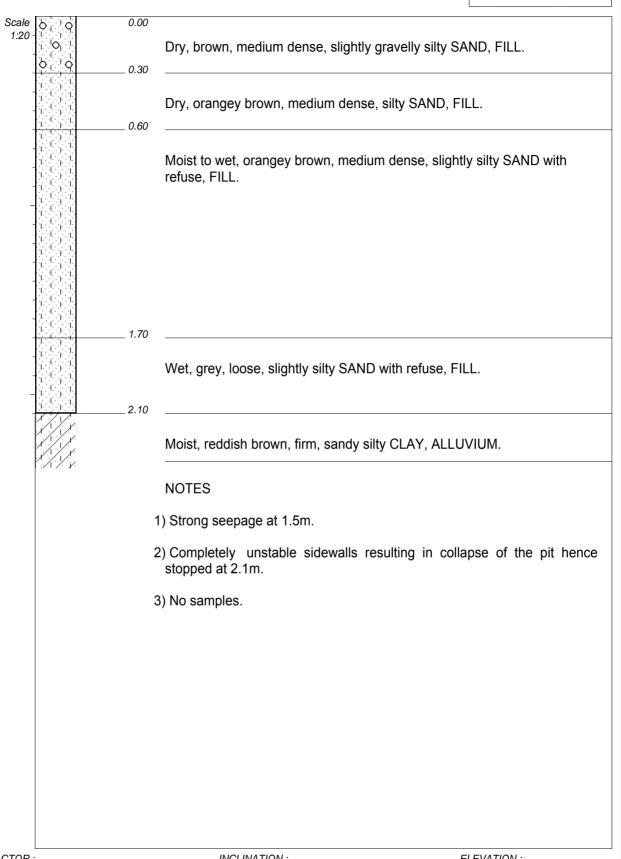
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TP11 Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: J01945



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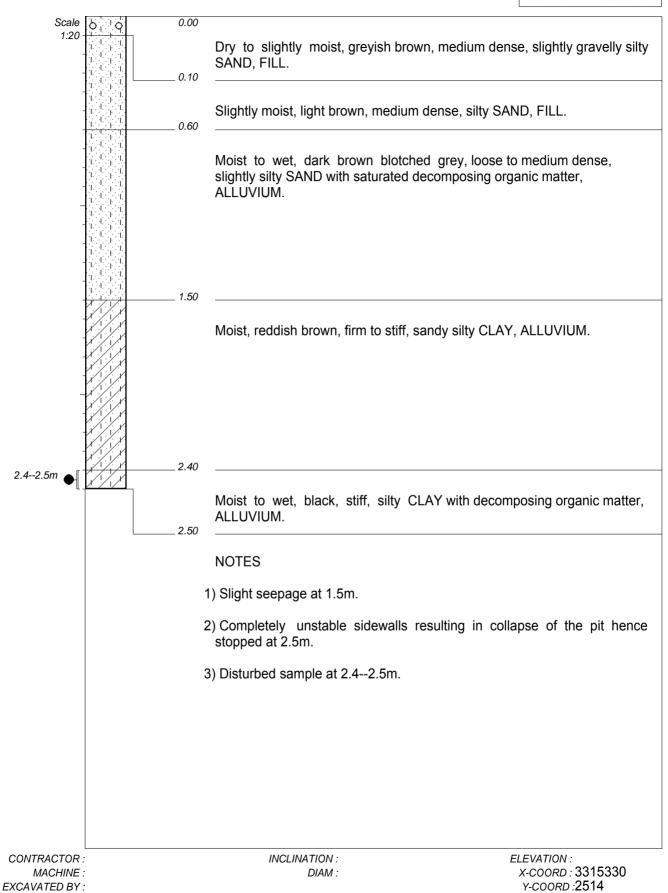
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TP12 Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: J01945



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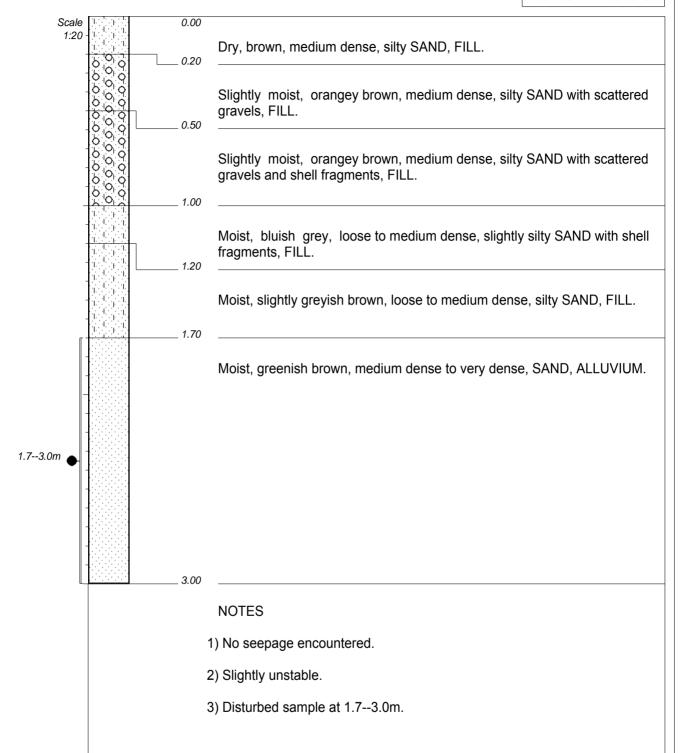
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**TP13** Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: J01945



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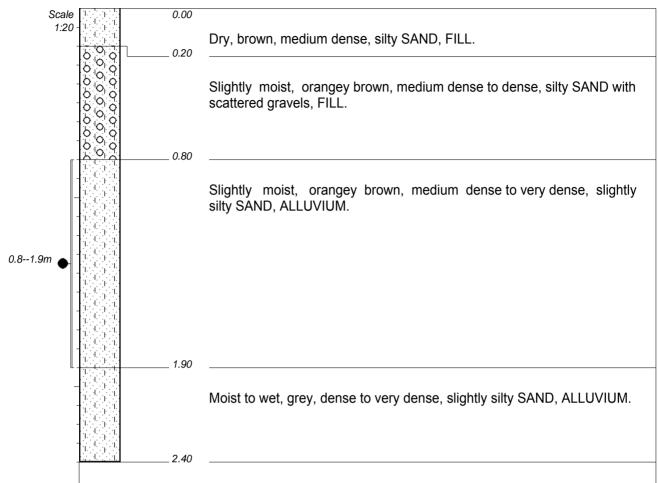
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**ELEVATION:** 



**TP14** Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: J01945



#### **NOTES**

- 1) Strong seepage at 1.7m.
- 2) Completely unstable sidewalls resulting in collapse of the pit hence stopped at 2.4m.
- 3) Disturbed sample at 0.8--1.9m.

CONTRACTOR: INCLINATION: **ELEVATION:** 

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CHECKED BY: DATE 03/11/2014 07:26 SETUP FILE: TESTPI~1.SET TEXT: ..lot\RevisedSWWTWTP's.txt

dotPLOT 7016 PBp7

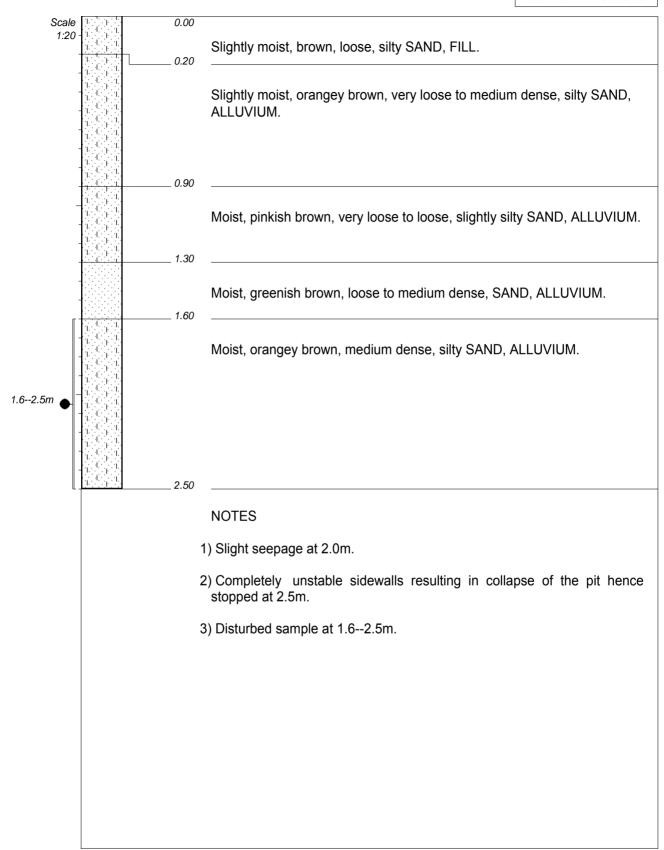
D04D AECOM SA (Pty) Ltd

X-COORD: 3316101 Y-COORD:2567



**TP15** Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: J01945



CONTRACTOR: MACHINE:

EXCAVATED BY:

PROFILED BY: R NAIDOO

CHECKED BY:

SETUP FILE: TESTPI~1.SET

INCLINATION:

DIAM:

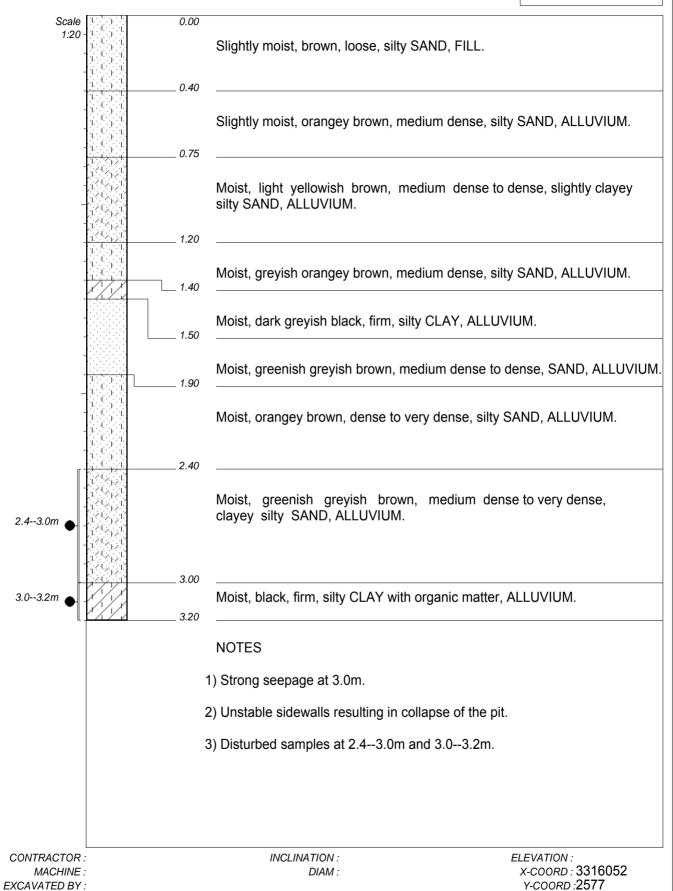
DATE: 01/10/2014 DATE 03/11/2014 07:26 TEXT: ..lot\RevisedSWWTWTP's.txt **ELEVATION:** 

X-COORD: 3316018 Y-COORD: 2580



**TP16** Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: J01945



DATE: 01/10/2014

DATE 03/11/2014 07:26

TEXT: ..lot\RevisedSWWTWTP's.txt

SETUP FILE: TESTPI~1.SET D04D AECOM SA (Pty) Ltd

PROFILED BY: R NAIDOO

EXCAVATED BY:

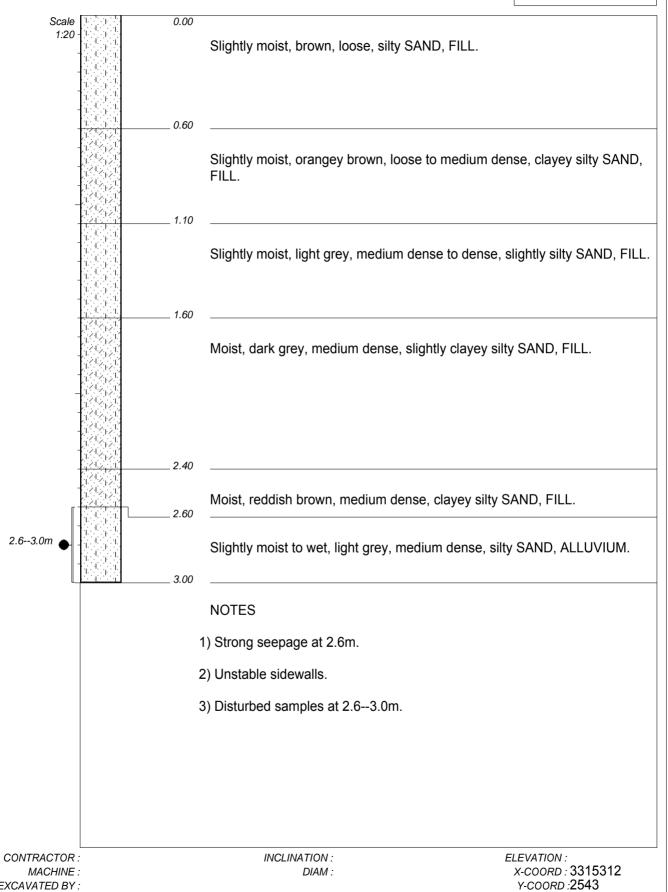
CHECKED BY:

dotPLOT 7016 PBp7



**TP17** Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: J01945



DATE: 01/10/2014

DATE 03/11/2014 07:26

TEXT: ..lot\RevisedSWWTWTP's.txt

SETUP FILE: TESTPI~1.SET D04D AECOM SA (Pty) Ltd

PROFILED BY: R NAIDOO

EXCAVATED BY:

CHECKED BY:

dotPLOT 7016 PBp7

# **BOREHOLE LOGS**

BH01 Sheet 1 of 3

ROCK FABRIC
MF -massive
BF -bedded
FF -foliated
CF -cleaved
SF -schistose
GF -gneissose
LF -laminated
ROCK FABRIC
GRAIN SIZE
FG -fine grained
MG -medium grain
CG -coarse grain
CJ -cose spacing
CJ -close spacing
MI -medium spacing

JOINT ROUGHNESS
SLJ-slickensided
SJ-smooth
RJ-rough
HR-hard rock
MHR-medium hard rock
SR-soft rock
VSR-very soft rock
VSR-very soft rock



EThekwini Municipality Southern Waste Water Treatment Works

BH01 Sheet 1 of 3

	MBER: J01	1945	CF -tollated CF -cleaved SF -schistos GF -gneisso LF -laminate	1	DINT SPACING CJ-very close s J-close spacing J-medium spa J-wide spacing NJ-very wide s		JOINT SHAPE CUR-curvilinea PLA-planar UND-undulatin STE-stepped IRR-irregular	1 1 1	-nard rock R-medium h -soft rock R-very soft ro	ard rock ock		A		<i>)</i> //\				vater freatment vvorks	JOB NUMBER: J01945
100	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NXC	_	Scale   1:30		0.00	Dark brown, silty SAND. FILL.	
			- <u>-</u>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			-	0000		Orangey brown, silty SAND FILL.	with scattered graveis.
100	-	-											NXC	-	_ 1		1.12		
98	-	-											NXC	-			1.12	Greyish yellowish brown, slig	ghtly clayey silty SAND.
96	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NWD4	-	_ 2		2.47		
31	-	-											NWD4	-	_ 3		2.71	Brown, slightly silty SAND ALLUVIUM.	with shell fragments
27	-	-											SPT	4					
97	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NWD4	-	_ 4				
97	-	-											- NWD4	-	5		<i>4.9</i> 6		
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		-		5.20	Brownish grey, silty SAND. AL	LUVIUM.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					5.40	Greyish brown, slightly silty SA	AND. ALLUVIUM.
23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NWD4	-	_ 6	1 年 2 年 2 日 2 日 2 日 2 日 2 日 2 日 2 日 2 日 2	6.05	Orangey greyish brown, slig fragments. ALLUVIUM.	htly silty SAND with she
29	-	-											SPT	10			0.03	Light grey, slightly clayey fragments and organic matter.	silty SAND with she ALLUVIUM.
%Mater recov	%Core recov	%RQD	- Grain Size	- Rock Fabric		No. of Joint sets	incl ts (deg)	Joints spacing	Joints rough & Shape	- Fill type	- Fill thick (mm)	- Frac Freq (m)	DRILLING METHOD	SPT	DEPTH Scale 1:30				

ROCK FABRIC GRAIN SIZE JOINT ROUGHNESS ROCK HARDNESS FG -fine grained MG -medium grain MF -massive SLJ-slickensided EHR-extremely hard rock **BH01** EThekwini Municipality MF -massive BF -bedded FF -foliated CF -cleaved SF -schistose GF -gneissose LF -laminated **AECOM** SJ -smooth VHR-very hard rock Southern Waste Water Treatment Works Sheet 2 of 3 CG -coarse grain RJ -rough HR -hard rock MHR-medium hard rock JOINT SPACING VCJ-very close spacg CJ-close spacing MJ-medium spacing JOINT SHAPE CUR-curvilinear SR -soft rock JOB NUMBER: J01945 VSR-very soft rock PLA-planar UND-undulating WJ -wide spacing VWJ-very wide spacng IRR-irregular 7.10 Orangey brown, clayey silty SAND. ALLUVIUM. NWD4 18 7.43 Dark grey, slightly fine sandy silty CLAY. ALLUVIUM. 7.81 Dark grey, silty CLAY with shell fragments. ALLUVIUM. 8.05 Blackish grey, slightly sandy silty CLAY. ALLUVIUM. 8.05--8.6m SHELBY 100 21 100 NWD4 21 100 NWD4 Blackish grey slightly fine sandy silty CLAY with shell fragments. ALLUVIUM. 100 SPT 18 9.52--10.07m SHELBY 100 10 NWD4 100 100 NWD4 11 11.33--11.76m SHELBY 100 12 SPT 100 21 100 NWD4 13 %RQD DRILLING SPT %Mater %Core Rock Fabric No. Frac DEPTH Grain Joints Joints Joints METHOD recov recov Size Fabric Spacing incl rough type thick Freq Scale

(mm)

Shape

(m)

Joints

sets

(mm)

(deg)

1:30

BH01

Sheet 2 of 3

ROCK FABRIC GRAIN SIZE JOINT ROUGHNESS ROCK HARDNESS FG -fine grained MG -medium grain SLJ-slickensided SJ -smooth EHR-extremely hard rock
VHR-very hard rock MF -massive **BH01** EThekwini Municipality BH01 MF -massive BF -bedded FF -foliated CF -cleaved SF -schistose GF -gneissose LF -laminated **AECOM** Southern Waste Water Treatment Works Sheet 3 of 3 CG -coarse grain RJ -rough HR -hard rock Sheet 3 of 3 MHR-medium hard rock JOINT SPACING VCJ-very close spacg CJ-close spacing MJ-medium spacing JOINT SHAPE CUR-curvilinear SR -soft rock VSR-very soft rock JOB NUMBER: J01945 JOB NUMBER: J01945 PLA-planar UND-undulating WJ -wide spacing STE-stepped VWJ-very wide spacng IRR-irregular SHELBY 100 14 NWD4 100 15 98 **SPT** 21 15.55 **NOTES** 1) Water level at 1.5m. 2) Undisturbed samples at 8.05--8.6m, 9.52--10.07m, 11.33--11.76m and 13.44--13.7m. DEPTH %Mater %Core %RQD Grain Rock Fabric No. Joints Joints Joints Frac DRILLING CONTRACTOR: RWBE Geotechnical Drillingon: vertical **ELEVATION**: Size Spacing of incl thick Freq **METHOD** Scale recov Fabric spacing rough recov type MACHINE: YWE - D8 X-COORD: 3316055.08 DIAM: 1:30 Joints (deg) (m) (mm) (mm) **EXCAVATED BY: Willy Motau** Y-COORD:2609 Shape PROFILED BY: RSN DATE: 02/10/2014 BH01 CHECKED BY: KD DATE 03/11/2014 07:31

SETUP FILE: Borehole.SET

TEXT:..\Dotplot\RevisedBH01.txt

BH02A

Sheet 1 of 3

ROCK FABRIC
MF -massive
BF -bedded
FF -foliated
CF -cleaved
SF -schistose
GF -gneissose
LF -laminated
ROCK FABRIC
GRAIN SIZE
FG -fine grained
MG -medium grain
CG -coarse grain
CJ -cose spacing
CJ -close spacing
MI -medium spacing

JOINT SHAPE CUR-curvilinear PLA-planar UND-undulating

JOINT ROUGHNESS
SLJ-slickensided
SJ-smooth
RJ-rough
HR-hard rock
MHR-medium hard rock
SR-soft rock
VSR-very soft rock
VSR-very soft rock



EThekwini Municipality Southern Waste Water Treatment Works

BH02A Sheet 1 of 3

	MBER: J01	1945	FF -foliated CF -cleaved SF -schistos GF -gneissos LF -laminate	e JOII se VCJ d CJ MJ WJ	-coarse grain NT SPACING I-very close sp- close spacing -medium spacing -wide spacing J-very wide sp		OINT SHAPE CUR-curvilinear PLA-planar IND-undulating TE-stepped RR-irregular	N A1 11	-nard rock R-medium ha -soft rock R-very soft ro	ard rock ck		<b>A</b>		<i>//</i> <b>/</b> 1				rater Treatment Works	JOB NUMBER: J01945
67	-	-											NXC	-	Scale 1:30	00000	0.00	Slightly orangey brown, sligh with scattered gravels. FILL	tly gravelly silty SAND
93	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	NXC	-		00000			
71	-	-											NXC	-	_ 1	0000			
97	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NWD4	-		000	1.54	Orangey grey, clayey silty SAN	D. FILL.
100	-	-											NWD4	-	2		1.70	Grey, slightly silty SAND v ALLUVIUM.	vith scattered gravels.
38	-	-											SPT	4	3	00000			
100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NWD4	-		0000000			
100	-	-											NWD4	-	_ 4	000000000000000000000000000000000000000			
95	-	-											NWD4	-	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	00000			
92	-	-	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	 	<u> </u>						NWD4	-		000	5.11	Pod an allahil da a alla	24AUD 4444111111111111111111111111111111111
100	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	NWD4	-	-		5.20	Dark grey, slightly clayey silty S	
-													SHELBY				5.47	Dark grey, silty SAND. ALLUV	
100	-	-											NWD4	-	_ 6			Grey, slightly silty SAND. ALLU	JVIUM.
24	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SPT	-	-				
100	- %Core	- %POD	Grain	Pools	Eabria	Ma	lainta	lointo	lointo	Fill	E;II	Eroo	NWD4	 SPT	DEPTH -				
%Mater recov	%Core recov	%RQD	Grain Size	Rock Fabric	Fabric Spacing (mm)	No. of Joints sets	Joints incl (deg)	Joints spacing	Joints rough & Shape	Fill type	Fill thick (mm)	Frac Freq (m)	DRILLING METHOD	SPT SPT	Scale 1:30				

ROCK FABRIC GRAIN SIZE JOINT ROUGHNESS ROCK HARDNESS FG -fine grained MG -medium grain EHR-extremely hard rock MF -massive SLJ-slickensided BH02A EThekwini Municipality **AECOM** BF -bedded FF -foliated SJ -smooth VHR-very hard rock Southern Waste Water Treatment Works Sheet 2 of 3 CG -coarse grain RJ -rough HR -hard rock CF -cleaved MHR-medium hard rock SF -schistose GF -gneissose LF -laminated JOINT SPACING VCJ-very close spacg CJ-close spacing JOINT SHAPE CUR-curvilinear SR -soft rock JOB NUMBER: J01945 VSR-very soft rock PLA-planar MJ -medium spacing UND-undulating WJ -wide spacing STE-stepped VWJ-very wide spacng IRR-irregular 58 SPT 26 7.05 Grey, slightly silty SAND. ALLUVIUM. NWD4 43 Light grey, slightly silty SAND. ALLUVIUM. 22 NWD4 9.00 Interpreted as slightly silty SAND. ALLUVIUM. **SPT** 17 9.45 Orangey yellowish grey, slightly silty SAND. ALLUVIUM. 100 NWD4 10 Orangey grey, slightly silty SAND. ALLUVIUM. 10.23--10.77m SHELBY 100 Orangey pinkish grey, slightly silty SAND. ALLUVIUM. 11 100 NWD4 93 NWD4 12 99 NWD4 60 SPT 22 13 38 NWD4 Interpreted as slightly silty SAND. ALLUVIUM. 13.07

Fill

type

thick

(mm)

%Mater

recov

%Core

recov

%RQD

Grain

Size

Rock

Fabric

Fabric

Spacing

(mm)

No.

Joints

sets

Joints

incl

(deg)

Joints

Joints

rough

Shape

DRILLING

METHOD

SPT

SPT

DEPTH

Scale

1:30

Frac

Freq

(m)

BH02A

Sheet 2 of 3

BH02A Sheet 3 of 3 JOB NUMBER: J01945

MF -massive BF -bedded FF -foliated CF -cleaved SF -schistose GF -gneissose LF -laminated

ROCK FABRIC GRAIN SIZE FG -fine grained MG -medium grain CG -coarse grain

JOINT ROUGHNESS ROCK HARDNESS EHR-extremely hard rock
VHR-very hard rock SLJ-slickensided SJ -smooth RJ -rough HR -hard rock MHR-medium hard rock JOINT SHAPE CUR-curvilinear

**AECOM** 

EThekwini Municipality Southern Waste Water Treatment Works

CHECKED BY: KD

SETUP FILE: Borehole.SET

BH02A Sheet 3 of 3

JOB NUMBER: J01945

JOINT SPACING VCJ-very close spacg CJ -close spacing MJ -medium spacing SR -soft rock VSR-very soft rock PLA-planar UND-undulating WJ -wide spacing STE-stepped VWJ-very wide spacng IRR-irregular 13.07--13.6m ■ 100 SHELBY Orangey grey, slightly clayey SAND. ALLUVIUM. Yellowish brown with scattered bluish grey streaks, slightly silty SAND. ALLUVIUM. 14 90 NWD4 15 73 SPT 15 NOTES 1) Water level at 1.2m. 2) Undisturbed sample at 10.23--10.77m, 13.07--13.6m. DEPTH %Mater %Core %RQD Grain Fabric No. Joints Joints Joints DRILLING CONTRACTOR: RWBE Geotechnical Notilling on: vertical **ELEVATION**: Size of incl spacing thick Freq **METHOD** SPT Scale Fabric Spacing rough recov recov type MACHINE: YWE - D8 X-COORD: 3315312 DIAM : 1:30 Joints (deg) (m) (mm) (mm) **EXCAVATED BY: Willy Motau** Y-COORD :2555 Shape DATE: 30/09/2014 PROFILED BY: RSN BH02A

DATE 03/11/2014 07:31

TEXT: ..Dotplot\RevisedBH02A.txt

BH03 Sheet 1 of 3

ROCK FABRIC
MF -massive
BF -bedded
FF -foliated
CF -cleaved
SF -schistose
GF -gneissose
LF -laminated
ROCK FABRIC
GRAIN SIZE
FG -fine grained
MG -medium grain
CG -coarse grain
CJ -cose spacing
CJ -close spacing
MI -medium spacing

JOINT SHAPE CUR-curvilinear PLA-planar UND-undulating

JOINT ROUGHNESS
SLJ-slickensided
SJ-smooth
RJ-rough
HR-hard rock
MHR-medium hard rock
SR-soft rock
VSR-very soft rock
VSR-very soft rock



EThekwini Municipality Southern Waste Water Treatment Works

BH03 Sheet 1 of 3

	IMBER: J01	1945	FF -lollated CF -cleave SF -schisto GF -gneiss LF -laminat	ed ose sose ted	JOINT VCJ-v CJ -ck M.I -m	oarse grain  SPACING  yery close spacing  ledium spacily  yery wide spacing	aca (	IOINT SHAPE CUR-curvilinea PLA-planar JND-undulatin STE-stepped RR-irregular	MH SR r VSI	-nard rock R-medium h -soft rock R-very soft r		T	I		//YI	Scale	Souther [正學字本]	0.00	vater freatment works	JOB NUMBER: J01945
100	_	_	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	NXC	_	1:30		0.00	Greyish brown, silty SAND. FIL	
				 				<del>-</del>	↓ <u> </u>	- - -	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	- -	_		-		0.52	Dark greyish brown, slightly cla	
			†						<del> </del>		†						000	0.62	Greyish brown, slightly gravelly	
77	-	-				_		_		_		_	_	NXC	-	_ 1	000000		Orangey brown, slightly silty gravels. FILL.	SAND with scattered
49	-	-	-	_		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	NWD4	-	-	0000000			
			-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				11 - 212 T	1.82	Reddish brown, clayey silty SA	ND. FILL.
-	_	_	-	_		-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	SPT	4	_		1.97	Interpreted as reddish brown, o	layey silty SAND. FILL.
																		2.42	Reddish brown, clayey silty SA	NID ALLUVIUM
74	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NWD4	-	_ 3				ND. ALLOVIOW.
100	-	-	-	_		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SHELBY	-	3.13.64m <b>—</b>		3.10	Reddish brown, clayey silty SA	ND. ALLUVIUM.
			-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			4		3.64 4.05	Dark grey, sandy silty CLAY v	vith organic matter.
74	-	-	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	NWD4	-			7.00	Dark grey, slightly silty SAND.	ALLUVIUM.
																-		4.50		
96	-	-												SPT	14				Dark grey, silty SAND with ALLUVIUM.	some organic matter.
			-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			5 .				
65	_	_												NWD4	_			5.60		
																_ 6			Light grey, slightly silty SAND.	ALLUVIUM.
-	-	-	_											SHELBY	-	6.216.51m				
%Mater	%Core	%RQD	Grain	Ro	ck	Fabric	No.	Joints	Joints	Joints	Fill	Fill	Frac	DRILLING	SPT	- 				
recov	recov	/anQD	Size	Fab		Spacing (mm)	of Joints sets	incl	spacing	rough & Shape	type	thick (mm)	Freq (m)	METHOD	OI I	Scale 1:30				

ROCK FABRIC GRAIN SIZE JOINT ROUGHNESS ROCK HARDNESS FG -fine grained MG -medium grain MF -massive SLJ-slickensided EHR-extremely hard rock **BH03** EThekwini Municipality BH03 MF -massive BF -bedded FF -foliated CF -cleaved SF -schistose GF -gneissose LF -laminated **AECOM** SJ -smooth VHR-very hard rock Southern Waste Water Treatment Works Sheet 2 of 3 CG -coarse grain RJ -rough HR -hard rock Sheet 2 of 3 MHR-medium hard rock JOINT SPACING VCJ-very close spacg CJ-close spacing MJ-medium spacing JOINT SHAPE CUR-curvilinear SR -soft rock VSR-very soft rock JOB NUMBER: J01945 JOB NUMBER: J01945 PLA-planar UND-undulating WJ -wide spacing VWJ-very wide spacng IRR-irregular NWD4 100 99 NWD4 SPT 60 28 37 NWD4 9.50 Light grey, slightly silty SAND. ALLUVIUM. 10 16 NWD4 11 Black, clayey silty SAND with organic matter. 58 **SPT** 12 ALLUVIUM. 11.64 100 NWD4 Black, silty SAND. ALLUVIUM. 12 Light grey, slightly silty SAND. ALLUVIUM. 63 NWD4 52 NWD4 13 Light brown, slightly silty SAND. ALLUVIUM. %RQD DRILLING SPT %Mater %Core Grain Rock Fabric No. Fill Frac DEPTH Joints Joints Joints METHOD recov recov Size Fabric Spacing incl rough type thick Freq Scale (mm) (m) 1:30 Joints (deg) (mm) sets Shape

ROCK FABRIC GRAIN SIZE JOINT ROUGHNESS ROCK HARDNESS FG -fine grained MG -medium grain SLJ-slickensided SJ -smooth EHR-extremely hard rock
VHR-very hard rock MF -massive **BH03** EThekwini Municipality BH03 MF -massive BF -bedded FF -foliated CF -cleaved SF -schistose GF -gneissose LF -laminated **AECOM** Southern Waste Water Treatment Works Sheet 3 of 3 CG -coarse grain RJ -rough HR -hard rock Sheet 3 of 3 MHR-medium hard rock JOINT SPACING VCJ-very close spacg CJ-close spacing MJ-medium spacing JOINT SHAPE CUR-curvilinear SR -soft rock VSR-very soft rock JOB NUMBER: J01945 JOB NUMBER: J01945 PLA-planar UND-undulating WJ -wide spacing STE-stepped VWJ-very wide spacng IRR-irregular 31 NWD4 14 93 SPT 58 14.45 Light grey, slightly silty SAND. ALLUVIUM. 36 NWD4 15 15.03 **NOTES** 1) Water level at 1.5m. 2) Undisturbed samples at 3.1--3.64m and 6.21--6.51m. DEPTH %Mater %Core %RQD Grain Rock Fabric No. Joints Joints Joints Frac DRILLING CONTRACTOR: RWBE Geotechnical Drillingon: vertical **ELEVATION**: Size of incl thick Freq **METHOD** Scale recov Fabric Spacing spacing rough recov type MACHINE: YWE - D8 X-COORD: 3315287 DIAM: 1:30 Joints (deg) (mm) (m) (mm) **EXCAVATED BY: Willy Motau** Y-COORD:2522 Shape DATE: 30/09/2014 PROFILED BY: RSN **BH03** CHECKED BY: KD DATE 03/11/2014 07:31 SETUP FILE: Borehole.SET TEXT:..\Dotplot\RevisedBH03.txt

BH04

Sheet 1 of 3

ROCK FABRIC
MF -massive
BF -bedded
FF -foliated
CF -cleaved
SF -schistose
GF -gneissose
LF -laminated
ROCK FABRIC
GRAIN SIZE
FG -fine grained
MG -medium grain
CG -coarse grain
CJ -cose spacing
CJ -close spacing
MI -medium spacing

JOINT ROUGHNESS
SLJ-slickensided
SJ-smooth
RJ-rough
HR-hard rock
MHR-medium hard rock
SR-soft rock
VSR-very soft rock
VSR-very soft rock



EThekwini Municipality Southern Waste Water Treatment Works

BH04 Sheet 1 of 3

	MBER: J01	1945	CF -cleave SF -schisto GF -gneiss LF -laminat	se JO ose VO ed Co M	G -coarse grain  DINT SPACING  CJ-very close s  J -close spacing  J -medium spacing  VJ-wide spacing  VJ-very wide s		-rougn INT SHAPE IR-curvilinear A-planar ID-undulating E-stepped R-irregular		-nard rock R-medium ha -soft rock R-very soft ro			A		<i>//</i> //I					water freatment works	JOB NUMBER: J01945
91	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NXC	-	-	Scale <sub>_</sub> 1:30 <sub>_</sub> - -	000000	0.00	Brown, slity Sand with scatte	
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				- - -		0.60 0.93	Light brown, slightly silty SAN	D. FILL.
58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NWD4	-		- - - -			Grey, silty SAND. FILL.	
78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NWD4	-	_ 2	- - -		1.60	Light brown, slightly silty SAN	
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-		2.18	Light grey, slightly silty SAND	FILL.
58	-	-		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	NWD4	-	-	-		2.10	Light brown, slightly silty SAN	D. ALLUVIUM.
44	-	-											NWD4	-	3	- - -		3.10		
62	-	-		_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	SPT	12	-	- - -			Light brown, silty SAND. ALLU	JVIUM.
80	-	-			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	NWD4	-	_ <b>4</b>	- - - - -		4.15	Light brown, slightly silty SAN	D. ALLUVIUM.
															-	-				
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			_ 5	- -		4.85 5.04	Light brown, slightly clayey sil	ty SAND. ALLUVIUM.
100	-	-											NWD4	-	-	- - - -			Orangey light brown, silty SAN	ND. ALLUVIUM.
																-				
51	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SPT	22		- - - -				
%Mater recov	%Core recov	%RQD	Grain Size	Rock Fabrio		No. of Joints sets	Joints incl (deg)	Joints spacing	Joints rough & Shape	Fill type	Fill thick (mm)	Frac Freq (m)	DRILLING METHOD	SPT	DEPTH Scale 1:30					-

ROCK FABRIC GRAIN SIZE JOINT ROUGHNESS ROCK HARDNESS FG -fine grained MG -medium grain MF -massive SLJ-slickensided EHR-extremely hard rock BH04 EThekwini Municipality BH04 BF -bedded FF -foliated **AECOM** SJ -smooth VHR-very hard rock Southern Waste Water Treatment Works Sheet 2 of 3 CG -coarse grain RJ -rough HR -hard rock Sheet 2 of 3 CF -cleaved SF -schistose GF -gneissose LF -laminated MHR-medium hard rock JOINT SPACING VCJ-very close spacg CJ-close spacing MJ-medium spacing JOINT SHAPE CUR-curvilinear SR -soft rock VSR-very soft rock JOB NUMBER: J01945 JOB NUMBER: J01945 PLA-planar UND-undulating WJ -wide spacing STE-stepped VWJ-very wide spacng IRR-irregular 98 NWD4 Interpreted as orangey light brown, silty SAND. ALLUVIUM. SHELBY Orangey light brown, silty SAND. ALLUVIUM. 100 NWD4 100 NWD4 Orangey light brown, slightly clayey silty SAND. ALLUVIUM. 100 NWD4 **SPT** 91 21 Light grey blotched light orange, silty SAND with some 10 organic matter. ALLUVIUM. 97 NWD4 11 99 NWD4 12 12.00 Light greyish brown, silty SAND. ALLUVIUM. SPT 30 13 100 NWD4 %RQD DRILLING SPT %Mater %Core Rock Fabric No. Frac DEPTH Grain Joints Joints Joints METHOD recov recov Size Fabric Spacing incl rough type thick Freq Scale 1:30 Joints (deg) (mm) (m) (mm) sets Shape

S	BH04 heet 3 of 3		ROCK FABRIC MF -massive BF -bedded FF -foliated CF -cleaved	FG -fine graii MG -medium CG -coarse g	ned n grain grain	JOINT ROUGH SLJ-slickensid SJ-smooth RJ-rough JOINT SHAPE CUR-curvilined	HNESS Red E	OCK HARDNE HR-extremely I HR-very hard r IR -hard rock IHR-medium ha	SS hard rock lock ard rock		A	<b>ECC</b>	M		EThekwini Municipality Southern Waste Water Treatment Works  BH04 Sheet 3 of 3
JOB NU	MBER: J01	945	SF -schistose GF -gneissose LF -laminated	JOINT SPAC VCJ-very clo CJ -close spa MJ -medium WJ -wide spa VWJ-very wid	CING se spacg acing spacing acing de spacng	JOINT SHAPE CUR-curvilinea PLA-planar UND-undulatin STE-stepped IRR-irregular	S ar V g	R -soft rock SR-very soft ro	ock						JOB NUMBER: J01945
95	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	NWD4	-	-	
67	-	-										SPT	5		15
														-	NOTES  1) Water level at 1.0m.
%Mater recov	%Core recov	%RQD		Rock Fabr abric Spaci (mm	ing o	f incl nts (deg)	Joints spacin		Fill type	Fill thick (mm)	Frac Freq (m)	DRILLING METHOD	SPT	DEPTH Scale 1:30	MACHINE: YWE - D8 DIAM: X-COORD: 331531.45 EXCAVATED BY: Willy Motau Y-COORD: 2556
			•					·						_	PROFILED BY : RSŃ DATE : 02/10/2014 BH04  CHECKED BY : KD DATE 03/11/2014 07:32  SETUP FILE : Borehole.SET TEXT :\Dotplot\RevisedB\H04.txt

BH05

Sheet 1 of 3

ROCK FABRIC
MF -massive
BF -bedded
FF -foliated
CF -cleaved
SF -schistose
GF -gneissose
LF -laminated
ROCK FABRIC
GRAIN SIZE
FG -fine grained
MG -medium grain
CG -coarse grain
CJ -cose spacing
CJ -close spacing
MI -medium spacing

JOINT ROUGHNESS
SLJ-slickensided
SJ-smooth
RJ-rough
HR-hard rock
MHR-medium hard rock
SR-soft rock
VSR-very soft rock
VSR-very soft rock



EThekwini Municipality Southern Waste Water Treatment Works

BH05 Sheet 1 of 3

	MBER: J01	1945	CF -cleave SF -schiste GF -gneiss LF -lamina	d ose sose ted	JOINT S VCJ-vei CJ -clos	SPACING ry close sp se spacing dium spac de spacing ery wide sp	Joacg C P ing U	J -rougn  DINT SHAPE  UR-curvilinea  LA-planar  ND-undulatin  TE-stepped  RR-irregular	MH SR	-nard rock  R-medium h -soft rock R-very soft ro			A		<i>//</i> //1	T	0/- 1			vvater freatment works	JOB NUMBER: J01945
97	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NXC	-	-	1:30	0 1 0 1	0.00	Dark brown, gravelly silty SAN	D. FILL.
100	-	-	-	-		-	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	NXC	-		+ - - -		0.60	Light brown, SAND. FILL.	
62	-	-		-   -		- \		- - - -	Ψ -	- -	т <u>-</u>	Ψ -	- -	NXC	-		† 1 1	5 ° 1 ∩	1.14	Brown, gravelly SAND. FILL.	20
			-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-				
																	]		1.50	Brown, slightly silty SAND. FIL	L.
35	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NWD4	-	_ 2	-			Dark brown, slightly silty SANE	). FILL.
			-	-		-	_	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	-	<del>-</del>	-	¬		-	1		2.40	Light greyish brown, slightly cla	ayey silty SAND. FILL.
98	_	_	- '	- -		- 4	_	- - -	Ψ <u>-</u>	\ \ \ - \ \ \ - \ \	Ψ -	Ψ <u>-</u>	Ч <u>-</u> Ч <u>-</u>	NWD4	_				2.60	Brown, SAND. BEACH SAND.	
				_		-					_		_	_		_ 3	- -	7	2.73		SAND. BEACH SAND
82	-	-	-	- -		-		<u>-</u>	-	- -	-	<u>-</u>	-	SPT	19	_	<u> </u>		2.85	Greyish brown clayey silty SAI	
				_		-	- -	<u> </u>	<del> </del> -	<del>-</del>	-	<del>  -</del>	-			-			3.00	Brown, SAND. BEACH SAND.	15. 52. (6) 1 6, (14).
67	-	-		_			-	_	]		_	]		NWD4	-		]		3.23		SAND REACH SAND
			<u>-</u>	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			4	-		3.34	Brown, silty SAND. BEACH SA	
60	-	_												NWD4	-				3.45	Black speckled brown, silty fine	
			_	_		-	-	_	_	_	_	-	_				<u> </u>		3.50	Brown, silty SAND. BEACH SA	
			_	_		_			_	_	_	_	_			5	-		4.20	Brown blotched greyish black, SAND.	
00														- NIMPA			-		4.80	Orangey brown, silty fine SAN	D. BEACH SAND.
89	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NWD4	-	-	- - - -		5.10	Greyish brown, silty SAND. BE	
			-	-		-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-			-			5.59	Dark brown blotched orang SAND.	e, silty SAND. BEACH
100	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SPT	21	_ 6	-		6.00	Orangey brown, silty SAND. B	EACH SAND.
6Mater recov	%Core recov	%RQD	Grain Size	Roo Fab	oric .	Fabric Spacing (mm)	No. of Joints sets	Joints incl (deg)	Joints spacing	Joints rough & Shape	Fill type	Fill thick (mm)	Frac Freq (m)	DRILLING METHOD	SPT	DEPTH Scale 1:30			6.45		

ROCK FABRIC GRAIN SIZE JOINT ROUGHNESS ROCK HARDNESS FG -fine grained MG -medium grain EHR-extremely hard rock MF -massive SLJ-slickensided BH05 EThekwini Municipality BH05 **AECOM** BF -bedded SJ -smooth VHR-very hard rock Southern Waste Water Treatment Works Sheet 2 of 3 FF -foliated CG -coarse grain RJ -rough HR -hard rock Sheet 2 of 3 CF -cleaved MHR-medium hard rock JOINT SPACING VCJ-very close spacg JOINT SHAPE CUR-curvilinear SF -schistose SR -soft rock GF -gneissose LF -laminated JOB NUMBER: J01945 VSR-very soft rock JOB NUMBER: J01945 CJ -close spacing PLA-planar MJ -medium spacing UND-undulating WJ -wide spacing STE-stepped VWJ-very wide spacng IRR-irregular 85 NWD4 Light orangey brown blotched grey, silty SAND. BEACH SAND. \_ -\_ 6.90 Dark grey, slightly clayey silty SAND. BEACH SAND. 7.00 95 NWD4 Orangey blotched grey, silty SAND. BEACH SAND. Orangey brown, silty SAND. BEACH SAND. 7.40 NWD4 91 Orangey brown, slightly silty SAND. BEACH SAND. 7.55 Orangey brown, silty SAND. BEACH SAND. Greyish brown, silty SAND. BEACH SAND. 38 NWD4 8.00 Orangey brown, silty SAND. BEACH SAND. 9.00 Light grey, silty SAND. BEACH SAND. SPT 47 19 92 NWD4 10 10.05 Light grey, slightly clayey SAND. BEACH SAND. 100 NWD4 11 11.08--11.47m 100 SHELBY 100 NWD4 12 100 SPT 36 13 60 NWD4 %Mater %Core %RQD Rock Fabric No. Frac DRILLING SPT DEPTH Grain Joints Joints Joints METHOD recov recov Size Fabric Spacing incl rough type thick Freq Scale 1:30 Joints (deg) (mm) (m) (mm) sets Shape

BH05 Sheet 3 of 3 JOB NUMBER: J01945

ROCK FABRIC
MF -massive
BF -bedded
FF -foliated
CF -cleaved
SF -schistose
GF -gneissose
LF -laminated

ROCK FABRIC
GRAIN SIZE
FG -fine grained
MG -medium grain
CG -coarse grain
VCJ-very close space
CJ -close space
CJ -close space
MI -medium space JOINT SPACING
VCJ-very close spacg
CJ-close spacing

JOINT SHAPE CUR-curvilinear PLA-planar

JOINT ROUGHNESS
SLJ-slickensided
SJ-smooth
RJ-rough
HR-hard rock
MHR-medium hard rock
SR-soft rock
VSR-very soft rock
VSR-very soft rock

**AECOM** 

EThekwini Municipality Southern Waste Water Treatment Works

CHECKED BY: KD

SETUP FILE: Borehole.SET

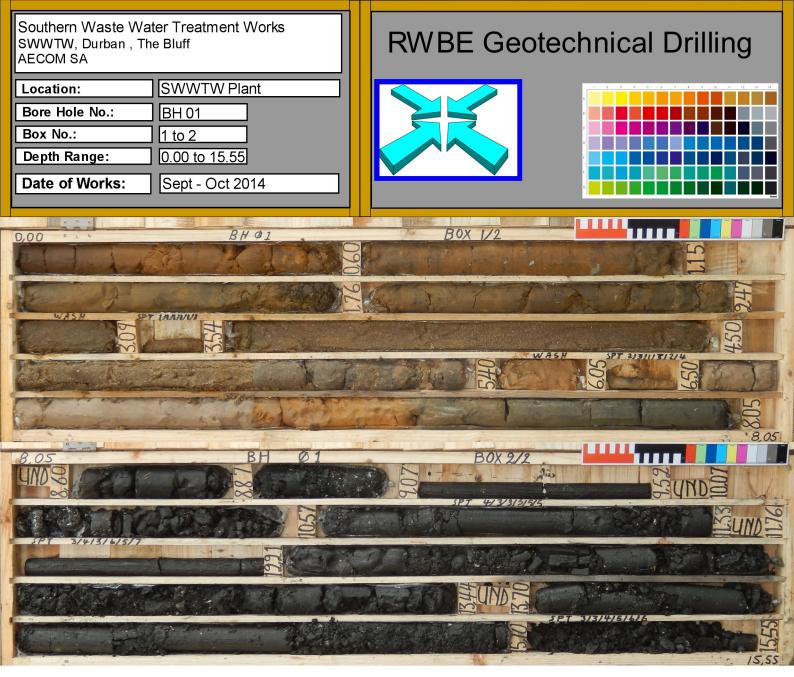
BH05 Sheet 3 of 3

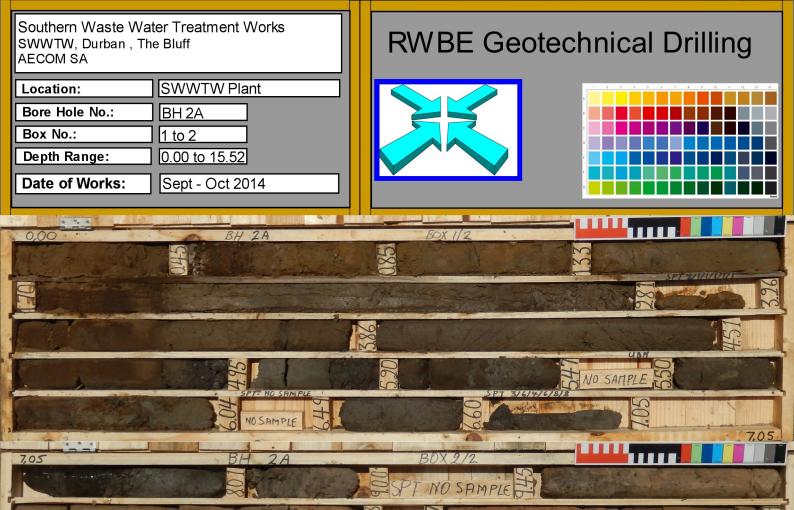
JOB NUMBER: J01945

11   NWD4 -   14     Iight grey, silty SAND. BEACH SAND.   NWD4 -   15     NOTES   1) Water level at 3.2m.
Light grey, silty SAND. BEACH SAND.  NWD4 14 - 14 - 1
Light grey, silty SAND. BEACH SAND.

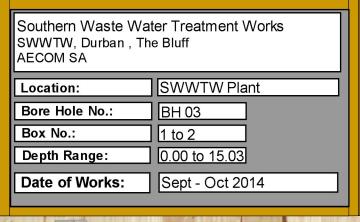
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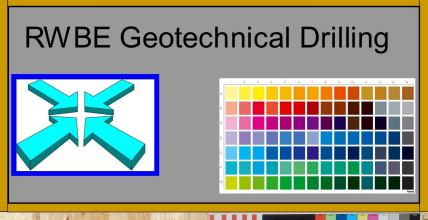
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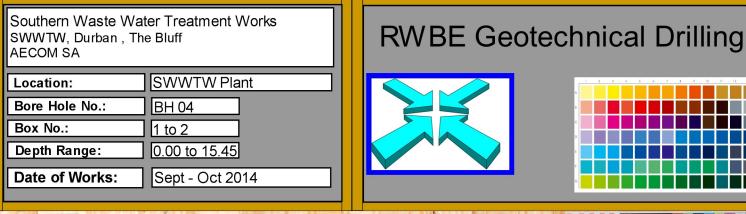


CORE LOSS & UND

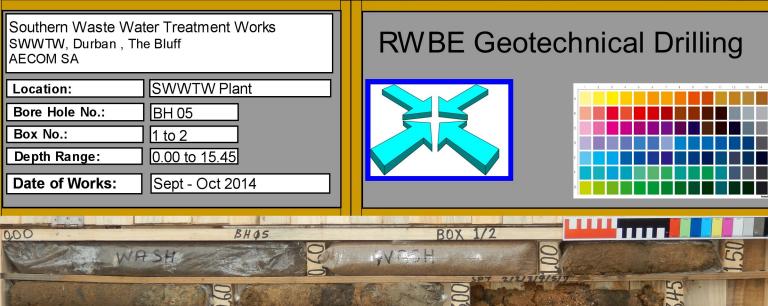






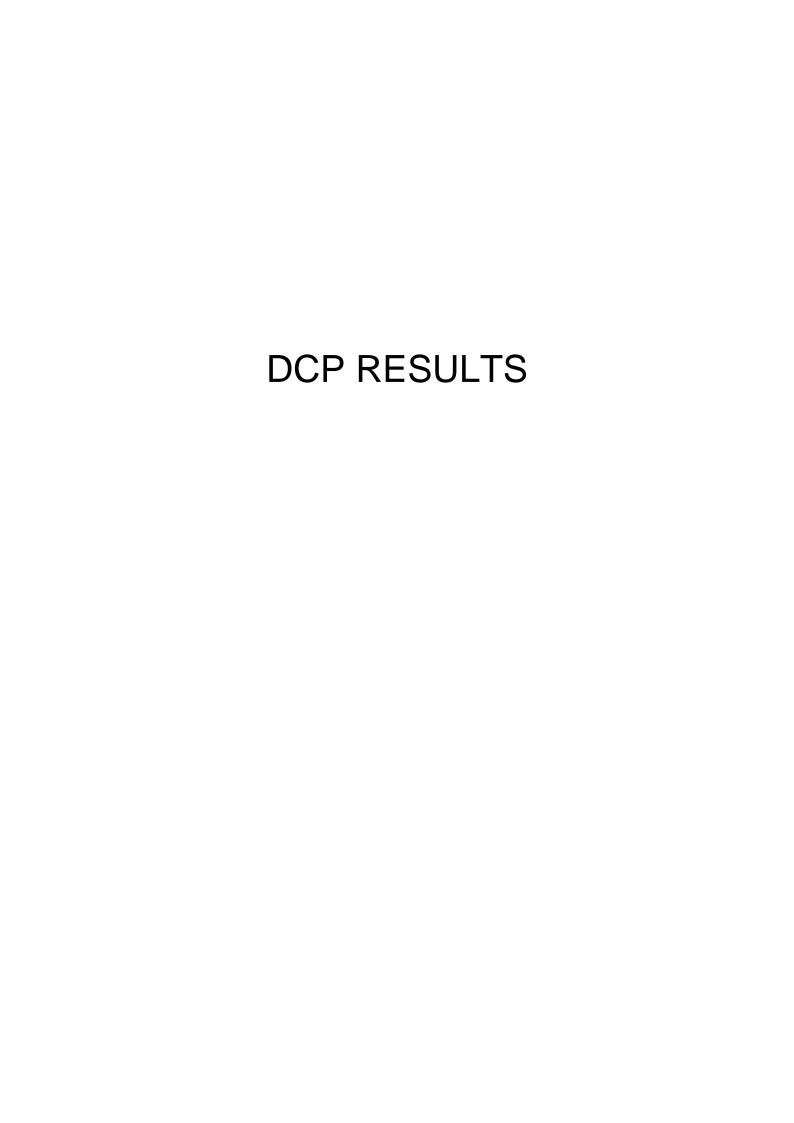








# ANNEXURE C DCP & DPSH RESULTS



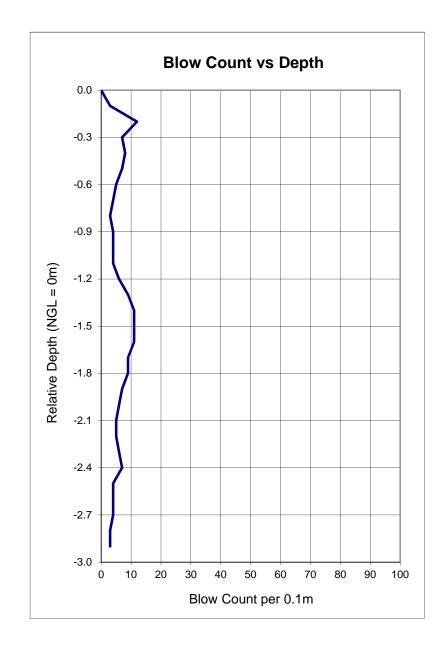
## PENETROMETER RESULTS: DC01

**Proj. No.** J01945

**Project:** Upgrade to SWWTW

Site: SWWTW
Date: 25/09/2014
Done by: R Naidoo

Depth	Blows
(m)	( per 0.1m)
0.0	0
-0.1	3
0.0 -0.1 -0.2 -0.3 -0.4 -0.5 -0.6	3 12
-0.3	7
-0.4	8
-0.5	7 8 7 5 4 3 4 4 4 4 6
-0.6	5
-0.7	4
-0.8	3
-0.9	4
-1.0	4
-1.1	4
-1.2	6
-1.0 -1.1 -1.2 -1.3 -1.4 -1.5 -1.6 -1.7 -1.8 -1.9	9
-1.4	11
-1.5	11 11
-1.6	11
-1.7	9 9 7 6 5 5 6 7
-1.8	9
-1.9	7
-2.0	6
-2.1 -2.2 -2.3	5
-2.2	5
-2.3	6
-2.4	7
-2.5	4
-2.6	4
-2.7	4 3
-2.8	3
-2.9	3
-3.0	



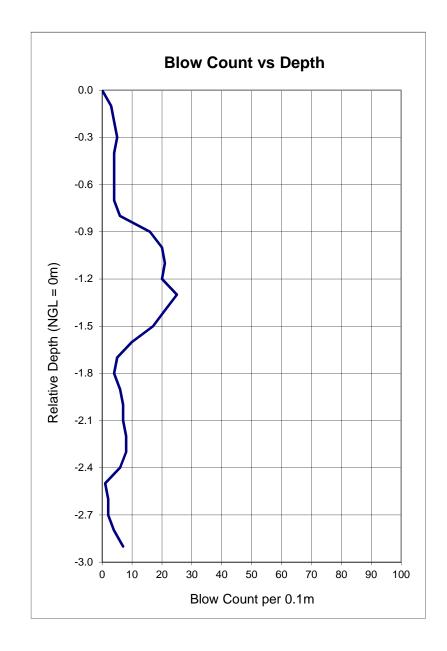
## PENETROMETER RESULTS: DC02

**Proj. No.** J01945

**Project:** Upgrade to SWWTW

Site: SWWTW
Date: 25/09/2014
Done by: R Naidoo

Depth	Blows
(m)	( per 0.1m)
0.0	0
0.0 -0.1	3
-0.2	4
-0.3	5
-0.4 -0.5 -0.6 -0.7	4 4 4 4
-0.5	4
-0.6	4
-0.7	4
-0.8	6
-0.9 -1.0 -1.1	16
-1.0	20
-1.1	21
I _1 ')	20
-1.2 -1.3 -1.4 -1.5 -1.6	25 21 17
-1.4	21
-1.5	17
-1.6	10
-1.7	5 4 6 7 7
-1.8	4
-1.9 -2.0 -2.1	6
-2.0	7
-2.1	7
-2.2	8
-2.3	8
-2.4 -2.5	8 6 1 2 2 4
-2.5	1
-2.6	2
-2.7	2
-2.8	4
-2.9	7
-3.0	



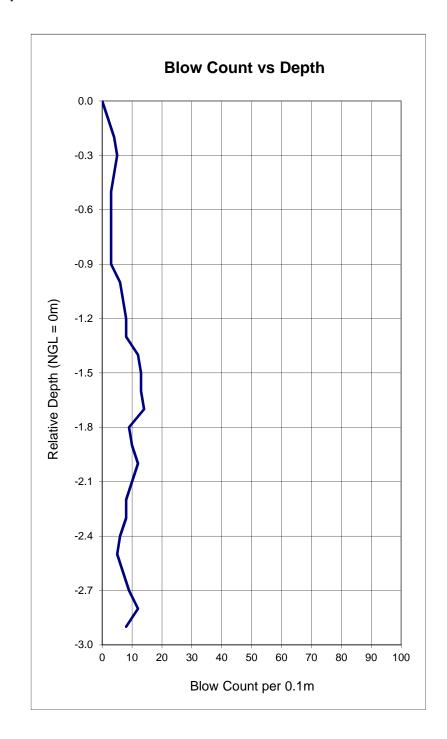
## PENETROMETER RESULTS: DC03

**Proj. No.** J01945

**Project:** Upgrade to SWWTW

Site: SWWTW
Date: 25/09/2014
Done by: R Naidoo

Depth	Blows
(m)	( per 0.1m)
0.0	0
-0.1	2
-0.2	4
-0.3	5
-0.4	4
-0.5	3
-0.6	3
-0.7	3
-0.8	3
-0.9	3
-1.0	6
-1.1	7
-1.2	8
-1.3	8
-1.4	12
-1.5	13
-1.6	13
-1.7	14
-1.8	9
-1.9	10
-2.0	12
-2.1	10
-2.2	8
-2.3	8
-2.4	6
-2.5	5
-2.6	7
-2.7	9
-2.8	12
-2.9	8
-3.0	



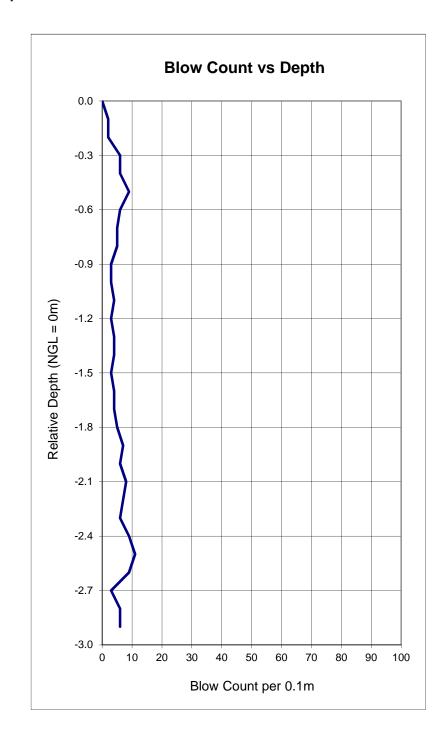
## PENETROMETER RESULTS: DC04

**Proj. No.** J01945

**Project:** Upgrade to SWWTW

Site: SWWTW
Date: 25/09/2014
Done by: R Naidoo

Depth	Blows
(m)	( per 0.1m)
0.0	0
-0.1	2
-0.2	2
-0.3	2 6
-0.4	6
-0.5	9
-0.6	6
-0.7	5
-0.8	5
-0.9	3
-1.0	3
-1.1	4
-1.2	3
-1.3	4
-1.4	4
-1.5	3
-1.6	4
-1.7	4 5 7 6
-1.8	5
-1.9	7
-2.0	6
-2.1	8
-2.2	7
-2.3	6
-2.4	9
-2.5	11
-2.6	9
-2.7	3
-2.8	6
-2.9	6
-3.0	



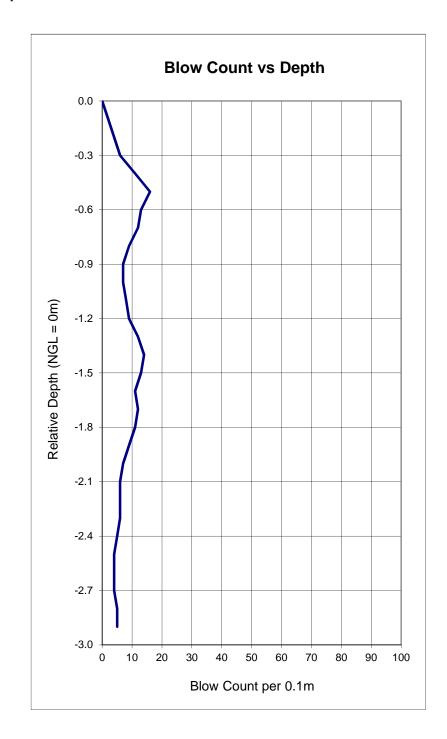
## PENETROMETER RESULTS: DC05

**Proj. No.** J01945

**Project:** Upgrade to SWWTW

Site: SWWTW
Date: 25/09/2014
Done by: R Naidoo

Depth	Blows
(m)	( per 0.1m)
0.0	0
-0.1	2
-0.2	4
-0.3	6
-0.4	11
-0.5	16
-0.6	13
-0.7	12
-0.8	9
-0.9	9 7
-1.0	7
-1.1	8
-1.2	9
-1.3	12
-1.4	14
-1.5	13
-1.6	11
-1.7	12
-1.8	11
-1.9	9
-2.0	7
-2.1	6
-2.2	6
-2.3	6
-2.4	5
-2.5	4
-2.6	4
-2.7	4
-2.8	5
-2.9	5
-3.0	



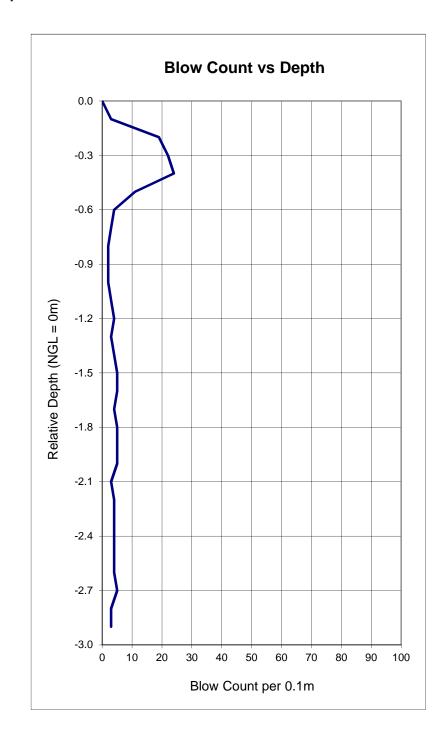
## PENETROMETER RESULTS: DC06

**Proj. No.** J01945

**Project:** Upgrade to SWWTW

Site: SWWTW
Date: 25/09/2014
Done by: R Naidoo

Depth	Blows
(m)	( per 0.1m)
0.0	0
-0.1	3
-0.2	19
-0.3	22
-0.4	24
-0.5	11
-0.6	4
-0.7	3
-0.8	2
-0.9	2
-1.0	2
-1.1	3
-1.2	4
-1.3	3
-1.4	4
-1.5	5
-1.6	5
-1.7	4
-1.8	5
-1.9	5
-2.0	5
-2.1	3
-2.2	4
-2.3	4
-2.4	4
-2.5	4
-2.6	4
-2.7	5
-2.8	3
-2.9	3
-3.0	



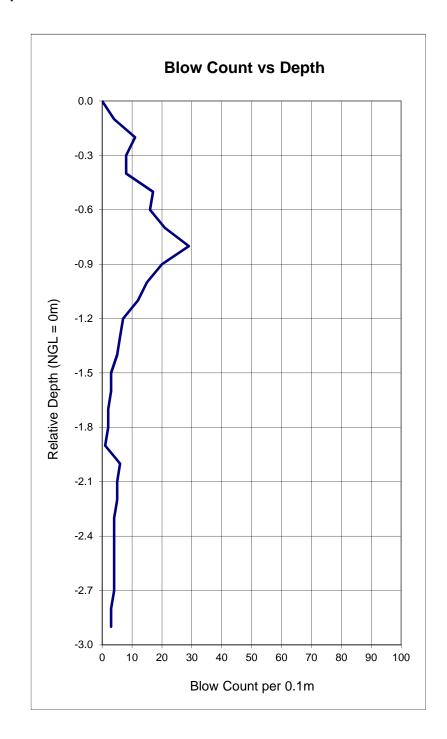
## PENETROMETER RESULTS: DC07

**Proj. No.** J01945

**Project:** Upgrade to SWWTW

Site: SWWTW
Date: 25/09/2014
Done by: R Naidoo

Depth	Blows
(m)	( per 0.1m)
0.0	0
-0.1	4
-0.2	11
-0.3	8
-0.4	8
-0.5	17
-0.6	16
-0.7	21
-0.8	29
-0.9	20
-1.0	15
-1.1	12
-1.2	7
-1.3	6
-1.4	5
-1.5	3
-1.6	3
-1.7	2 2 1
-1.8	2
-1.9	1
-2.0	6
-2.1	5
-2.2	5
-2.3	4
-2.4	4
-2.5	4
-2.6	4
-2.7	4
-2.8	3
-2.9	3
-3.0	



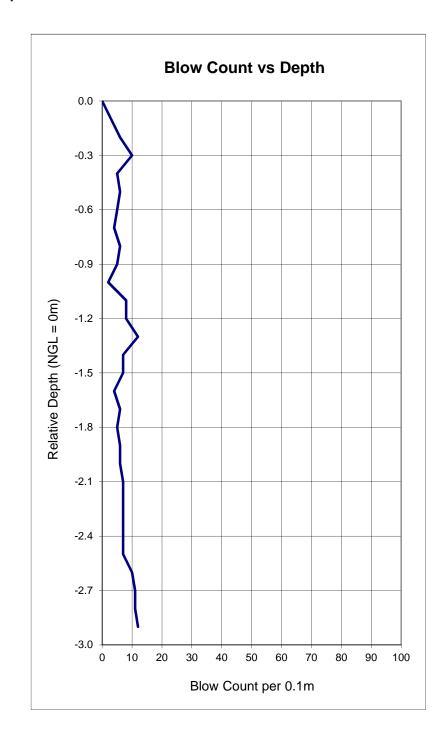
## PENETROMETER RESULTS: DC08

**Proj. No.** J01945

**Project:** Upgrade to SWWTW

Site: SWWTW
Date: 25/09/2014
Done by: R Naidoo

Depth	Blows
(m)	( per 0.1m)
0.0	0
-0.1	3
-0.2	6
-0.3	10
-0.4	5
-0.5	6
-0.6	5
-0.7	4
-0.8	6
-0.9	5
-1.0	2
-1.1	8
-1.2	8
-1.3	12
-1.4	7
-1.5	7
-1.6	4 6
-1.7	
-1.8	5
-1.9	6
-2.0	6
-2.1	7
-2.2	7
-2.3	7
-2.4	6 6 7 7 7 7 7
-2.5	7
-2.6	10
-2.7	11
-2.8	11
-2.9	12
-3.0	



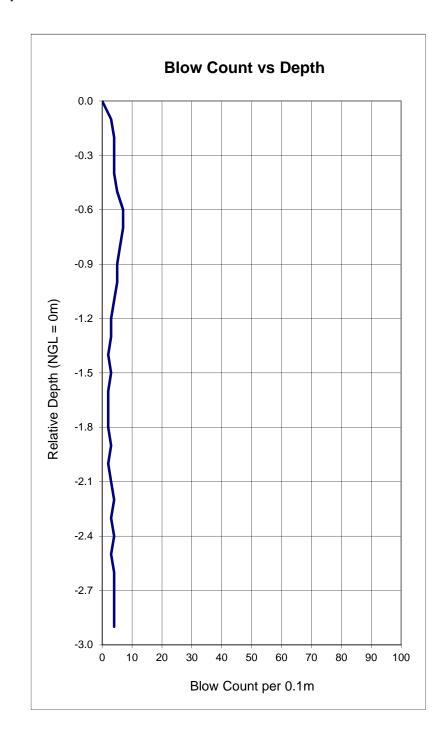
## PENETROMETER RESULTS: DC09

**Proj. No.** J01945

**Project:** Upgrade to SWWTW

Site: SWWTW
Date: 25/09/2014
Done by: R Naidoo

Depth	Blows
(m)	( per 0.1m)
0.0	0
-0.1	3
-0.2	4
-0.3	4
-0.4	4
-0.5	5 7
-0.6	
-0.7	7
-0.8	6
-0.9	5
-1.0	5
-1.1	4
-1.2	3
-1.3	3 2
-1.4	
-1.5	3 2 2 2 2 3 2
-1.6	2
-1.7	2
-1.8	2
-1.9	3
-2.0	2
-2.1	3
-2.2	4
-2.3	3
-2.4	4
-2.5	3
-2.6	4
-2.7	4
-2.8	4
-2.9	4
-3.0	



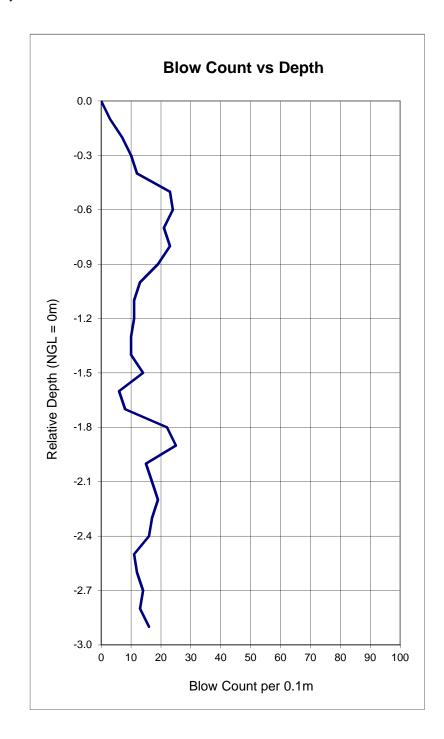
## PENETROMETER RESULTS: DC10

**Proj. No.** J01945

**Project:** Upgrade to SWWTW

Site: SWWTW
Date: 25/09/2014
Done by: R Naidoo

Depth	Blows
(m)	( per 0.1m)
0.0	0
-0.1	3
-0.2	7
-0.3	10
-0.4	12
-0.5	23
-0.6	24
-0.7	21
-0.8	23
-0.9	19
-1.0	13
-1.1	11
-1.2	11
-1.3	10
-1.4	10
-1.5	14
-1.6	6
-1.7	8
-1.8	22
-1.9	25
-2.0	15
-2.1	17
-2.2	19
-2.3	17
-2.4	16
-2.5	11
-2.6	12
-2.7	14
-2.8	13
-2.9	16
-3.0	



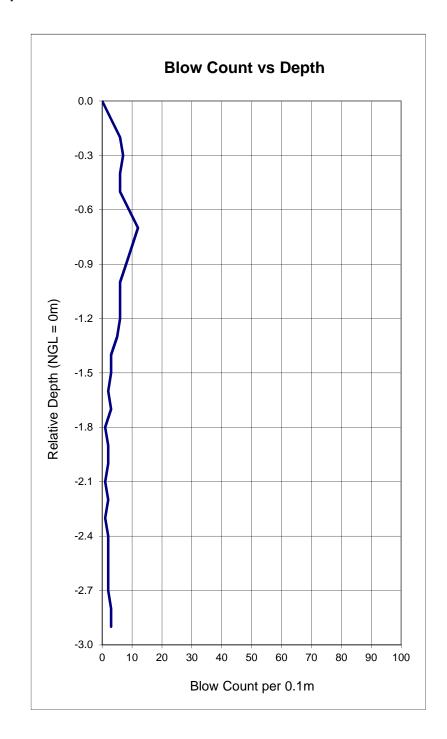
## PENETROMETER RESULTS: DC11

**Proj. No.** J01945

**Project:** Upgrade to SWWTW

Site: SWWTW
Date: 25/09/2014
Done by: R Naidoo

Depth	Blows
(m)	( per 0.1m)
0.0	0
-0.1	3
-0.2	6
-0.3	7
-0.4	6
-0.5	6
-0.6	9
-0.7	12
-0.8	10
-0.9	8
-1.0	6
-1.1	6
-1.2	6
-1.3	5
-1.4	3
-1.5	3 3 2
-1.6	2
-1.7	3
-1.8	1
-1.9	2
-2.0	2 2 1
-2.1	1
-2.2	2
-2.3	1
-2.4	2 2
-2.5	2
-2.6	2
-2.7	2
-2.8	3
-2.9	3
-3.0	



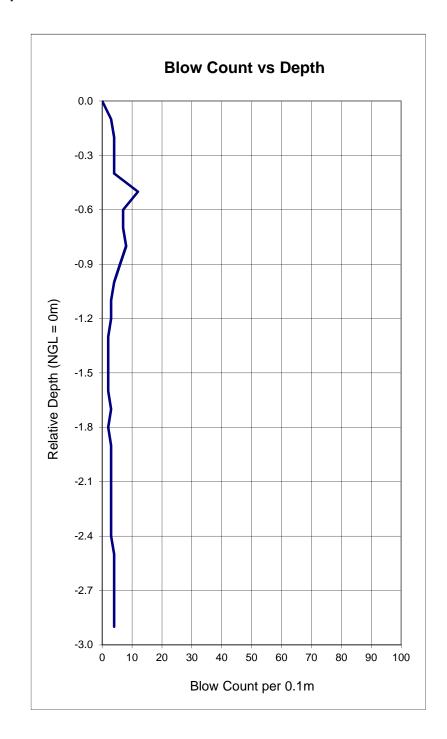
## PENETROMETER RESULTS: DC12

**Proj. No.** J01945

**Project:** Upgrade to SWWTW

Site: SWWTW
Date: 25/09/2014
Done by: R Naidoo

Depth	Blows
(m)	( per 0.1m)
0.0	0
-0.1	3
-0.2	4
-0.3	4
-0.4	4
-0.5	12
-0.6	7
-0.7	7
-0.8	8
-0.9	6
-1.0	4
-1.1	3
-1.2	3
-1.3	2
-1.4	2
-1.5	2 2
-1.6	2
-1.7	3
-1.8	2
-1.9	3
-2.0	3
-2.1	3
-2.2	3
-2.3	3
-2.4	3
-2.5	4
-2.6	4
-2.7	4
-2.8	4
-2.9	4
-3.0	



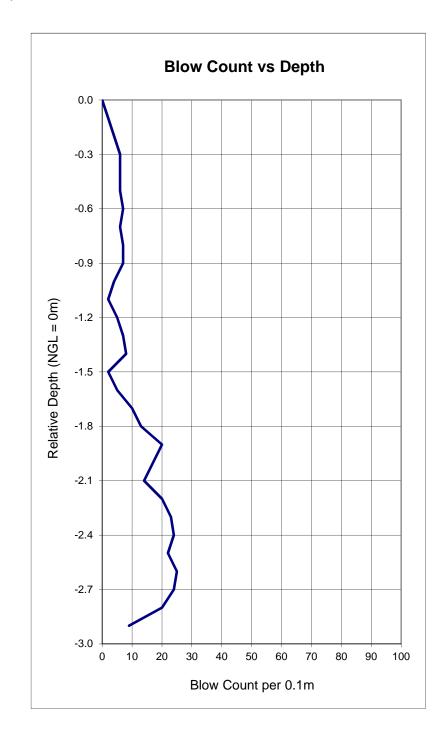
## PENETROMETER RESULTS: DC13

**Proj. No.** J01945

**Project:** Upgrade to SWWTW

Site: SWWTW
Date: 25/09/2014
Done by: R Naidoo

Depth	Blows				
(m)	( per 0.1m)				
0.0	0				
-0.1	2				
-0.2	4				
-0.3	6				
-0.4	6				
-0.5	6				
-0.6	7				
-0.7	6				
-0.8	7				
-0.9	7				
-1.0	4				
-1.1	2				
-1.2	5				
-1.3	7 8				
-1.4					
-1.5	2				
-1.6	5				
-1.7	10				
-1.8	13				
-1.9	20				
-2.0	17				
-2.1	14				
-2.2	20				
-2.3	23				
-2.4	24				
-2.5	22				
-2.6	25				
-2.7	24				
-2.8	20				
-2.9	9				
-3.0					



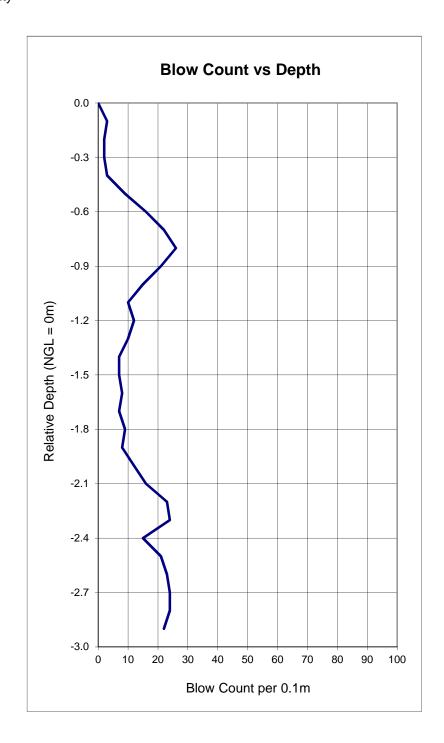
## PENETROMETER RESULTS: DC14

**Proj. No.** J01945

**Project:** Upgrade to SWWTW

Site: SWWTW
Date: 25/09/2014
Done by: R Naidoo

Depth	Blows					
(m)	( per 0.1m)					
0.0	0					
-0.1	3					
-0.2	2					
-0.3	2					
-0.4	3					
-0.5	9					
-0.6	16					
-0.7	22					
-0.8	26					
-0.9	21					
-1.0	15					
-1.1	10					
-1.2	12					
-1.3	10 7					
-1.4						
-1.5	7					
-1.6	8					
-1.7	7					
-1.8	9					
-1.9	8					
-2.0	12					
-2.1	16					
-2.2	23					
-2.3	24					
-2.4	15					
-2.5	21					
-2.6	23					
-2.7	24					
-2.8	24					
-2.9	22					
-3.0						



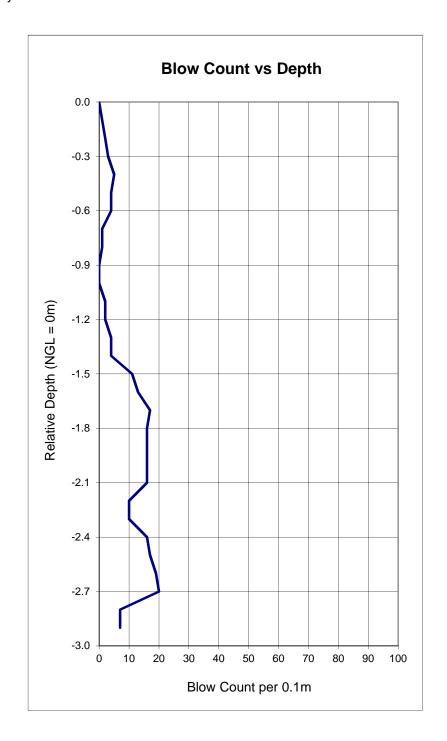
## PENETROMETER RESULTS: DC15

**Proj. No.** J01945

**Project:** Upgrade to SWWTW

Site: SWWTW
Date: 25/09/2014
Done by: R Naidoo

Depth	Blows					
(m)	( per 0.1m)					
0.0	0					
-0.1	1					
-0.2	2					
-0.3	3					
-0.4	5					
-0.5	4					
-0.6	4					
-0.7	1					
-0.8	1					
-0.9	0					
-1.0	0					
-1.1	2					
-1.2	2					
-1.3	4					
-1.4						
-1.5	11					
-1.6	13					
-1.7	17					
-1.8	16					
-1.9	16					
-2.0	16					
-2.1	16					
-2.2	10					
-2.3	10					
-2.4	16					
-2.5	17					
-2.6	19					
-2.7	20					
-2.8	7					
-2.9	7					
-3.0						



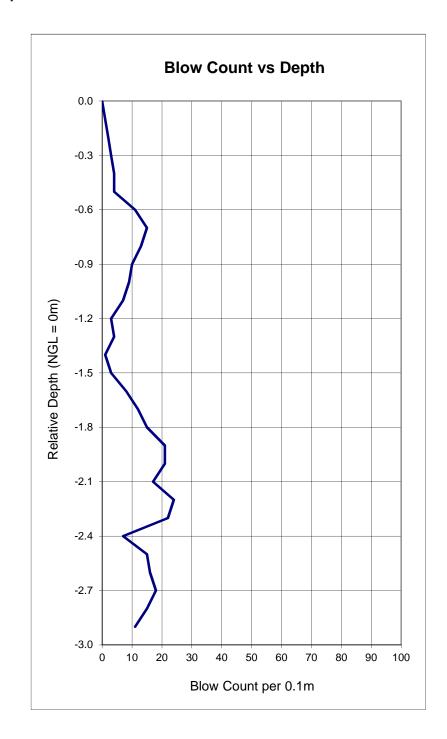
## PENETROMETER RESULTS: DC16

**Proj. No.** J01945

**Project:** Upgrade to SWWTW

Site: SWWTW
Date: 25/09/2014
Done by: R Naidoo

Depth	Blows					
(m)	( per 0.1m)					
0.0	0					
-0.1	1					
-0.2	2					
-0.3	3					
-0.4	4					
-0.5	4					
-0.6	11					
-0.7	15					
-0.8	13					
-0.9	10					
-1.0	9					
-1.1	7					
-1.2	3					
-1.3	4 1					
-1.4						
-1.5	3					
-1.6	8					
-1.7	12					
-1.8	15					
-1.9	21					
-2.0	21					
-2.1	17					
-2.2	24					
-2.3	22					
-2.4	7					
-2.5	15					
-2.6	16					
-2.7	18					
-2.8	15					
-2.9	11					
-3.0						



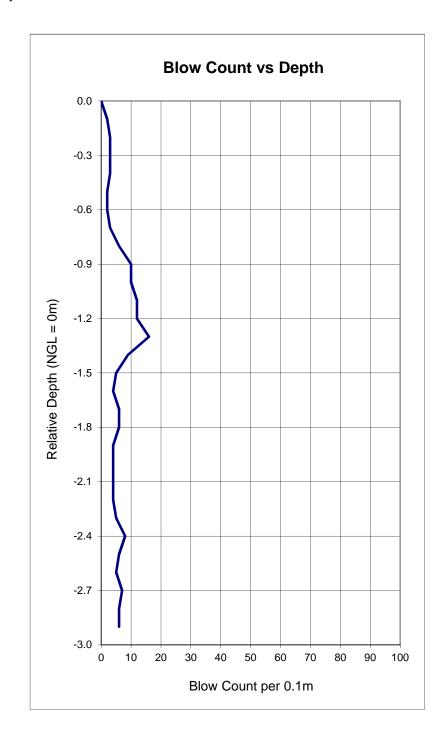
## PENETROMETER RESULTS: DC17

**Proj. No.** J01945

**Project:** Upgrade to SWWTW

Site: SWWTW
Date: 25/09/2014
Done by: R Naidoo

Depth	Blows				
(m)	( per 0.1m)				
0.0	0				
-0.1	2				
-0.2	3				
-0.3	3				
-0.4	3				
-0.5	3 2				
-0.6	2				
-0.7	3				
-0.8	6				
-0.9	10				
-1.0	10				
-1.1	12				
-1.2	12				
-1.3	16 9				
-1.4					
-1.5	5				
-1.6	4				
-1.7	6				
-1.8	6				
-1.9	4				
-2.0	4				
-2.1	4				
-2.2	4				
-2.3	5				
-2.4	8				
-2.5	6				
-2.6	5				
-2.7	7				
-2.8	6				
-2.9	6				
-3.0					



## **DPSH RESULTS**

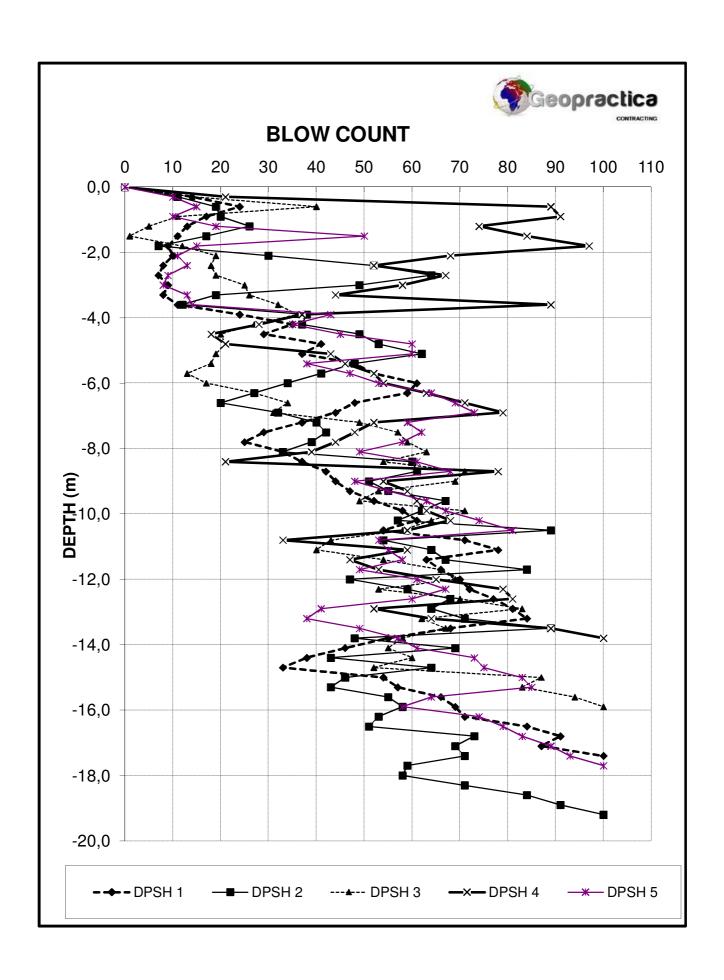
## **DPSH BLOW COUNT REPORT**

Client AECOM Project SWWTW Site SWWTW



Engineer Rannel Job no 693 Date 10-Jun-14

Depth	DPSH 1	DPSH 2	DPSH 3	DPSH 4	DPSH 5	Depth	DPSH 1	DPSH 2	DPSH 3	DPSH 4	DPSH 5
						13,2	84	71	62	64	38
0,3	14	11	14	21	10	13,5	68	89	67	89	49
0,6	24	19	40	89	15	13,8	55	48	58	100	57
0,9	17	20	11	91	10	14,1	46	69	55		61
1,2	13	26	5	74	19	14,4	38	43	60		73
1,5	11	17	1	84	50	14,7	33	64	52		75
1,8	9	7	12	97	15	15,0	54	46	87		83
2,1	10	30	19	68	11	15,3	57	43	83		85
2,4	8	52	18	52	13	15,6	66	55	94		64
2,7	7	64	19	67	9	15,9	69	58	100		58
3,0	9	49	25	58	8	16,2	71	53			74
3,3	8	19	26	44	13	16,5	84	51			79
3,6	11	12	32	89	14	16,8	91	73			83
3,9	24	38	36	37	43	17,1	87	69			89
4,2	35	37	27	28	35	17,4	100	71			93
4,5	29	49	20	18	45	17,7		59			100
4,8	41	53	21	21	60	18,0		58			
5,1	37	62	19	43	60	18,3		71			
5,4	48	48	18	46	38	18,6		84			
5,7	52	41	13	52	47	18,9		91			
6,0	61	34	17	54	53	19,2		100			
6,3	59	27	27	63	64	19,5					
6,6	48	20	34	71	69	19,8					
6,9	44	32	31	79	73	20,1					
7,2	37	40	49	52	59	20,4					
7,5	29	42	57	48	62	20,7					
7,8	25	39	59	44	58	21,0					
8,1	33	33	63	39	49	21,3					
8,4	37	60	54	21	61	21,6					
8,7	42	61	71	78	68	21,9					
9,0	44	51	69	54	48	22,2					
9,3	47	55	53	59	55	22,5					
9,6	52	67	49	61	63	22,8					
9,9	58	62	71	63	67	23,1					
10,2	61	57	64	68	74	23,4					
10,5	54	89	58	59	81	23,7					
10,8	71	54	43	33	53	24,0					
11,1	78	64	40	59	55	24,3					
11,4	63	67	54	47	58	24,6					
11,7	66	84	66	53	49	24,9					
12,0	70	47	69	65	61	25,2					
12,3	72	59	53	79	67	Rem:					
12,6	77	68	70	81	60						
12,9	81	64	83	52	41						
		Drive									
0,3	1	2	2	1	2						
0,6		1	1	1	1			<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>



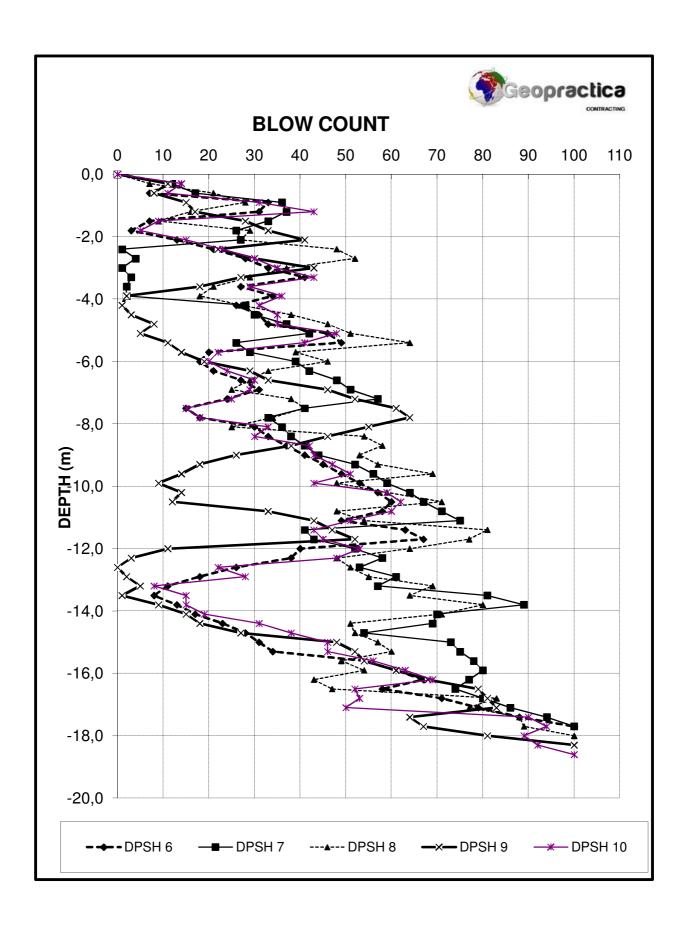
## **DPSH BLOW COUNT REPORT**

Client AECOM Project SWWTW Site SWWTW



Engineer Rannel Job no 693 Date 10-Jun-14

Depth	DPSH 6	DPSH 7	DPSH 8	DPSH 9	DPSH 10	Depth	DPSH 6	DPSH 7	DPSH 8	DPSH 9	DPSH 10
						13,2	11	57	69	5	8
0,3	12	12	7	11	14	13,5	8	81	64	1	15
0,6	7	17	21	8	11	13,8	13	89	80	9	15
0,9	33	36	28	15	31	14,1	17	70	71	15	19
1,2	31	37	16	17	43	14,4	23	69	51	18	31
1,5	7	33	9	28	9	14,7	28	54	52	27	38
1,8	3	26	29	33	5	15,0	31	73	57	48	46
2,1	13	27	27	41	15	15,3	34	75	60	52	46
2,4	21	1	48	22	23	15,6	54	78	49	54	56
2,7	28	4	52	30	30	15,9	61	80	54	61	63
3,0	33	1	37	43	35	16,2	67	77	43	68	69
3,3	41	3	29	27	43	16,5	58	74	47	79	52
3,6	27	2	21	18	29	16,8	71	80	83	81	53
3,9	34	2	18	2	36	17,1	79	86	77	83	50
4,2	26	28	27	1	31	17,4	88	94	88	64	90
4,5	31	30	38	3	35	17,7	100	100	89	67	94
4,8	33	37	46	8	35	18,0			100	81	89
5,1	46	42	51	5	48	18,3				100	92
5,4	49	26	64	11	41	18,6					100
5,7	20	29	39	14	22	18,9					
6,0	18	39	46	19	20	19,2					
6,3	21	42	33	29	24	19,5					
6,6	27	48	29	33	30	19,8					
6,9	31	51	25	46	29	20,1					
7,2	24	57	38	52	25	20,4					
7,5	15	41	41	61	15	20,7					
7,8	18	33	34	64	18	21,0					
8,1	30	36	25	55	33	21,3					
8,4	33	38	54	46	30	21,6					
8,7	37	41	58	38	42	21,9					
9,0	41	44	53	26	43	22,2					
9,3	45	52	57	18	47	22,5					
9,6	49	56	69	14	51	22,8					
9,9	53	59	48	9	43	23,1					
10,2	57	64	59	14	59	23,4					
10,5	60	67	71	12	62	23,7					
10,8	58	71 75	48	33	60	24,0					
11,1	49	75 41	54	43 47	51	24,3					
11,4	63 67	41	81 77		43 45	24,6					
11,7	67	43	77	52	45 52	24,9					
12,0	40	52 58	64	11	53 48	25,2			<u> </u>  - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		<u>l</u> ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
12,3	38	58 53	48	3	48	Rem:					
12,6	26	53	51 55	0	22						
12,9	18	61	55	2	28						
0.2		Drive									
0,3 0,6	1	1	2	1	2	<b>4</b> ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::					



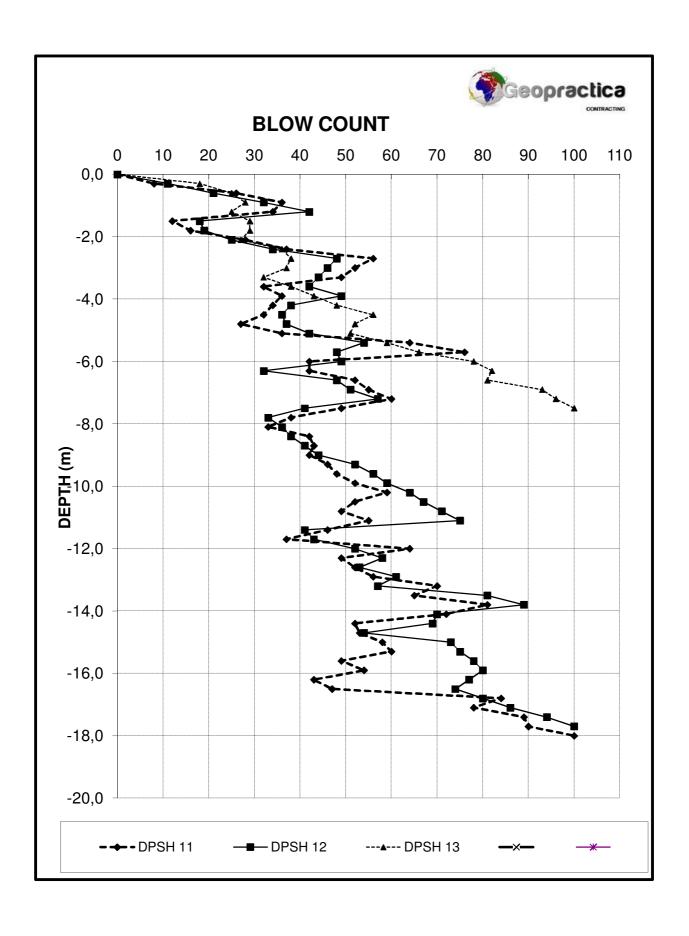
## **DPSH BLOW COUNT REPORT**

Client AECOM Project SWWTW Site SWWTW



Engineer Rannel Job no 693 Date 10-Jun-14

Depth	DPSH 11	DPSH 12	DPSH 13		Depth	DPSH 11	DPSH 12	DPSH 13	
•					13,2	70	57		
0,3	8	11	18		13,5	65	81		
0,6	26	21	25		13,8	81	89		
0,9	36	32	28		14,1	72	70		
1,2	34	42	25		14,4	52	69		
1,5	12	18	29		14,7	53	54		
1,8	16	19	29		15,0	58	73		
2,1	28	25	27		15,3	60	75		
2,4	37	34	36		15,6	49	78		
2,7	56	48	38		15,9	54	80		
3,0	52	46	37		16,2	43	77		
3,3	49	44	32		16,5	47	74		
3,6	32	42	38		16,8	84	80		
3,9	36	49	43		17,1	78	86		
4,2	34	38	48		17,4	89	94		
4,5	32	36	56		17,7	90	100		
4,8	27	37	52		18,0	100			
5,1	36	42	51		18,3				
5,4	64	54	59		18,6				
5,7	76	48	66		18,9				
6,0	42	49	78		19,2				
6,3	42	32	82		19,5				
6,6	52	48	81		19,8				
6,9	55	51	93		20,1				
7,2	60	57	96		20,4				
7,5	49	41	100		20,7				
7,8	38	33			21,0				
8,1	33	36			21,3				
8,4	42	38			21,6				
8,7	43	41			21,9				
9,0	42	44			22,2				
9,3	46	52			22,5				
9,6	48	56			22,8				ļ
9,9	52	59			23,1				<del> </del>
10,2 10,5	59	64 67			23,4				
	52 49				23,7				
10,8 11,1	55	71 75			24,0 24,3				
11,1	46	41			24,3				
11,4	37	43			24,6				+
12,0	64	52			25,2				+
12,0	49	58			Rem:	<u> </u> 		<u> </u> 	<u> </u> 
12,6	52	53			, içili.				
12,0	56	61							
12,3		Drive	<u> </u>						
0,3	1	1	1						
0,6	1	1	1						
٥,٠	<u>'</u>	'	'		<u> p. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.</u>	<u></u>			 ·.·.·.



# ANNEXURE D LABORATORY RESULTS

## FOUNDATION INDICATOR RESULT





CLIENT : Aecom

: 1st Floor, 17 The Boulevard **ADDRESS** 

Westway Office Park

Westville 3630

ATTENTION : Mr R. Naidoo

: Southern Waste Water Treatment **PROJECT** 

#### **TEST REPORT REFERENCE NUMBER: 19213**

#### Dear Sir/Madam,

Enclosed herewith, please find the original reports pertaining to the above-mentioned project

Date Received	08.10.	08.10.2014					
Date Tested	08.10.	08.10.2014 to 28.10.2014					
Sample Location	Refer	Refer to Report					
Sampling Method	N/A						
Sample Condition	Moist						
Sampling Environmental Condition	N/A						
Sampler(s) Name	Client	Client					
Total Number of Pages	30	30					
	Test (	Carried Out					
TMH1 Method A1, B4, A5	<b>4</b>	TMH1 Method C3					
TMH1 Method A2, A3, A4	<b>V</b>	TMH1 Method C4a					
TMH1 Method A7	<b>V</b>	TMH1 Method B6					
TMH1 Method A8, A9	<b>4</b>	Hydrometer Analysis - ASTM D422	<b>4</b>				
TMH1 Method A10(b)		SANS 5863					
TMH1 Method A13T + A14app		SANS 5862-1					
TMH1 Method A15d		SANS 5860, 5861-1, 5861-2, 5861-3					
TMH1 Method A13T + A16T		TMH1 Method B9					

We would like to take this opportunity of thanking you for your continued support. Should you have any queries please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours faithfully

**Technical Signatory**,

Kris Veeran for Geosure (Pty) Ltd.

This report may not be reproduced except in full, without written permission from Geosure (Pty) Ltd. While every care is taken to ensure the correctness of all tests and reports, neither Geosure (Pty) Ltd or its employees shall be liable in any way whatsoever for any error made in the execution or reporting of tests or any erroneous conclusions drawn there from or any consequence thereof. This report relates only to the sample/s tested.

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LABORATORY AND HEAD OFFICE ADDRESS: 122 Intersite Avenue, Umgeni Business Park, Durban, 4091

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 e-mail:geosure@iafrica.com

WEBSITE: www.geosure.co.za

Client : Aecom Our Ref. : 19213

Project : Southern Waste Water Treatment Your Ref. : -

Project		Souther	ii vvaste vvater rrea	unent	Tour Rei	-	
					Date Tested:	17.10.2014	
Attention	: 1	Ms R.Na	idoo		Date Reported:	20.10.2014	
Sample No.			31242	31244	31245	31246	31247
Field No.			TP 01	TP 02	TP 02	TP 05	TP 07
Position in Field							
Depth (m)			1.3-1.9	0.6-1.6	1.6-2.9	2.6-2.7	1.5-2.8
Material Description			Grey Orange Brown Silty Sand	Orange Brown Silty Sand	Dark/Light Grey Slightly Clayey Sand	Dark/Light Grey Slightly Clayey Sand	Grey Slightly Silty Sand
			Sieve Ana	alysis ( ASTM - D42	22)	·	
	63.0	mm	100	100	100	100	100
	53.0	mm	100	100	100	100	100
_	37.5	mm	100	100	100	100	100
ت	26.5	mm	100	100	100	100	100
SSi	19.0	mm	100	100	100	100	100
% Passing	13.2	mm	100	100	100	100	100
%	4.75	mm	100	100	100	100	100
	2.00	mm	100	100	100	100	100
	0.425	mm	97	98	98	99	96
	0.075	mm	9	17	17	26	6
			Hydrometer	Analysis ( ASTM -	D422 )		
	0.060	mm	7	13	14	23	5
	0.050	mm	5	11	11	21	4
_	0.040	mm	5	11	11	21	4
% Passing	0.026	mm	5	11	11	21	4
SS	0.015	mm	5	11	11	21	4
Ъа	0.010	mm	5	11	9	21	4
%	0.0074	mm	5	11	9	20	3
	0.0036	mm	5	9	9	20	3
	0.0020	mm	5	9	8	20	3
	0.0015	mm	4	7	8	18	2
			Soil	Mortar Analysis	1	I	
Coarse Sand		%	3	2	1	1	4
Coarse Fine Sand		%	30	29	23	20	26
Medium Fine San	d	%	53	47	52	47	56
Fine Fine Sand		%	6	6	6	7	8
Silt & Clay		%	9	17	17	26	6
Grading Modulus	•		0.9	0.9	0.9	0.7	1.0
			Atterberg L	imits and Classific	ation	<b>.</b>	
Liquid Limit		%	NP	SP	SP	19	NP
Plasticity Index		%	NP	SP	SP	6	NP
Linear Shrinkage		%	0.0	0.5	0.5	3.5	0.0
AASHTO Classific		ndex)*	A-3(0)	A-2-4(0)	A-2-4(0)	A-2-4(8)	A-3(0)
Unified Classifica			SP-SM	SM	SM	SM-SC	SP-SM
Moisture Content		%	25.1	12.1	25.4	18.0	19.0
Remarks:	Date Received		2014.				
	Sampled by Cl						
	Deviation from	ASTMD	122 - Material naccin	a 0.425mm analyse	ad by bydrometer		

\*Opinions expressed herein fall outside the scope of SANAS accreditation.

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Deviation from ASTMD422 - Material passing 0.425mm analysed by hydrometer





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Mobile: +27(0) 82 784 0544 <u>e-mail:geosure@iafrica.com</u>

WEBSITE: www.geosure.co.za

Client : Aecom Job No. : 19213

Project: Southern Waste Water Treatment Your Ref.No.: -

**Date Tested** : 17.10.2014

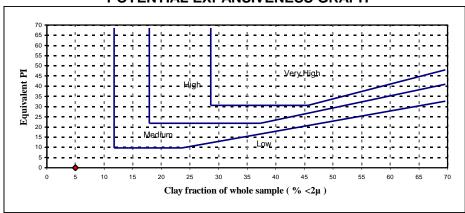
Attention: Ms R.Naidoo Date Reported: 20.10.2014

Sample Number : 31242 Field No. : TP 01

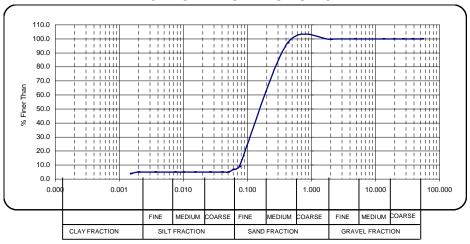
Sample Description : Grey Orange Brown Silty Sand

Equivalent PI : NP Clay fraction of whole sample (% <2μ) : 5

#### POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS GRAPH



#### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CHART







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Client : Aecom Job No. : 19213

Project: Southern Waste Water Treatment: Your Ref.No.: -

**Date Tested** : 17.10.2014

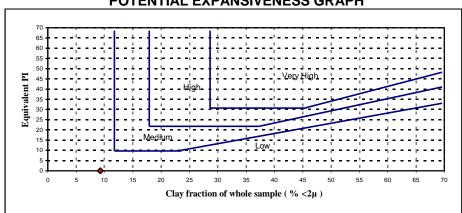
Attention : Ms R.Naidoo Date Reported : 20.10.2014

Sample Number : 31244 Field No. : TP 02

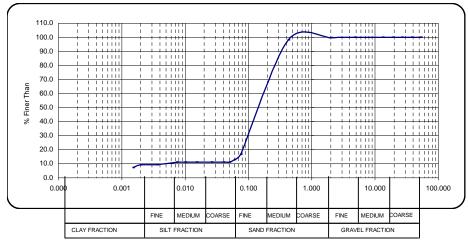
Sample Description : Orange Brown Silty Sand

Equivalent PI : Clay fraction of whole sample ( $\% < 2\mu$ ) : 9

#### POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS GRAPH



#### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CHART







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WEBSITE: www.geosure.co.za

Client : Aecom Job No. :

Project : Southern Waste Water Treatment Your Ref.No. :

Date Tested :

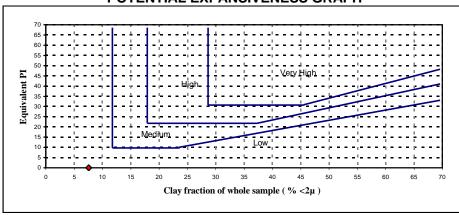
Attention : Ms R.Naidoo Date Reported :

Sample Number : 31245 Field No. : TP 02

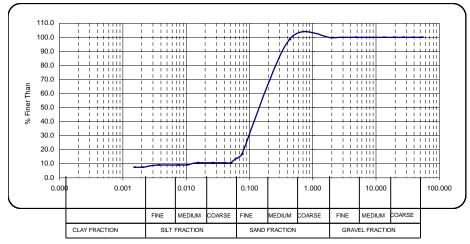
Sample Description : Dark/Light Grey Slightly Clayey Sand

Equivalent PI : Clay fraction of whole sample ( $\% < 2\mu$ ) : 8

#### POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS GRAPH



#### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CHART







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WEBSITE: <u>www.geosure.co.za</u>

Client : Aecom Job No. : 19213

Project: Southern Waste Water Treatment Your Ref.No.: -

**Date Tested** : 17.10.2014

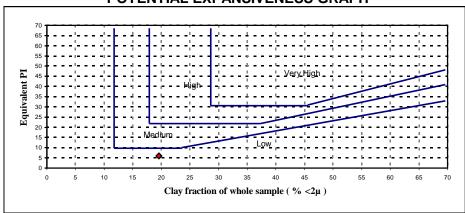
Attention: Ms R.Naidoo Date Reported: 20.10.2014

Sample Number : 31246 Field No. : TP 05

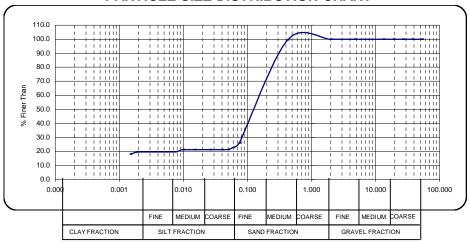
Sample Description : Dark/Light Grey Slightly Clayey Sand

Equivalent PI : 6 Clay fraction of whole sample ( $\% < 2\mu$ ) : 20

#### POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS GRAPH



#### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CHART







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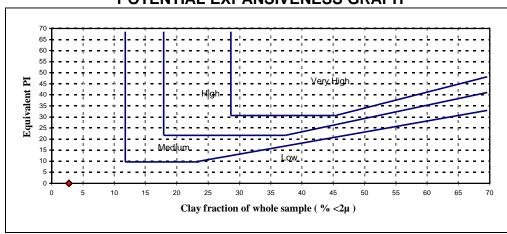
WEBSITE: www.geosure.co.za

Sample Number : 31247 Field No. : TP 07

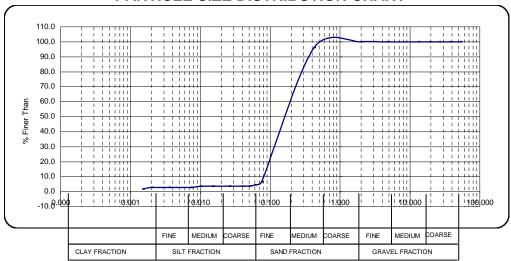
Sample Description : Grey Slightly Silty Sand

Equivalent PI : NP Clay fraction of whole sample (% <2μ) : 3

#### POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS GRAPH



#### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CHART







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WEBSITE: www.geosure.co.za

Client : Aecom Our Ref. : 19213

Project : Southern Waste Water Treatment Your Ref. : -

Project	: Se	outhern Waste Water Tre	eatment	Your Ref. :	-				
				Date Tested :	: 17.10.2014				
Attention	: M	s R.Naidoo Date Reported: 20.10.2014							
Sample No.		31248	31249	31250	31251	31252			
Field No.		TP 08	TP 09	TP 10	TP 12	TP 13			
Position in Field			<del>  </del>						
Depth (m)		1.3-2.8	1.8-3.0	2.4-2.8	2.4-2.5	1.7-3.0			
Material Description		Orange Grey Brow Clayey Silty Sand		Red Brown Sandy Clayey Silt	Black Clayey Silt	Greenish Brown Slightly Silty Sand			
		Sieve A	nalysis ( ASTM - D4	22)		•			
	63.0 m	i <b>m</b> 100	100	100	100	100			
	53.0 m	<b>m</b> 100	100	100	100	100			
_	37.5 m	<b>m</b> 100	100	100	100	100			
Du	26.5 m	m 100	100	100	100	100			
% Passing	19.0 m	<b>m</b> 100	100	100	100	100			
<u>σ</u>	13.2 m	<b>m</b> 100	100	100	100	100			
%	4.75 m	m 100	100	99	100	100			
	2.00 m	<b>m</b> 100	100	98	100	100			
	0.425 m	m 96	99	98	91	97			
	0.075 m	m 34	36	38	60	7			
		Hydromete	er Analysis ( ASTM -	D422)					
	0.060 m	m 31	33	35	55	5			
_	0.050 m	m 29	31	31	48	3			
	0.040 m	m 29	31	31	35	3			
% Passing	0.026 m	<b>m</b> 29	31	31	33	3			
SS	0.015 m	<b>m</b> 29	31	31	25	3			
Ъ	0.010 m	m 29	31	30	20	3			
%	0.0074 m	<b>m</b> 28	31	30	18	3			
	0.0036 m	<b>m</b> 26	29	30	13	3			
	0.0020 m	<b>m</b> 26	27	28	10	3			
	0.0015 m		27	28	8	2			
		Sc	oil Mortar Analysis	_	T				
Coarse Sand	%		1	1	9	2			
Coarse Fine Sand			14	8	8	36			
Medium Fine San			39	44	16	48			
Fine Fine Sand	%		10	8	6	6			
Silt & Clay	%		36	39	60	7			
Grading Modulus	i	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.5	1.0			
			Limits and Classific	1					
Liquid Limit	%		27	34	69	NP			
Plasticity Index	%		11	17	16	NP			
Linear Shrinkage			5.0	8.3	7.5	0.0			
AASHTO Classific		lex)* A-2-4(0)	A-6(0)	A-6(2)	A-7-5(11)	A-3(0)			
Unified Classifica		SC	SC	SC	MH	SP-SM			
Moisture Content	_		20.0	24.1	17.0	17.1			
Remarks:	Date Received:								
	Sampled by Clie								
	Deviation from 4	ASTMD422 - Material nass	sing 0.425mm analys	ed by hydrometer					

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Deviation from ASTMD422 - Material passing 0.425mm analysed by hydrometer





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WEBSITE: www.geosure.co.za

Client : Aecom Job No. : 19213

Project: Southern Waste Water Treatment: Your Ref.No.: -

**Date Tested** : 17.10.2014

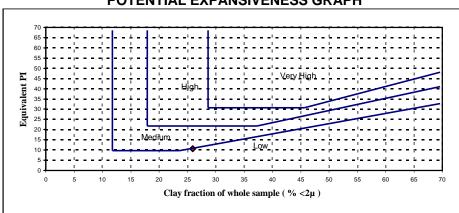
Attention : Ms R.Naidoo Date Reported : 20.10.2014

Sample Number : 31248 Field No. : TP 08

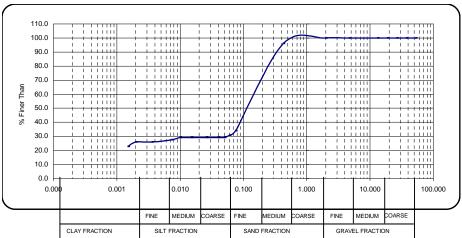
Sample Description : Orange Grey Brown Clayey Silty Sand

Equivalent PI : 11 Clay fraction of whole sample ( $\% < 2\mu$ ) : 26

#### POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS GRAPH



#### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CHART







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**Date Tested** : 17.10.2014

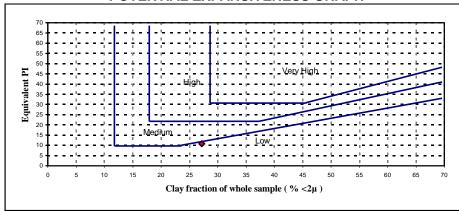
Attention : Ms R.Naidoo Date Reported : 20.10.2014

Sample Number : 31249 Field No. : TP 09

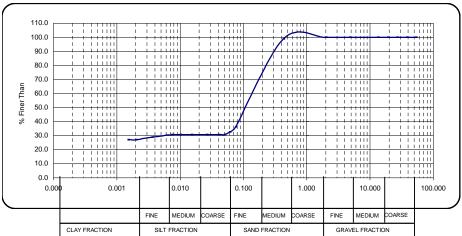
Sample Description : Red Brown Sandy Clayey Silt

Equivalent PI : 11 Clay fraction of whole sample ( $\% < 2\mu$ ) : 27

#### POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS GRAPH



#### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CHART







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Client : Aecom Job No. :

Project : Southern Waste Water Treatment Your Ref.No. :

Date Tested :

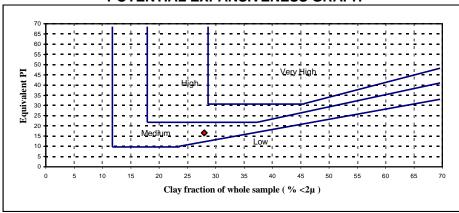
Attention : Ms R.Naidoo Date Reported :

Sample Number : 31250 Field No. : TP 10

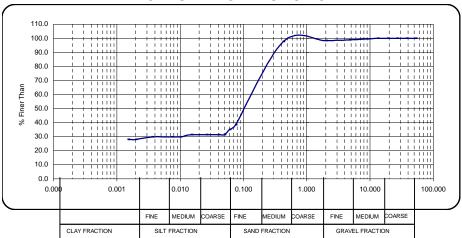
Sample Description : Red Brown Sandy Clayey Silt

Equivalent PI : 17 Clay fraction of whole sample ( $\% < 2\mu$ ) : 28

#### POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS GRAPH



#### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CHART







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**Date Tested** : 17.10.2014

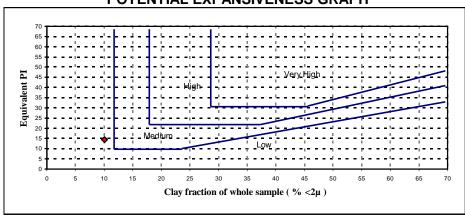
Attention : Ms R.Naidoo Date Reported : 20.10.2014

Sample Number : 31251 Field No. : TP 12

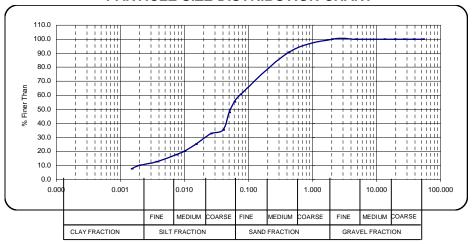
Sample Description : Black Clayey Silt

Equivalent PI : 14 Clay fraction of whole sample (% <2μ) : 10

#### POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS GRAPH



#### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CHART







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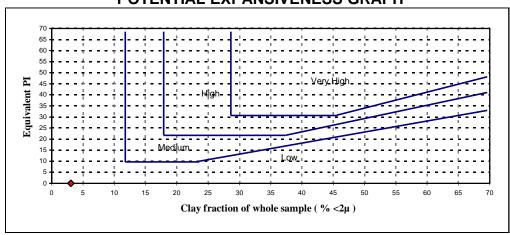
WEBSITE: www.geosure.co.za

Sample Number : 31252 Field No. : TP 13

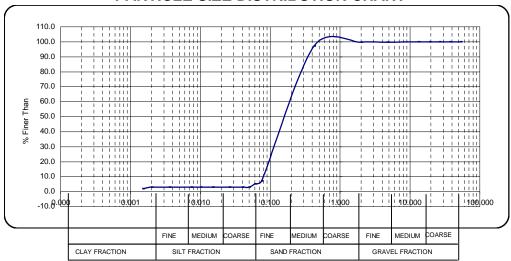
Sample Description : Greenish Brown Slightly Salty Sand

Equivalent PI : NP Clay fraction of whole sample (% <2μ) : 3

#### POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS GRAPH



#### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CHART







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WEBSITE: www.geosure.co.za

Client Our Ref. : 19213 : Aecom

Project	:	: Southern Waste Water Treatment			Your Ref. : -			
					Date Tested : 17.10.2014			
Attention	:	Ms R.Na	idoo		Date Reported:	20.10.2014		
Sample No.			31253	31255	31256	31257	31258	
Field No.			TP 15	TP 16	TP 16	TP 17	BH 01	
Position in Field								
Depth (m)			1.6-2.5	3.0-3.2	2.4-3.0	2.6-3.0	8.05-8.6	
Material Description			Orange Brown Silty Sand	Black Clayey Silty	Greenish Grey Brown Clayey Silty Clay	Grey Silty Sand	Grey Black Silty Clay	
			Sieve Ana	alysis ( ASTM - D42	22)			
	63.0	mm	100	100	100	100	100	
	53.0	mm	100	100	100	100	100	
	37.5	mm	100	100	100	100	100	
ng	26.5	mm	100	100	100	100	100	
SSi	19.0	mm	100	100	100	100	100	
% Passing	13.2	mm	97	100	100	100	100	
- %	4.75	mm	97	100	100	100	100	
	2.00	mm	97	100	100	100	100	
	0.425	mm	95	100	98	97	100	
	0.075	mm	4	97	20	13	83	
			Hydrometer	Analysis ( ASTM -	D422 )			
	0.060	mm	3	91	16	11	79	
	0.050	mm	3	86	14	9	71	
	0.040	mm	3	81	14	9	62	
% Passing	0.026	mm	3	73	14	9	52	
SSi	0.015	mm	3	64	14	9	46	
g B	0.010	mm	2	59	14	9	42	
- %	0.0074	mm	2	51	14	9	35	
	0.0036	mm	1	43	12	7	27	
	0.0020	mm	1	38	10	5	25	
	0.0015	mm	1	30	10	5	21	
			Soil	Mortar Analysis				
Coarse Sand		%	3	0	2	2	0	
Coarse Fine Sand		%	33	1	24	19	1	
Medium Fine San	d	%	54	2	45	55	7	
Fine Fine Sand		%	6	0	8	10	8	
Silt & Clay		%	5	97	20	13	83	
<b>Grading Modulus</b>			1.0	0.0	0.8	0.9	0.2	
			Atterberg L	imits and Classific	ation			
Liquid Limit		%	NP	57	SP	SP	46	
Plasticity Index		%	NP	21	SP	SP	27	
Linear Shrinkage		%	0.0	10.1	0.5	0.5	13.5	
AASHTO Classific	ation (Group	Index)*	A-3(0)	A-7-5(27)	A-2-4(0)	A-2-4(0)	A-7-6(23)	
Unified Classifica	tion*	-	SP	MH	SM	SM	CL	
Moisture Content		%	17.0	86.0	16.1	19.1	46.0	
Remarks:	Date Receiv	ed: 08.10.2	014.				•	
	Sampled by							

Deviation from ASTMD422 - Material passing 0.425mm analysed by hydrometer \*Opinions expressed herein fall outside the scope of SANAS accreditation. This report relates only to sample(s) received. This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the prior consent of GEOSURE (PTY) LTD.





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Client : Aecom Job No. : 19213

Project: Southern Waste Water Treatment Your Ref.No.: -

**Date Tested** : 17.10.2014

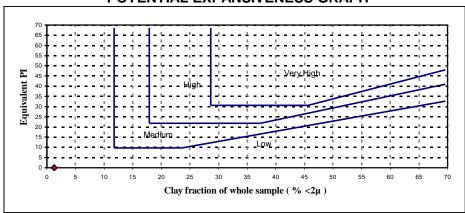
Attention : Ms R.Naidoo Date Reported : 20.10.2014

Sample Number : 31253 Field No. : TP 15

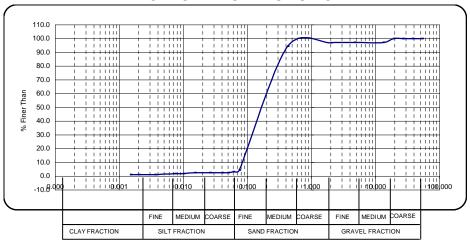
Sample Description : Orange Brown Silty Sand

Equivalent PI : NP Clay fraction of whole sample (% <2μ) : 1

#### POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS GRAPH



#### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CHART







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WEBSITE: www.geosure.co.za

Client : Aecom Job No. : 19213

Project: Southern Waste Water Treatment: Your Ref.No.: -

**Date Tested** : 17.10.2014

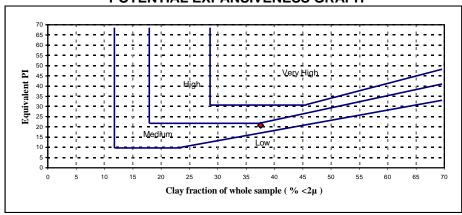
Attention : Ms R.Naidoo Date Reported : 20.10.2014

Sample Number : 31255 Field No. : TP 16

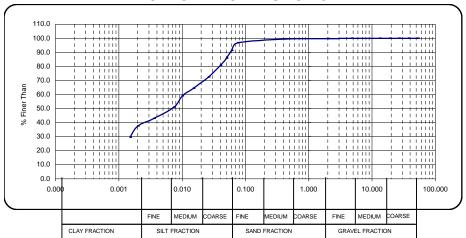
Sample Description : Black Clayey Silty

Equivalent PI : 21 Clay fraction of whole sample (% <2μ) : 38

#### POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS GRAPH



#### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CHART







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LABORATORY CONTACT INFO.: Tel.: +27(0) 31 701 9732 Fax: 086 684 9785

Mobile: +27(0) 72 870 2621 e-mail: <u>lab@geosure.co.za</u>

HEAD OFFICE CONTACT INFO.: Tel.: +27(0) 31 266 0458 Fax: 086 689 5506

Mobile: +27(0) 82 784 0544 <u>e-mail:geosure@iafrica.com</u>

WEBSITE: www.geosure.co.za

Client : Aecom Job No. :

Project : Southern Waste Water Treatment Your Ref.No. :

Date Tested :

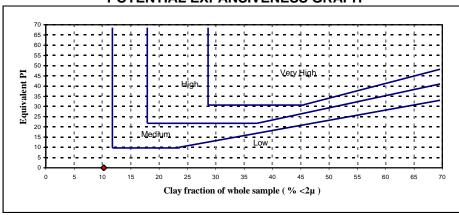
Attention : Ms R.Naidoo Date Reported :

Sample Number : 31256 Field No. : TP 16

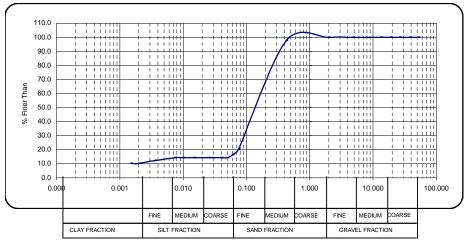
Sample Description : Greenish Grey Brown Clayey Silty Clay

Equivalent PI : Clay fraction of whole sample ( $\% < 2\mu$ ) : 10

#### POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS GRAPH



#### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CHART







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LABORATORY CONTACT INFO.: Tel.: +27(0) 31 701 9732 Fax: 086 684 9785

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WEBSITE: <u>www.geosure.co.za</u>

Client: Aecom Job No.: 19213

Project: Southern Waste Water Treatment Your Ref.No.: -

**Date Tested** : 17.10.2014

Attention : Ms R.Naidoo Date Reported : 20.10.2014

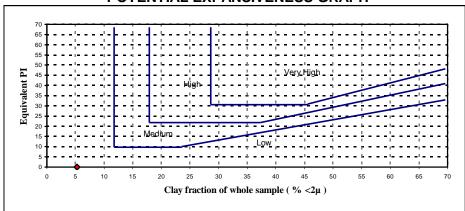
Sample Number : 31257 Field No. : TP 17

Sample Description : Grey Silty Sand

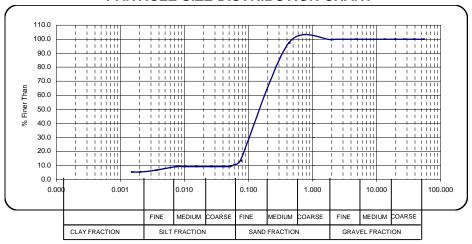
Equivalent PI : Clay fraction of whole sample (% <2μ) :

5

#### POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS GRAPH



#### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CHART







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Mobile: +27(0) 82 784 0544 <u>e-mail:geosure@iafrica.com</u>

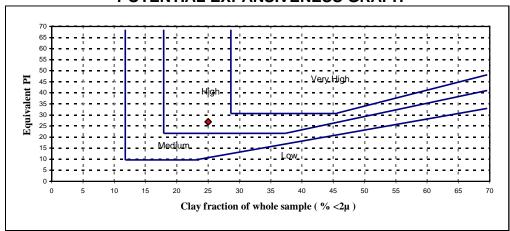
WEBSITE: www.geosure.co.za

Sample Number : 31258 Field No. : BH 01

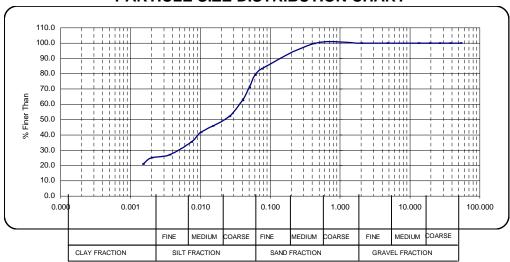
Sample Description : Grey Black Silty Clay

Equivalent PI : 27 Clay fraction of whole sample (% <2μ) : 25

#### POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS GRAPH



#### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CHART







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 Fax: 086 689 5506

 Mobile: +27(0) 82 784 0544
 e-mail:geosure@iafrica.com

WEBSITE: www.geosure.co.za

Client : Aecom Our Ref. : 19213

Project : Southern Waste Water Treatment Your Ref. : -

Project	:	Souther	n Waste Water Trea	tment	Your Ref. : -				
					Date Tested:	: 17.10.2014			
Attention	:	Ms R.Na	idoo		Date Reported:	20.10.2014			
Sample No.			31259	31260	31261	31262	31269		
Field No.			BH01	BH01	BH02A	BH02A	BH05		
Position in Field									
Depth (m)			0.52-10.07	11.33-11.76	10.23-10.77	13.07-13.60	11.08-11.47		
Material Description			Orange Brown Silty Sand	Black Clayey Silty	Greenish Grey Brown Clayey Silty Clay	Grey Silty Sand	Grey Slightly Clayer Silty Sand		
			Sieve Ana	alysis ( ASTM - D42	22)		!		
	63.0	mm	100	100	100	100	100		
	53.0	mm	100	100	100	100	100		
_	37.5	mm	100	100	100	100	100		
% Passing	26.5	mm	100	100	100	100	100		
SSi	19.0	mm	100	100	100	100	100		
ä	13.2	mm	100	100	100	100	100		
- %	4.75	mm	100	99	100	100	100		
•	2.00	mm	98	99	100	98	100		
	0.425	mm	96	98	93	51	95		
	0.075	mm	88	92	21	15	24		
			Hydrometer	Analysis ( ASTM -	D422 )				
	0.060	mm	84	87	18	13	21		
	0.050	mm	72	79	15	12	19		
	0.040	mm	62	66	14	11	19		
% Passing	0.026	mm	53	59	14	11	19		
SS	0.015	mm	45	50	14	11	19		
Ъа	0.010	mm	43	48	14	11	19		
%	0.0074	mm	38	42	12	11	19		
	0.0036	mm	29	31	11	10	19		
	0.0020	mm	24	28	11	10	19		
	0.0015	mm	22	26	11	10	17		
			Soil	Mortar Analysis	T		1		
Coarse Sand		%	2	1	7	48	5		
Coarse Fine Sand		%	2	1	23	15	27		
Medium Fine San	nd	%	2	1	38	18	38		
Fine Fine Sand		%	4	4	11	4	6		
Silt & Clay		%	90	93	21	15	24		
Grading Modulus			0.2	0.1	0.9	1.4	0.8		
			Atterberg L	imits and Classific	ation				
Liquid Limit		%	56	53	SP	23	24		
Plasticity Index		%	27	25	SP	8	9		
Linear Shrinkage	!	%	12.9	11.4	0.5	3.2	4.9		
AASHTO Classific		Index)*	A-7-6(27)	A-7-6(27)	A-2-4(0)	A-2-4(0)	A-2-4(0)		
Unified Classifica			CH	СН	SM	SC	SC		
Moisture Conten	t	%	51.0	42.8	22.2	20.1	15.9		
Remarks:	Date Receive	ed: 08.10.2	2014.		·				
	Sampled by	Client.					·		
	Dovintion from	m ACTMD	422 Motorial pagain	a 0 425mm analysis	ad by bydromotor				

Deviation from ASTMD422 - Material passing 0.425mm analysed by hydrometer
\*Opinions expressed herein fall outside the scope of SANAS accreditation.

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Mobile: +27(0) 82 784 0544 <u>e-mail:geosure@iafrica.com</u>

WEBSITE: www.geosure.co.za

Client : Aecom Job No. : 19213

Project: Southern Waste Water Treatment: Your Ref.No.: -

**Date Tested** : 17.10.2014

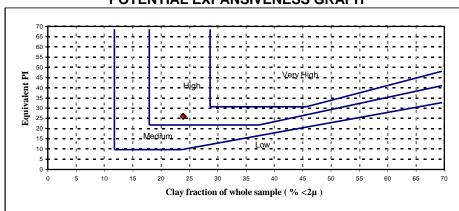
Attention : Ms R.Naidoo Date Reported : 20.10.2014

Sample Number : 31259 Field No. : BH01

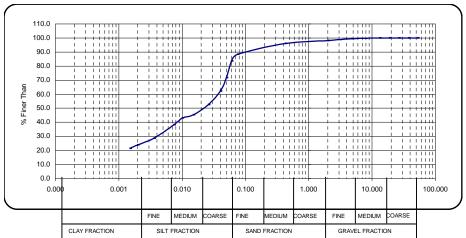
Sample Description : Orange Brown Silty Sand

Equivalent PI : 26 Clay fraction of whole sample ( $\% < 2\mu$ ) : 24

#### POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS GRAPH



#### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CHART







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WEBSITE: www.geosure.co.za

Client : Aecom Job No. : 19213

Project: Southern Waste Water Treatment: Your Ref.No.: -

**Date Tested** : 17.10.2014

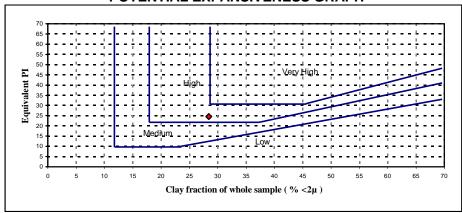
Attention : Ms R.Naidoo Date Reported : 20.10.2014

Sample Number : 31260 Field No. : BH01

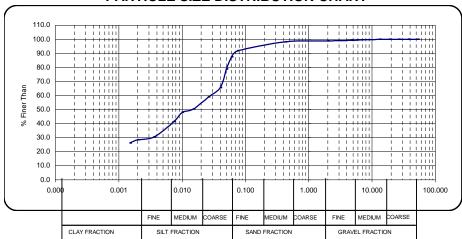
Sample Description : Black Clayey Silty

Equivalent PI : 25 Clay fraction of whole sample ( $\% < 2\mu$ ) : 28

#### POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS GRAPH



#### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CHART







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WEBSITE: www.geosure.co.za

Client : Aecom Job No. :

Project : Southern Waste Water Treatment Your Ref.No. :

Your Ref.No. : Date Tested :

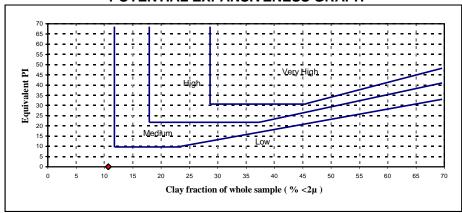
Attention : Ms R.Naidoo Date Reported :

Sample Number : 31261 Field No. : BH02A

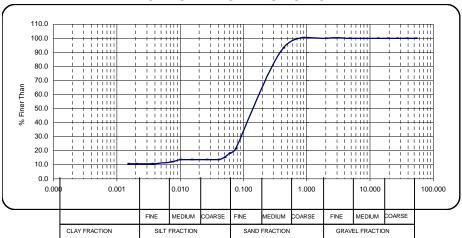
Sample Description : Greenish Grey Brown Clayey Silty Clay

Equivalent PI : Clay fraction of whole sample ( $\% < 2\mu$ ) : 11

#### POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS GRAPH



#### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CHART







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WEBSITE: <u>www.geosure.co.za</u>

Client : Aecom Job No. : 19213

Project: Southern Waste Water Treatment Your Ref.No.: -

**Date Tested** : 17.10.2014

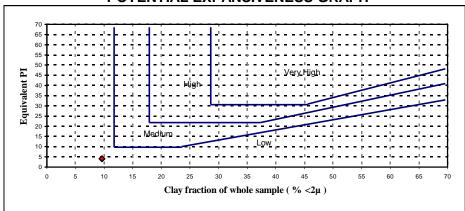
Attention: Ms R.Naidoo Date Reported: 20.10.2014

Sample Number : 31262 Field No. : BH02A

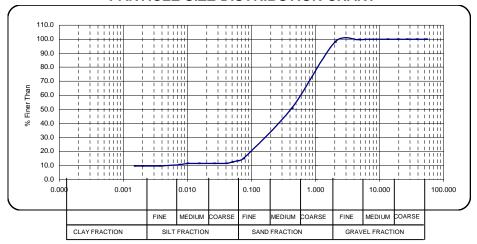
Sample Description : Grey Silty Sand

Equivalent PI : 4 Clay fraction of whole sample ( $\% < 2\mu$ ) : 10

#### POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS GRAPH



#### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CHART







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Mobile: +27(0) 82 784 0544 <u>e-mail:geosure@iafrica.com</u>

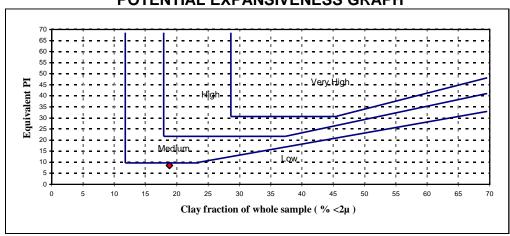
WEBSITE: www.geosure.co.za

Sample Number : 31269 Field No. : BH05

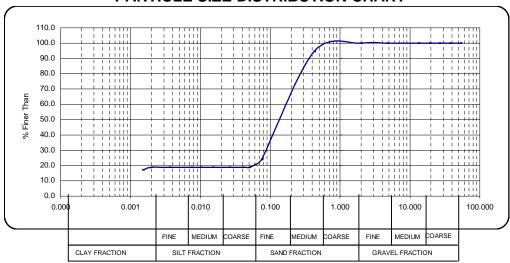
Sample Description : Grey Slightly Clayey Silty Sand

Equivalent PI : 9 Clay fraction of whole sample (% <2μ) : 19

#### POTENTIAL EXPANSIVENESS GRAPH



#### PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CHART



# MOD AASHTO & CBR RESULTS



LABORATORY: Reg. No.: 92/03145/07

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Fax: 086 684 9785 Tel.: +27 (0)31 701 9732 email: lab@geosure.co.za **HEAD OFFICE:** 

122 Intersite Avenue, Umgeni Business Park, Durban, 4091, KwaZulu Natal, South Africa. Tel: +27 (0)31 266 0458 Fax: 086 689 5506 email: geosure@iafrica.com www.geosure.co.za

Your Ref No. : -Client : Aecom Our Ref No. : 19213 : Southern Waste Water Treatment Works Project Attention : Ms R.Naidoo Date Reported: 21/10/2014

Test Report					
Sample No.	31243	31254			
Field No.	TP 01	TP 14			
Position					
Depth ( m )	0.5-1.3	0.8-1.9			
	Orange	Orange			
	Brown/Light	Brown/Light			
Material Description	Brown	Brown			
	(Slightly) Silty	(Slightly) Silty			
	Sand	Sand			

Sieve Ana	lysis ( Wet Pre	paration ) TMH1	- Method A1 (a)	- Percent Pass	ing Sieve Size	
	75.00					
	63.00					
Ē	53.00					
<b>E</b> )	37.50					
ure	26.50					
Sieve Aperture (mm)	19.00					
Αρ	13.20					
Š.	4.750	100	100			
Sie Sie	2.000	99	99			
•	0.425	62	90			
	0.075	5	13			
Grading Modulus		1.33	0.98			
Mechanical ar	alysis - TMH1 ·	Method A5 - Pe	ercent of Soil Mo	ortar (<2 mm) fo	r Grain Size rar	ige
Coarse Sand	2.000 - 0.425	37	9			
Coarse-Fine Sand	0.425 - 0.250	25	30			
Medium-Fine Sand	0.250 - 0.150	30	42			
Fine-Fine Sand	0.150 - 0.075	3	5			
Silt and Clay	< 0.075	5	13			
A	Atterberg Limits	TMH 1 - Metho	ds A2, A3, A4 oı	n <0.425 mm fra	ction	•
Liquid Limit	% or symbol	NP	NP			
Plasticity Index	% or symbol	NP	NP			
Linear Shrinkage	%	0.0	0.0			
Max	imum Dry Dens	ity and Optimur	m Moisture Con	tent - TMH1 - M	ethod A7	
Maximum Dry Density (kg/m³)		1856	1843			
Optimum moisture content		9.6	8.8			
	Cali	fornia Bearing R	atio - TMH1 - M	ethod A8	•	•
CBR @100% Compaction	%	20	37			
CBR @ 98% Compaction	%	18	32			
CBR @ 97% Compaction	%	17	30			
CBR @ 95% Compaction	%	17	23			
CBR @ 93% Compaction	%	16	17			
CBR @ 90% Compaction	%	15	11			
Swell @100% Compaction	%	0.0	0.0			
TRH 14 Classification (1989	5) <sup>**</sup>	G7	G7			
AASHTO Classification (Group Index)**		A-3 (0)	A-2-4 (0)			
Unified Classification **		SP-SM	SM			
			aduand avant in ful		opposit of CEOSLIBI	

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\*Subject to further testing as required by TRH14. Remarks:

Report31243 Page 26 of 30

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P.O. Box 1461, Westville 3630

Mobile: +27(0)72 870 2621 Fax: 086 684 9785 Tel.: +27 (0)31 701 9732 email: lab@geosure.co.za **HEAD OFFICE:** 

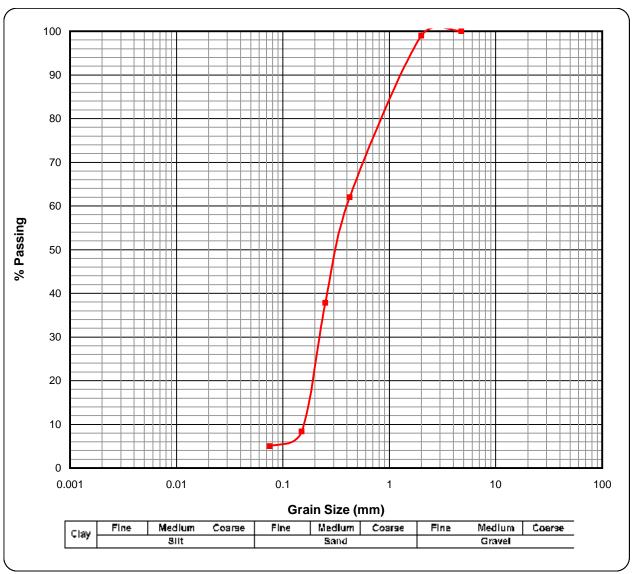
122 Intersite Avenue, Umgeni Business Park, Durban, 4091, KwaZulu Natal, South Africa.
Tel: +27 (0)31 266 0458 Fax: 086 689 5506 email: geosure@iafrica.com www.geosure.co.za

 Client
 : Aecom
 Your Ref No.: 

 Project
 : Southern Waste Water Treatment Works
 Our Ref No.: 19213

 Attention
 : Ms R.Naidoo
 Date Reported : 21/10/2014

#### Grading Curve for Sample 31243 - TMH1 Method A1 (a)



Thick Red Line is the Grading Curve (TRH 14 Classification = G7)

Sieve Aperture Size 0.075 0.150 0.250 0.425 2.00 4.75 13.2 19.0 26.5 37.5 53 63 7
Percentage Passing 5% 8% 38% 62% 99% 100%

Report31243 Page 27 of 30



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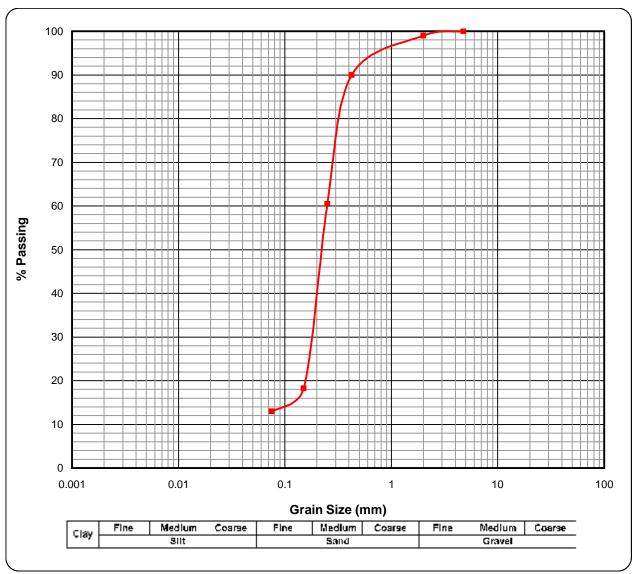
122 Intersite Avenue, Umgeni Business Park, Durban, 4091, KwaZulu Natal, South Africa.
Tel: +27 (0)31 266 0458 Fax: 086 689 5506 email: geosure@iafrica.com www.geosure.co.za

 Client
 : Aecom
 Your Ref No.: 

 Project
 : Southern Waste Water Treatment Works
 Our Ref No.: 19213

 Attention
 : Ms R.Naidoo
 Date Reported : 21/10/2014

#### Grading Curve for Sample 31254 - TMH1 Method A1 (a)



Thick Red Line is the Grading Curve (TRH 14 Classification = G7)

Sieve Aperture Size 0.075 0.150 0.250 0.425 2.00 4.75 13.2 19.0 26.5 37.5 53 63

Percentage Passing 13% 18% 60% 90% 99% 100%

Report31243 Page 28 of 30



LABORATORY:

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Your Ref No. Client

**Project** : Southern Waste Water Treatment Works Our Ref No. : 19213

> **Date Reported** : 30 October 2012

#### Moisture/Density Relationship (TMH1: Method A7)

Sample No. : 31243 Field No. Depth (m)

Natural/Stabilised : Natural Origin

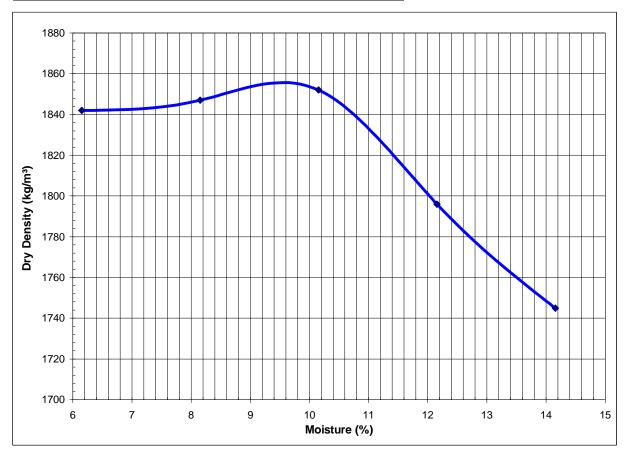
Material Description Compaction Effort : Mod AASHTO

Maximum Dry Density (kg/m³) 1856 **Optimum Moisture Content (%)** 

Plotted Values:

Attention :

Moisture (%)	6.2	8.2	10.2	12.2	14.2
Dry Density (kg/m³)	1842	1847	1852	1796	1745





LABORATORY:

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Your Ref No. Client

**Project** : Southern Waste Water Treatment Works Our Ref No. : 19213 Attention :

**Date Reported** : 30 October 2012

#### Moisture/Density Relationship (TMH1: Method A7)

Sample No. : 31254 Field No.

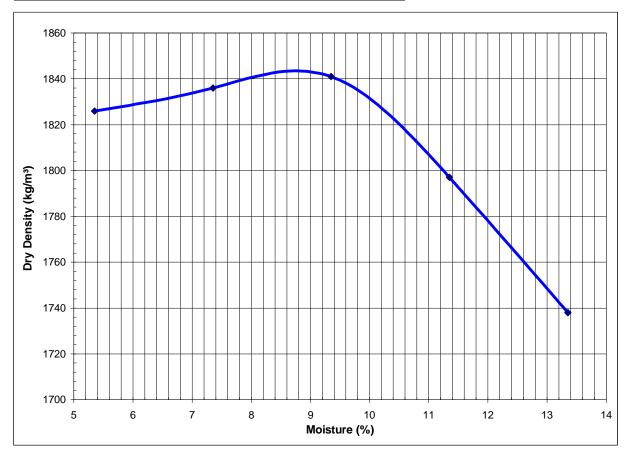
Depth (m) Natural/Stabilised : Natural Origin

Material Description Compaction Effort : Mod AASHTO

Maximum Dry Density (kg/m³) 1843 **Optimum Moisture Content (%)** 8.8

Plotted Values:

Moisture (%)	5.4	7.4	9.4	11.4	13.4
Dry Density (kg/m³)	1826	1836	1841	1797	1738

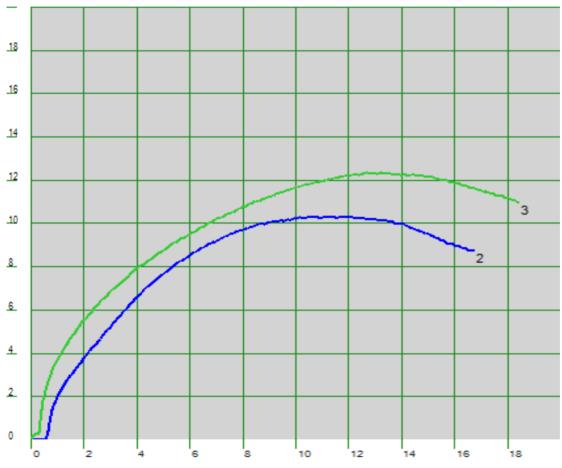


# TRIAXIAL TESTS RESULTS

## Test Report

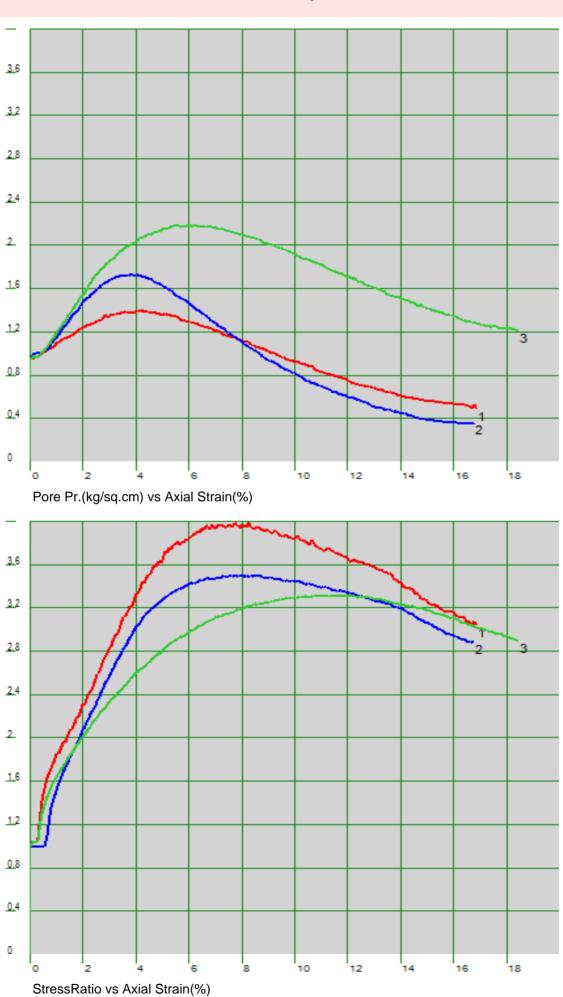
#### Project Description

Test Type	CUBar Test
Project Id	Aecom
Project Site	(GEO-199) SWWTW
Soil Type	(910) Grey slightly clayey silty SAND-Estuarine
Remarks	BH5 (11.08-11.47m)
	Specimens were tested at 200, 400 & 600kPa

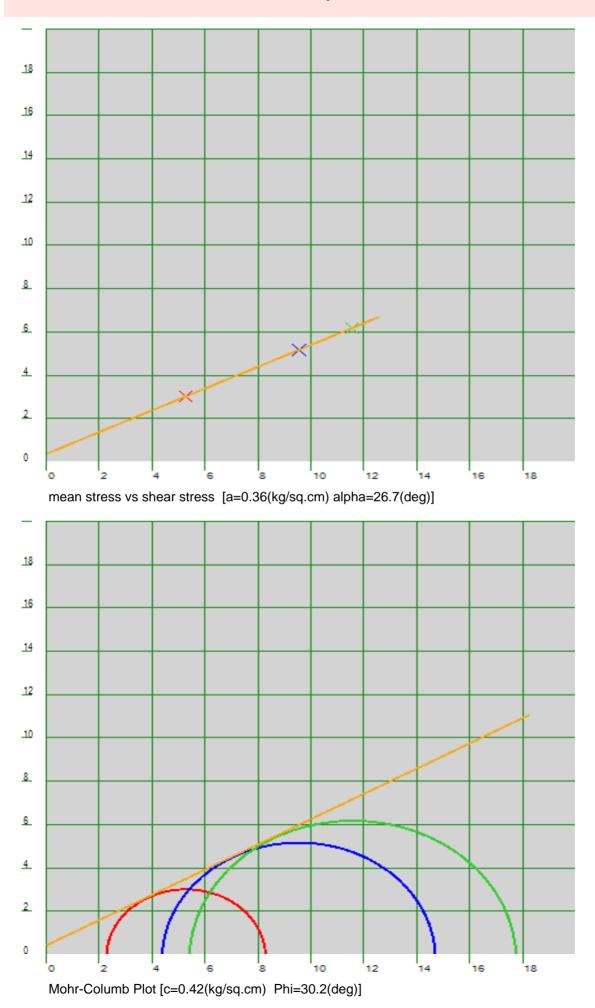


Deviatric Stress(kg/Sq.cm) vs Axial Strain(%)

## Test Report



## Test Report



# CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS



<u>LABORATORY</u> <u>HEAD OFFICE</u>

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Fax: 086 684 9785 e-mail:geosure@iafrica.com

e-mail: lab@geosure.co.za

 Client:
 Aecom
 Job No:
 GEO-199

 Project:
 SWWTW
 Sample No.:
 909

 Attentions
 Page Project In the Project In the

 Attention:
 Date Reported :
 2014/12/18

 Road / Section :
 BH01
 Depth:
 11.3-11.76m

 Data Processed By:
 Mr D. Chetty
 Date Tested:
 14.10.2014

#### **One Dimensional Consolidation**

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#### Sample Description:

Greyish black silty CLAY-Estuarine

#### Preparation of Specimen:

Test specimen was carved from a shelby tube sample.

#### **Dimensions of Specimen:**

60mm Diameter X 20mm Height

Bulk Density (kg/m³):	1749
Moisture Content (%):	46.4
Dry Density (kg/m³):	1194
Initial Void Ratio:	1.016
Degree of Saturation (assumed) (%):	100.0
Specific Gravity (measured):	2.41

Applied		Parameter					
Pressure	е	OCR	$m_v (m^2/Kn)$	c <sub>v</sub> (m²/year)	t <sub>50</sub> (min)	t <sub>90</sub> (min)	k (m/s)
0	1.016						
25	1.009	ı	1.24E-04	3.388	3.06	14.06	1.31E-10
50	0.997	ı	2.38E-04	5.037	2.04	9.00	3.73E-10
100	0.975	ı	2.29E-04	2.525	4.00	16.00	1.79E-10
200	0.937	ı	1.98E-04	2.985	3.28	11.90	1.84E-10
400	0.892	ı	1.18E-04	5.550	1.69	6.25	2.04E-10
800	0.820	ı	9.86E-05	3.278	2.69	12.53	1.00E-10
1600	0.658	ı	1.22E-04	0.733	10.56	45.56	2.78E-11
800							
400		·					
200		·					



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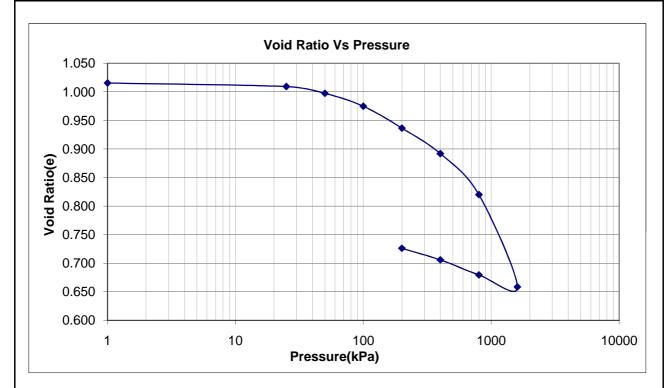
Fax: 086 684 9785 e-mail:geosure@iafrica.com www.geosure.co.za

e-mail: lab@geosure.co.za

Client: Job No: GEO-199 Aecom Project: **SWWTW** Sample No. 909 Date Reported: 2014/12/18

Attention:

Road / Section: **BH01** Depth: 11.3-11.76m Data Processed By: **Date Tested:** Mr D. Chetty 14.10.2014



Notes:

**Dhiven Chetty** Laboratory Technician

(page 2 of 3)



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Client: GEO-199 Job No: Aecom 909 Project: **SWWTW** Sample No.

Attention: Date Reported:

2014/12/18 Road / Section: BH01 Depth: 11.3-11.76m Data Processed By: **Date Tested:** Mr D. Chetty 14.10.2014

#### **Appendix**

#### **Definitions:**

е	void ratio
OCR	overconsolidation ratio
$m_v$	coefficient of volume compressibilty
C <sub>v</sub>	Coefficient of consolidation
t <sub>50</sub>	time taken for 50% consolidation
t <sub>90</sub>	time taken for 90% consolidation
k	coefficient of permeability
Сα	coefficient of secondary compression

Disclaimer: Please note that all values were done manually by hand calculation. All settlement graphs are available on request for own interpretation.

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